THE Bombay Gazette.

No. 55,446—NEW SERIES. BOMBAY:—FRIDAY, SEPTEMBER 22, 1911. PRICE: ONE ANNA

LIBRARY OF THE BOMBAY BRANCH OF THE ROYAL ASIATIC SOCIETY

SHIPPING.

PENINSULAR AND ORIENTAL S. N. COMPANY.

LIST OF DEPARTURES FROM BOMBAY FOR MARSEILLES & LONDON

WITH LIBERTY TO CALL AT BRINDISI AND MALTA.

Date of Sailing	Steamer.	Tons.	Connecting at Aden with	Tons
4 Sept	EGYPT	8003	....	...
9 "	SALSETTE	6003	MOOLTAN	10950
9 Octr	ARABIA	8000	....	...
11 "	SALSETTE	6000	MALWA	11000
11 "	PERSIA	8000	....	...
11 "	MANTUA	11000	CHINA	8000
2 Nov.	DELHI	8000	....	...
2 "	SALSETTE	6000	MACEDONIA	10500
2 "	MOREA	11000	....	...
2 "	SALSETTE	6000	MARMORA	10500
2 Dec.	EGYPT	8000	....	...
2 "	SALSETTE	6000	INDIA	8000
2 "	ARABIA	8000	....	...
2 "	SALSETTE	6000	MOLDAVIA	10000
2 "	MALOJA	11000	....	...

The above Steamers convey Passengers to Marseilles, Plymouth and London.

Passengers for Brindisi tranship to a connecting Steamer at Port Said.

The "MANTUA" proceeds direct to LONDON from MALTA and passengers for MARSEILLES tranship at PORTSAID to the "CHINA."

Tenders leave the CARNAC BUNDER on day of sailing. All passengers must attend at that place by 1 P. M. for Medical Inspection by the Health Officer of the Port.

Friends of Passengers cannot go on board the Mail Steamer.

HOMEWARD PASSENGER SEASON 1912.

4th Jan.	SALSETTE	6000	MONGOLIA	10000
8th "	PERSIA	8000	....	...
8th "	SALSETTE	6000	MOOLTAN	10000
8th "	OCEANA	7950	....	...
3rd Feb.	SALSETTE	6003	MALWA	11000
8th "	CHINA	8000	....	...
8th "	SALSETTE	6000	MANTUA	11000
8th "	EGYPT	8000	....	...
8th Mar.	MACEDONIA	10950	....	...
8th "	ARABIA	8000	....	...
8th "	SALSETTE	6003	MOREA	11000
8th "	*ARCADIA	7000	....	...
8th "	PERSIA	8000	....	...
8th "	MARMORA	10500	....	...
8th April.	MOOLTAN	10000	....	...
8th "	SALSETTE	6003	MOLDAVIA	11000
8th "	MANTUA	11000	....	...
8th "	SALSETTE	6000	MALOJA	12500
8th May,	EGYPT	8000	....	...
8th "	SALSETTE	6000	MONGOLIA	12000
8th "	ARABIA	8000	....	...

All the above Mail Steamers are fitted with WIRELESS TELEGRAPHY.

* INTERMEDIATE PASSENGER STEAMER.

The S.S. "ARCADIA," 7,000 tons, will leave BOMBAY, at 2 p.m., on WEDNESDAY, 20th MARCH, 1912, direct for MARSEILLES, PLYMOUTH and LONDON, conveying Passengers in ONE CLASS only at SPECIAL FARES.

	Single.	Return.
To Marseilles	Rs. 495 or Rs. 591	Rs. 743 or Rs. 891
To London by Sea	Rs. 528 or Rs. 627	Rs. 792 or Rs. 940

TO COLOMBO, STRAITS, CHINA, AUSTRALIA AND NEW ZEALAND.

The Company's Steamers leave Bombay fortnightly for Colombo, Straits, China and Japan, and Return Tickets are issued on favourable terms.

For Accommodation and further information, apply to

W. O. SYMES, Superintendent.

Bombay.

GRINDLAY, GROOM & CO.,

AGENTS, ARMY, & PASSENGER AGENTS, BOMBAY.

PASSAGE & SHIPPING.

PASSAGES Booked without charge,

BERTHS Carefully Selected.

STEAMER PLANS Sent for Inspection.

HANDBOOK Giving details of Fares, Sailings, &c., gratis,

BAGGAGE Shipped and Insured.

PASSENGERS Met on arrival.

CALCUTTA: GRINDLAY & Co.

LONDON: GRINDLAY & Co.

SOCIETA NAZIONALE DI SERVIZI MARITTIMI (RUBATTINO LINE.)

BOMBAY to NAPLES and GENOA direct.

FOR BRINDISI and VENICE Transhipping at PORT SAID.

Vessels.	Tons.	Captains.	To sail on
R. Rubattino	4,580	D. Maganzini.	15th Oct. 1911
D. Balduino	4,580	L. Mancini.	15th Nov. 1911

RATES TO THE ABOVE PORTS INCLUSIVE OF WINE, BEER AND FANS.

	1st Class	2nd Class	3rd Class
Single Tickets	Rs. 500	Rs. 350	Rs. 165
Return Tickets available two years	Rs. 750*	Rs. 525	Rs. 247-8

* Inside Cabins, Rs. 450 Single and Rs. 600 Return.

Through and Return Tickets to LONDON on application.

Through tickets to New York in connection at Naples, or Genoa, 1st Class, Rs. 747; Special Rates for Missionaries. Passengers for Europe have the option of going via Genoa and returning via Venice or vice versa, and can break their journey at any port en route.

INTERCHANGEABLE RETURN TICKETS

are issued to return either by the Messageries Maritimes from Marseilles or by the Austrian Lloyd from Trieste.

BOMBAY to COLOMBO, PENANG, SINGAPORE AND HONGKONG.

Vessels.	Tons.	Captains.	To sail on
Caprl	6,000	P. Figari	16th Oct. 1911
Ischia	6,000	G. Boisito	16th Nov. 1911

Fares to COLOMBO Rs. 75, to PENANG Rs. 140 to SINGAPORE Rs. 165 and to HONGKONG Rs. 180.

Through bills of lading for Mediterranean Black Sea, and American Ports issued, subject to alterations.

For further particulars apply to—

G. DEGROSSI, Agent,

Sig. Binda to Circle.

SHIPPING.

BRITISH INDIA STEAM NAVIGATION COMPANY, LD.

INTEND TO DESPATCH STEAMERS AS FOLLOWS:—

FOR KARACHI.

Weekly from Victoria Dock.

Steamer.	Tons.	Sailing. Date.	Time.	Route via.
Dwarka	1695	Fri. 22nd Sept.	6 a.m.	† direct.
Linga	2134	Mon. 25th Sept.	9 a.m.	‡via P. D. & C. M.
Dumra	1695	Thurs. 28th Sept.	9 a.m.	*via C. M.

†Or later on arrival of English Mail Steamer, ‡Porbunder, Dwarka and Cutch Mandvie. *Cutch Mandvie.

FOR KARACHI AND BUSREH (Weekly).

S. S. "Kassra," 1195 tons, on Thursday, 21st Sept. calling at Muscat, Linga, Bushire, and Mahomera.

FOR PERSIAN GULF PORTS.

S. S. "Malda," 1951 tons, on Wednesday 27th Sept., calling at Verawal, Mangrol, Karachi, Muscat, Bunder Abbas, Linga, and Bushire.

FOR EAST AND SOUTH AFRICA. (Monthly.)

S. S. "Palamcotta," 3413 tons, on or about 5th October, calling at Seychelles, Mombasa, Zanzibar, Mozambique, Beira, Delagoa Bay and Durban.

FOR COAST PORTS AND CALCUTTA.

S. S. "Lawada," 3269 tons, on or about 23rd September,

FOR RANGOON OR CALCUTTA (Direct).

Frequent sailings with onward connections to ports in Arracan, Burma, Straits Settlements, Mauritius, Australia, and New Zealand.

Terms and rates of freight and passage may be arranged with

MACKINNON, MACKENZIE & CO., Agents, BOMBAY.

22nd September, 1911.

COMPAGNIE DES MESSAGERIES MARITIMES, FRENCH MAIL STEAMERS.

TO MARSEILLES.

Vessels.	Tons.	Captains.	To Sail on THURSDAY
Australien	6,365	...Aumeran	...28th Sept. 1911.
Nera	5,538	...Casanova	...26th Oct. 1911.
Oceanien	4,143	...J. Cousin	...23rd Nov. 1911.
Yarra	4,142	...Rosati	...21st Dec. 1911.
Polynesien	6,363	...Brano	...18th Jan. 1912.
Ville de la Ciotat	5,378	...Escheman	...15th Feb. 1912.

INTERCHANGEABLE TICKETS.

RETURN TICKETS can be made available for outward by the Messageries Maritimes, and the Return Voyage by the Austrian Lloyd's or the Navigazione General Italiana's at Reduced Fares.

TO AUSTRALIA DIRECT AND THE FAR EAST, TRANSHIPPING AT COLOMBO.

Vessels.	Tons.	Captains.	To Sail on or about
Yarra	4142	...Rosati	...6th Oct. 1911.
Polynesien	6363	...Brano	...4th Nov. 1911.

For further particulars apply to—

J. de COURTOIS, Agent.

Albert Building Hornby Road.

ANCHOR LINE.

REGULAR SAILING FROM BOMBAY TO MARSEILLES AND LIVERPOOL.

The following SAILINGS have been arranged:—

ANCHOR LINE SAILINGS.

HOMEWARD PASSENGER SEASON, 1911.

Steamer.	Tonnage.	Captain.	Leave Bombay.
Circassia	6716	C F Osborne R N R	12th Oct. 1911
Scindia	5106	Wm. Kelso	21st " "
Castalia	6338	J. Hamilton	4th Nov. "
Elysia	6363	A. Haig	18th " "
Massilia	5091	J. Thomson	4th Dec. "
Olympia	5124	R. H. Brown, R.N.R	20th " "
Circassia	6716	C. F. Osborne R.N.R.	3rd Jan. 1912
Scindia	5105	W. Kelso	23rd " "
Castalia	6338	J. Hamilton	7th Feb. "

HOMEWARD PASSENGER SEASON 1912.

			Leave Bombay about.
Elysia	6333	A. Haig	23th Feb. 1912
Massilia	5091	J. Thomson	9th Mar. "
Olympia	5124	R H. Brown, R.N.R.	24th " "
Circassia	6716	C.F. Osborne R.N.R.	8th Apr. "
Scindia	5105	Wm Kelso	23rd " "
Castalia	6338	J. Hamilton	4th May "
Elysia	6363	A. Haig	17th " "
Massilia	5091	J. Thomson	3rd June "

Schedule of the revised rates of fares from Bombay Homeward ports by the Anchor Line steamers:—

	Single.	Return
Bombay to Suez	Rs. 413	627
Bombay to Portsaid	" 446	677
Bombay to Marseilles and back from Liverpool	" 578	924
Bombay to London Overland from Marseilles and back from Liverpool	" 653	999
Bombay to Gibraltar	" 590	891
Bombay to Liverpool	" 695	937
Bombay to New York	" 803	1,349
Bombay to Cairo, including train fare from Suez	" 446	

All return tickets are available for 2 years.

Concessions granted to families, Railway employees, Hospital Nurses, Missionaries, Tea planters, &c.

Each steamer carries a duly qualified surgeon and experienced Stewardess and is fitted with every comfort.

All steamers have electric lights and electric fans in every cabin free of charge.

Officers of the Army are exempted from the penalty attached to overstaying their leave by reason of delay in arrival of steamer, provided it is timed to arrive within the period of their leave.

The advertised rates to Europe include a passage by B. I. S. N. Co.'s steamer between Karachi and Bombay For any further information regarding passage apply to the undersigned.

W. & A. GRAHAM & Co., AGENTS, Bombay

SPECIAL OFFER.

COMMERCIAL ENVELOPES.—"Gazette Commercial," of the following sizes:—

9½ inch by 4½ inch ...Rupee 1 per hundred*
9½ inch by 4½ inch ...Annas 14 per do. *
* If printed on flap there will be an additional charge of Re. 3 per 1,000.

5 13-16 inch by 3 3/8 inch, Re. 2½ per thousand*
* If printed on flap Rs. 4 per thousand.

SHIPPING.

DEUTSCHE OST AFRIKA LINIE. (GERMAN EAST AFRICA LINE)

Regular Fortnightly service from BOMBAY to DURBAN via ZANZIBAR.

THE following steamers will SAIL:—

Steamers.	Tons.	Capt.	To Sail on or about
a Praesident	3,310	Bremer	27th September,
a Markgraf	3,280	Ible	18th October.

Taking passengers and cargo for LAMOO, MOMBASA, ZANZIBAR, GERMAN and PORTUGUESE COAST PORTS and DURBAN.

a Will carry also cargo and passengers for Cape Ports
b Will call at Seychelles.

For Rates and Particulars apply to—

A. STRANDES & Co., Agents.

14, Medow Street, Bombay 25th August, 1911.

BANKS.

COX & CO., BANKERS AND AGENTS.

BOMBAY, RAWAL PINDI, KARACHI, MURREE, AND SRINAGAR (KASHMIR)

CALCUTTA BRANCH will open 1st November, in Bankshall Street.

BANKING BUSINESS of every description transacted,
CURRENT ACCOUNTS opened and FIXED DEPOSITS received, rates of INTEREST to be obtained upon application,
SAVINGS BANK ACCOUNTS opened, terms on application,
LETTERS OF CREDIT issued, and DRAFTS granted on London at the Current Rate of Exchange, and on Branches and Agencies throughout India,
TELEGRAPHIC REMITTANCES made and ADDRESSES Registered in London free of charge,
INSURANCES of every description effected,
SHIPPING, PASSAGE AND AGENCY BUSINESS of every description, including IMPORT and EXPORT of CARGO and BAGGAGE, with STORAGE of Baggage and other goods, effected by COX'S SHIPPING AGENCY, Limited, in connection with Messrs Cox & Co., SAILING LISTS and HANDBOOK supplied on application,
A copy of the half yearly Balance Sheet will be forwarded on application.

HEAD OFFICE:
16, CHARING CROSS, LONDON, S. W.

INTERNATIONAL BANKING CORPORATION.

HEAD OFFICE: NEW YORK.

Capital paid up.....Gold $ 3,250,000,000
RESERVE FUND and undivided profits.....Gold $ 3,460,398,39

LONDON OFFICE: 36, Bishopsgate, E.C.—

BRANCHES:

Bombay,	Cebu.	San Francisco,
Calcutta,	Shanghai.	Washington.
Singapore,	Hankow,	Mexico,
Hongkong.	Peking.	Panama,
Canton,	Yokohama,	Colon.
Manila.	Kobe,	Empire.

THE CORPORATION sells drafts and cable transfers on the principal cities of Europe, American Australia, China and Japan, buys Bills of Exchange, issues Letters of Credit, and carries on every description of Banking and Exchange business.

CURRENT DEPOSITS ACCOUNTS opened on which interest is allowed at 2 per cent. per annum on Daily Balances from Rs. 1,000 up to Rs. 1,00,000.

FIXED DEPOSITS received for 12 months on which interest is allowed at 4½ per cent. per annum and for shorter periods on terms which may be ascertained on application.

H. A. W. BRENT, Ag. Manager.

BOMBAY OFFICE, 42-43, Church Gate Street.

NATIONAL BANK OF INDIA, LD.

SUBSCRIBED CAPITAL... £ 2,000,000
PAID UP CAPITAL..... £ 1,000,000
RESERVE FUND..... £ 850,000

HEAD OFFICE:
26, BISHOPSGATE, LONDON E. C.

BRANCHES:

Calcutta,	Cochin,	Zanzibar,
Bombay,	Chittagong,	Mombasa,
Madras,	Rangoon,	Nairobi,
Karachi,	Mandalay,	Nakuru,
Lahore	Colombo,	Kisumu,
Amritsar,	Kandy	Jinja,
Delhi,	Nuwara-Eliya,	Kampala,
Cawnpore	Aden (Camp.)	Entebbe.
Tuticorin,	Aden, (Steamer Point)	

FIXED DEPOSITS.—The Bank receives DEPOSITS FIXED for one year and shorter periods, at Rates of Interest to be ascertained on application.

CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS are opened for a proved Customers, and interest is allowed at 2 per cent, per annum on daily balances from Rs. 1,000 up to Rs. 1,00,000, but no interest is allowed when the sum accrued does not amount to Rs. 5 half-yearly.

BILLS OF EXCHANGE, payable in the principal Cities of Europe, India, China, Africa, and Australia purchased or collected,

DRAFTS are granted on the Head Office and Branches of the Bank and on the principal Cities of Europe, Africa, America, and Australia. Remittances may be made by telegram.

The Bank undertakes the purchase and sale of Government Securities, Stocks, and Shares and receive same for safe custody, realising Interest and Dividends when due,

LOANS and CASH CREDITS granted on approved Securities.

Post Box No. 141. W. J. K. HEGARTY
BOMBAY, Acting Manager.

ALLIANCE BANK OF SIMLA, LD.

CAPITAL (Paid up).....Rs. 20,00,000
RESERVE FUND (in Government Paper).....Rs. 28,50,000

HEAD OFFICE: SIMLA.

BRANCHES:

Calcutta, Bombay, Agra, Ajmere, Cawnpore, Darjeeling, Lahore, Mussoorie, Murree, Rawalpindi, and Umballa.

CORRESPONDENTS:

London, Edinburgh, Dublin, and in all the principal towns throughout India.

CURRENT ACCOUNTS opened and interest allowed at 2 per cent. per annum on daily balances from Rs. 500 up to Rs. 1,00,000, but no interest is allowed when the sum accrued does not amount to Rs. 5 half yearly.

FIXED DEPOSITS received and interest allowed at rates which can be ascertained on application.

SAVINGS BANK—Deposits received and interest allowed. Rules on application.

BANKING BUSINESS of every Description transacted RULES OF BUSINESS and full information obtainable upon application,

E. E. SAVI, Acting Agent,

Elphinstone Circle, BOMBAY.

"Give me the good old TIMEPIECE, if you please."—Platus.

ENGLISH-MADE, WATCHES AND CLOCKS.

The timekeepers which awaken the recollections of men like Tompion, Graham, Mudge, Arnold, Earnshaw or Harrison.

All who know the thoroughly sound

ENGLISH TIMEKEEPERS,

cannot but associate them with great durability, delicacy and perfect finish of movement and general cleanliness of craftsmanship-marked qualities, which appeal to many in the work of the English Watchmaker, but which are acknowledged as lacking in the cheap foreign machine-made productions.

MARCKS & Co., LTD.,

IMPORTERS OF ENGLISH AND FOREIGN-MADE WATCHES.

BOMBAY & POONA.

MONGINI BROTHERS.

THE FIRM FOR

WEDDING CAKES.
WEDDING CAKE ORNAMENTS.
WEDDING CAKE STANDS.
WEDDING CAKE BOUQUETS.
WEDDING CAKE WREATHS,
WEDDING CAKE BOXES.
WEDDING FLAGS.
WEDDING FAVORS.
WEDDING CRACKERS.
WEDDING RECEPTIONS.
WEDDING CONFETTI, Etc., Etc., Etc.

ILLUSTRATED PRICE LIST FREE ON APPLICATION.

25-27-29, Church Gate Street, BOMBAY.

Telegrams:—"MONGIBROS," Telephone No. 325.

PRICE Rs. 3.

THE Bombay Gazette

EXCHANGE TABLES.

(REVISED AND ENLARGED.)

STERLING INTO RUPEES.

RUPEES INTO STERLING.

ADVANCING BY 32NDS

FROM

1s. 3 3/4d. to 1s. 4 23/32d.

ALSO

Tables of Par Conversion—Commission—Interest—Decimal Values—Due Dates.

SECOND EDITION.

"THE BOMBAY GAZETTE" OFFICE,

2, GREEN STREET, FORT, BOMBAY.

1909.

CLARKES B. 41. PILLS.

A warranted cure for all acquired or constitutional Discharges from the Urinary Organs, in either sex. These famous Pills also cure Gravel, Pains in the Back and all Kidney Disorders. Free from mercury Forty years' success. Sold by all Chemists and Storekeepers throughout the world

TO PARENTS.

A COMFORTABLE HOME for CHILDREN of Anglo-Indians. Every care and attention Best Schools near. Terms Moderate, Reference kindly permitted to Mr. D. M. INGLIS, of Messrs. James Finlay & Co., Ltd, Bombay, and Mr. R. KENNEDY 35, Marine Lines Bombay.

SPECIAL NOTICE.

WE beg to bring to the notice of the public that when buying OLIVE OIL they should see that the same is the real produce of the OLIVE TREE as there are several kinds of so-called Olive oils which are only Cotton Seed Oil.

We as Agents for the world renowned FIRM of FERDINANDO NENCIONI of PISA (ITALY) who has been awarded a score of GOLD MEDALS for their produce at the Principal Exhibitions of the World are in a position to guarantee our OLIVE OIL, to be what it is actually called and to have no admixture whatever.

AVOID therefore the poisonous stuff and buy the genuine produce of OIL from the OLIVE TREE, obtainable only.

FROM

C. COLONNELLO SON & Co.,

105, MEDOWS STREET, FORT, BOMBAY

BATLIWALA'S AGUE MIXTURE & PILLS.

ARE A PROVED CURE Price Re. 1 each.

FEVER

BATLIWALLA'S TONIC PILLS

for pale people is a valuable remedy in all cases of overwrought brain work, impotency, weakness early stage of consumption and indigestion, etc, etc. Rs. 1-8 each.

BATLIWALLA'S TOOTH POWDER

is scientifically mixed with "Mayaphal" and English antiseptic drugs. Ans. 4, each.

BATLIWALLA'S RINGWORM OINTMENT

cures ringworm Dhobies itch etc. in a day. Ans. 4 each.

OF ALL DEALERS OR OF

DR. H. L. BATLIWALA J. P.

WORLI LABORATORY,

Dadar, Telephone No. 986.

BOMBAY.

B. O. C. KEROSINES { WATERLILY 150° F. CHUKKER 125° F. VICTORIA 125° F.

B. O. C. LUBRICATING OILS.

B. O. C. MOTOR OILS, A. & B.

MOTOR GREASES.

Specially Prepared for MOTOR-CARS, MOTOR CYCLES & BOATS.

BURMAH OIL COMPANY, LTD.

Agents:—SHAW, WALLACE & CO., BOMBAY

GRIMAULT & Co.'s

ENERGICAL SYRUP"

THE BEST NERVINE TONIC FOR BRAIN AND BODY.

IT is prescribed in cases of Nervous Exhaustion, Neurasthenia, Anæmia, Chlorosis to shorten convalescence, loss of manhood etc.

SOLE AGENTS:

V. C. DASTUR & CO.,

PRINCESS STREET, BOMBAY.

ROWLAND'S KALYDOR

FOR THE SKIN

known for nearly a century as the most soothing, healing, refreshing and emollient milk for the skin ever produced: it prevents and removes Freckles, Tan, Pimples, Spots, Redness, and Roughness of the Skin, soothes and heals irritation, cutaneous eruptions more effectually than any other preparation, and imparts a **matchless beauty** to the **complexion** unobtainable by any other means. Warranted harmless. Bottles 2s. 3d., 4s. 6d., and 8s. 6d. Sold by stores, chemists, and Rowlands, 67, Hatton Garden, London.

DR. DE ROOS' MEDICINES HAVE AN UNRIVALLED REPUTATION OF OVER FIFTY YEARS.

DR. DE ROOS' WORLD-FAMED GUTTÆ VITÆ

Or, LIFE DROPS.

The Great European Remedy for Nervous and Functional Exhaustion.

This extraordinary rejuvenating essence strengthens the vitality of the whole system, gives energy to the muscles, and speedily restores the impaired powers of life, imparting strength and manly vigour to the most debilitated and worn out constitution. Those who suffer from Premature Decay, or deficiency or the Vital Forces, owing to dissipation, worry, overwork, excesses, or any other cause, will find this medicine just what they require. Equally adapted for the studious and sedentary; the aged and infirm; the nervous and debilitated; as also for delicate females and weakly children. All sufferers from loss of appetite, nervous headache, lassitude, and despondency—too often accompanied with suicidal thoughts—should make immediate and fair unprejudiced trial of this wonderful medicine, which is daily effecting the most remarkable cures in patients who had been given up by the Faculty as incurable, and left to drag out the remainder of their existence a misery to themselves, and a continual anxiety to their friends. In all cases of nervous and functional debility, epilepsy, impurity and poorness of the blood, aversion to and incapacity for society, study, or business, giddiness, disturbed sleep, harassing dreams, loss of memory, and other symptoms, the result of self-acquired ailments that embitter and shorten life, it is truly unrivalled. To married persons especially, this preparation will prove invaluable, giving strength and vigour in place of lassitude and incompetency. Price 11s. or four times that quantity, 33s. per Bottle.

Dr. DE ROOS' COMPOUND RENAL PILLS, for Pains in the Back, Gravel, Lumbago, Gout, Rheumatism, Diabetes, and all Kidney Affections; weakness across the loins, Sandy or other Deposits, Discharges and Diseases of the Urinary Organs generally. Price 2s. 9d.

Dr. DE ROOS' VEGETABLE LIFE PILLS, for Indigestion, Biliousness, and all disorders of the Liver, Stomach, and Bowels; whilst as a universal family medicine for both sexes, and all ages, they are unequalled. 13½ and 2s. 9d. per Box.

Dr. DE ROOS' PILE AND FISTULA PILLS, the only reliable remedy for these annoying and painful ailments. The first dose gives relief, and in all ordinary cases a few days only are necessary to effect a cure. Price 2s. 9d. per Box.

Purchasers are particularly requested to see that every package of Dr. DE ROOS' Medicines bears the British Government Stamp, with the words, "WALTER DE ROOS, LONDON," impressed thereon in white letters on a red ground, and refuse worthless imitations frequently put forward by unscrupulous vendors for the sake of extra profit.

DEBILITATED and NERVOUS SUFFERERS should read the "Medical Adviser," by Dr. DE ROOS, on the secret causes of nervous debility, impotency, depression of spirits, and confirmed melancholy. Price 1s., post free from. Mr. LAWES, Medical Publisher, 64 Ward Court, Holborn, London, W.C., or obtainable of the Agents for Dr. DE ROOS' Medicines.

PUBLIC NOTIFICATIONS.

NOTICE TO ADVERTISERS.

The insertion of Advertisements in the "Bombay Gazette" is not guaranteed unless they are delivered at the office by 6 p.m. on the day preceding that on which they are to appear.

INDIAN TELEGRAPH DEPARTMENT.

NOTICE.

THE SERVICES of some non-Departmental Telegraphists may be REQUIRED, in the Central Telegraph Office, Bombay, during the period of the Delhi Durbar. The rate of pay offered will be Rs. 1-8 and Re. 2 per day according to men's qualifications in Morse sending and receiving. Intending applicants are requested to please apply in writing to the SUPERINTENDENT-IN-CHARGE, Central Telegraph Office, Bombay.

NOTICE.

NOTICE is hereby given under Article 149 of this Company's Articles of Association, that an Extraordinary General Meeting of the Shareholders of THE BANGALORE CHICKBALLAPUR LIGHT RAILWAY COMPANY will be held at the Company's Registered Office, in Chamarajpet Bangalore City, at 6-30 P.M., on FRIDAY, the 29th September, 1911, for the purpose of substituting the words "in the last quarter of each Calendar year on such date and for the words." Once a year not later than September in Article 51 of the Articles of Association. A further similar meeting will be held at the same time and place on SUNDAY, the 15th October, 1911, for the purpose of confirming the Resolutions passed at the first meeting above mentioned.

By Order of the Board,
K. RAMASWAMIAH,
Secretary.
Bangalore, 17th Sept., 1911.

NOTICE.

NOTICE is hereby given that a LOAN of Rs. 1,40,000 is REQUIRED, for the Estate of Raj Radha Ballab Choudhury Bahadoor and his brother Beowari Lal Choudhary of sherpur, District Mymensingh, which has recently been brought under the Court of Wards. Any one willing to raise the Loan at a moderate rate of interest on the mortgage of the property may apply to the Undersigned within a fortnight. The amount of brokerage required should be stated.

J. P. BLACKWOOD,
Collector.
Mymensingh Collectorate.
Dated the 2nd September, 1911.

BOMBAY BARODA AND CENTRAL INDIA RAILWAY.

DELHI CORONATION DURBAR.

NORTH-EAST ROUTE. Corridor—Restaurant Car Express between Bombay and Delhi, from 1st November.

NORTH-WEST ROUTE. Mail Train between Bombay and Delhi from 1st November, via Ahmedabad, Abu and Jaipur. Restaurant Car between Ahmedabad and Ajmer.

DOWN.	DOWN.
Bombay (Colaba) D. 22-0	Bombay (Colaba) D. 21-30
Delhi ..... A. 6-45	Delhi ..... A. 8-45
UP.	UP.
Delhi ..... D. 22-45	Delhi ..... D. 21-0
Bombay (Colaba) A. 7-20	Bombay (Colaba) A. 8-15

ADDITIONAL EXPRESS TRAINS will be run when necessary leaving Bombay in the evening and arriving at Delhi at a convenient hour in the morning.

Passengers holding RETURN TICKETS by the B. B. & C. I. Railway broad-gauge route to Delhi have the option of using the Metre-gauge route via Ahmedabad on either the outward or return journey.

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A Special Fast Express Goods Service will run daily by the Broad-gauge route for the conveyance of Motor Cars, Carriages, Horses, Furniture, etc.

FREDERICK W. HANSON,
General Traffic Manager.
Bombay, 3rd August, 1911.

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DURING the hot steamy Weather, when your Glasses persist in falling of your nose a pair of "REVLUC" FRAME fitted to your own lense will be found a great boon.

They are self-adjusting.
There is nothing to break.
They are always Horizontal.
They are the acme of comfort and very strong.
No slipping off the Nose.

Prices of Frames only, inclusive of fitting:—
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THE BANK receives DEPOSITS on the following terms:—

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Interest is allowed at the rate of THREE PER CENT. per annum on the minimum monthly balance not exceeding Rs. 5,000.

Copies of the Rules can be obtained on application to the Bank.

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Secretary and Treasurer.

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NEW and Second-hand English-built CARRIAGES for SALE.

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FURNITURE of the latest design for sale and on hire.

HOUSES FURNISHED with neat Furniture

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REPAIRS TO MOTOR CARS.—That is our speciality. No work too small, none too large. Honest and intelligent workmanship. No broken promises. THE UNIVERSAL ENGINEERING CO., 14, Hummam Street, Fort.

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JOHN MANCHOT'S LIE.
A MEXICAN LEGEND
&c., &c., &c.

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THE CRUSADERS.

TIME AND PRICES AS USUAL.

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THE following PRINTING PRESSES, MACHINERY and PLANT are to be SOLD immediately at a very LOW PRICE to make room for new Machinery in the "Bombay Gazette" Press:—

2 Type casting Machines.
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2 Treadle Machines.
2 Cutting Machines.
2 Very large Printing Machines.
2 Small Printing Machines
1 Backing Machine (for Bookbinding).
1 Large Press for Printing Copper Plates.
1 Lithograph Press.

The above can be seen in working order at the "Bombay Gazette" Press,

For Particulars and price, see the GENERAL MANAGER.

By Appointment to H. H. The Maharaja Gaekwad of Baroda.

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OCULISTS & OPTICIANS,
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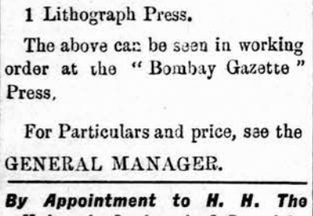

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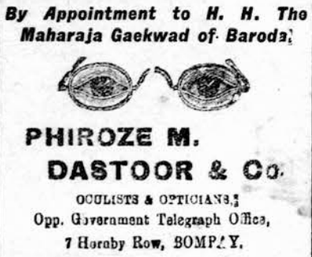

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BURMA AFTER THE CONQUEST.—By Grattan Geary. Re. 1, 8. Apply "Bombay Gazette" Office.

SPECIAL SHORT ADVERTISEMENTS.

Only Advertisement for Clerks, Servants, &c., Goods for Sale or Wanted are accepted in this Column.

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REPLIES will be sent "BEARING" unless amount to cover Postage is previously paid

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WANTED.—EUROPEAN, young, energetic and of good address TO CANVASS for ADVERTISEMENTS. One with previous experience preferred. Apply with credentials to GENERAL MANAGER, "Bombay Gazette."

MOTORISTS! Did you see our Aluminium Matting? If not, you should do so. Unlike rubber it is nonperishable and will keep tidy after years of service. The UNIVERSAL ENGINEERING Co., 14, Hummam Street, Fort.

MR. N. P. KHARAS writes:—Singer's Sewing Machines are proved satisfactory in all respects. They are so strong that they can hardly go out to order, and as far as the mechanical excellence is concerned they are best in the World.

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RAILWAY HOTEL, Bombay, Grant Road, near Moos Buildings. Give it a trial and you will never regret your visit. Board and Residence, Rs. 2 and 3 per day. Very easy terms for permanent residents. Splendid Bars, brand-new Billiard Tables. Dinner, Rs. 1-4-0; Tiffin, Re. 1-0-0; Breakfast, As. 12. Dinner served till late hours.

ROUNDABOUT BOMBAY. By James Douglas. Re. 5. Apply Box No. 408, care of "Bombay Gazette" Office.

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THE EMPIRE."—The file of the "BOMBAY GAZETTE" is available to enquirers at the office of "THE EMPIRE," LIMITED, No. 12 A, Mission Row, Calcutta, and the file of "THE EMPIRE" may be seen at the Office of the "Bombay Gazette, Limited, 2 Green Street, Fort, behind the Bank of Bombay.

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The rates for Subscribers are unaltered, viz., Rs. 37-8 per annum credit, or Rs. 30 in advance, post free.

SALES BY AUCTION.

CRAWFORD & COMPANY,
No. 16, APOLLO STREET.

IMPORTANT TO CAPITALISTS.

AUCTION SALE of valuable landed Property situate at Arthur Road, near Tardeo Bridge opposite Mr. Bhapoo's Ice Factory without the Fort.

H. C. O. O. C. J.
Suit No. 682 of 1909.

R. D. Sethna and another .....Plaintiffs.
vs.
Mahomedbhai Nensi Kheraj and others, Defendants.

Under instructions from R. D. Sethna, Esq., the Receiver appointed in the above suit by order of the Court, dated 20th September, 1909, in pursuance of the powers given to him in the Consent Decree made in the above suit on the 12th day of July, 1911, Messrs. CRAWFORD and Co., will sell by Public Auction on the day and at the time and place mentioned below, the following valuable landed property:—

Lot No. 3 Arthur Road Tardeo Property.
THIS DAY, FRIDAY, the 22nd
September, at 4-30 p. m.,
on the premises.

Particulars:—All that piece or parcel of Government land or ground and oasr with the messuage, tenement or dwelling-house or bungalow, standing thereon, situate lying and being on the western side of Arthur Road in the Island of Bombay in the Registration Sub-district of Bombay and containing by admeasurement 2177 square yards or thereabouts be the same little more or less and bounded as follows:—That is to say on or towards the north by the property of Cooverji Mody and Muncherji Framjee Cama, on or towards the east by the said Arthur Road, on or towards the south by the property of Meniohand Moolashaw and on or towards the west by the property of Jamangirji Nusserwanji, registered by the Collector of Land Revenue under Collector's Old No. 320, New No. 13840, Old Survey No. 448 and New Survey No. 2/3396 and assessed by the Collector of Assessment under "D" Wards No. 3883-3884 and Street No. 810 and which property is delineated with red coloured boundary on the plan annexed to the conveyance dated the 3rd day of December, 1880, made between Nanji Luda, of the one part and Nensey Khairaj and Rabimtulla Khairaj of the other part.

For further particulars and printed copies of conditions of sale, apply to Messrs. Matubhai Jamietram and Madan, Solicitors for the Receiver at their office, in Bell Lane, Fort or to the undersigned.

BONA-FIDE SALE.

Under instructions from the executors of the late Mr. W. Bullock, Messrs CRAWFORD and Co., will sell by Public Auction on Sunday, the 24th instant, at 2-30 p.m. (S.T.), at Bandora Hill, Bandora next to Khoja's sanitarium, valuable teak and blackwood household furniture such as dining table and chairs, sideboard wine-nots, partition screen, Singapore cane furniture, Cains vases, semi-grand piano by John Broadwood and Sons, iron bedsteads, cupboards, dressing and wash-hand tables, rubber-tyred victoria and horse, glass and crockeryware, garden plants, roller, etc.

The above is on view.

WEEKLY SALE.

On MONDAY, the 25th instant, at 2-30 p.m. (S.T.) Messrs. CRAWFORD & Co., will sell by Public Auction, at their Rooms, No. 16, Apollo Street, Fort, a quantity of grey, white and coloured piece-goods and the following:—

Furniture such as drawing-room suit of sofas and chairs single and double almyrahs, dressing, wash-hand and writing tables, cupboards, new phonographs, double door Austian safe, 1 Asbestos mirror door Chubb's safe, 20 by 22 by 22 inches.

By order of R. D. Sethna, Esq., Receiver in Suit No. 643 of 1911 (Budhan Gassum vs. Mariambai) gold and silver few coins, silver ornaments, woollen shawls cotton and silk saris, cholees, jari pichody, furniture' copper utensils, etc.

Under instructions from the Administrator-General of Bombay, the effects of the late Mr. K. O. Kraft, such as cupboards, chest-of-drawers with glass, taole, chairs, iron bedstead, wearing apparels, &c.

At 3 P.M. (S.T.)

Several gents' bicycles by different makers.

The property of a Parsee gentleman—

1 rubber-tyred light vis-a-vis, with a handsome bay Arab horse and harness.

Also 1, rubber-tyred office shigram.

1 rubber-tyred victoria.

By order of Mr. Firaji Mirzji Podkar, the transfer mortgagee and on account and at the risk of Mahomedbhai Esoofbhai Jariwalla, the mortgagor—

1-4 cylinder Beeston Humber, 15-20 H. P. six seated motor car, in working order.

1 single cylinder 4 seated 6 to 8 H. P. De Dion motor car, in working order.

CRAWFORD & Co.
Bombay, 22nd September, 1911.

BENNETT & COMPANY,
No. 22, APOLLO STREET.

THIS DAY, SATURDAY the 23rd instant at 3-30 p.m. (S.T.) Messrs. BENNETT and Co. will sell by Public Auction, at their Rooms, a quantity of grey and coloured piece-goods etc.

By order of Mr. Jasraj Behra and on account and risk of Bai Dinbai Bomanji Bhandak one semi-grand piano.

At 2 p.m. (S. T.)

1 handsome strong rubber tyred victoria, in good order.

1 second hand rubber tyred palanquin office shigram, in good order.

1 second hand glass fronted miniature office brougham in good order.

1 grey Arab, quiet in harness and saddle,

1 bay pony, quiet in harness.

1 handsome strong rubber tyred Madras built vis-a-vis, in very good order.

By order of the General Engineering Co. and on account and risk of Kumar Fateh Singh Bhosle of Nagpore.

One 14-16 H. P. 4 cylinder new "Darracque" car 1910 model London built 5 seated Body-De-Luxe, side entrance complete with hood, curtains, folding wind screen, two side and one tail lamps, jack pump, horn and tool bag.

On account and risk of the concerned—

One 14 H. P. 4-cylinder, 5 seated "Vulpes" French car, side entrance, painted green, condition good as new.

On SATURDAY, the 30th inst. at 2-30 p.m. (S. T.), Messrs BENNETT & Co. are instructed to sell by Public Auction at Cuffe Parade, Colaba Reclamation opposite the Colaba station (sea side) very valuable and handsome made to order household furniture by Roberts and Davji Canji rich glass, and crockeryware, best plateware by Elkington and Reed and Barton, made to order dining table, chairs and sideboards with mirror back by Davji Canji, blackwood drawing room suite in 10 pieces lined with French plush, Chesterfield sofa and chairs by Roberts, low chairs, marble top tables, English cabinets, palmstands, and writing tables, blackwood open carved chiffoniers teapoys, and stands, one nearly new cottage piano in very good order, rich carpets, corner cabinets, oil paintings and engravings, old china ware, parian, bronze, terracotta and Avata vases, rich silver Cloisonne vases, old bronze ware, old English Ormolu vase with glass dome, hanging, hall, wall and table lamps, wall clocks, single and double bedsteads, mirror door almyrahs, chest of drawers, dressing and wash-hand tables, teapoys, large chival glass by Davji Canji one iron safe, bicycle, aluminium utensils, &c., &c. The property of F. G. W. Dusar, Esq of Messrs. Mackinnon, Mackenzie and Co. and others.

Catalogues will be published and the property on view 4 days before the sale.

BENNETT & Co.
Bombay, 22nd September, 1911.

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This remarkable compound, the result of the latest developments and achievements of modern chemistry, pharmacology, and therapeutics, is without equal in all cases of defective nerve power, whether induced by worry, over-work, unhealthy climate, dissipation, excess, youthful imprudence, or other influences incidental to the wear and tear and haste or overstrain of modern life. Sleeplessness, trembings, palpitation, nervous dyspepsia, low spirits, mental and bodily prostration, muscular and local weakness, general and nervous debility, faulty nutrition, premature decay or deficiency of the vital forces, impaired vitality, harassing dreams, night disturbances, sudden startings, dimness of sight, defective hearing, loss of memory, inability to perform the various duties of life, or to enjoy the pleasures, restlessness that can settle to nothing, irritability of temper, female complaints, hysteria, painful periods, backache, bearing down sensations, nervous headache, wasting disease, night sweats, and all other phases of brain and nerve exhaustion, are successfully combated by this highly scientific preparation. Bracing up the system generally, it gives tone to the exhausted nerves, arrests all weakening wasting discharges, involuntary losses, &c.; restores the failing energies, and imparts new life and vigour to what had so recently seemed worn out, "used up," and valueless.

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CAUTION.—Ask for "VETARZO Brain and Nerve Food," or "VETARZO Blood Medicine," whichever is required, and see that you get them, as unprincipled vendors often try to palm off inferior preparations (usually their own manufacture), for the sake of extra profit. Every genuine bottle of these medicines bears the British Government Stamp with the words "VETARZO REMEDIES" impressed thereon, in white letters on a red ground, by direction of His Majesty's Hon. Commissioners. Registered Trade Mark "VETARZO." Legal proceedings will be taken against persons pirating.

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The Bank undertakes the purchase and sale of Government Securities, Stocks, and Shares, and receives same for safe custody, realising interest and dividends when due.

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COLOMBO	MALACCA	SOERABAYA
FOOCHOW	MANILA	TIENTSIN
HAMBURG	NAGASAKI	YOKOHAMA
HANKOW	NEW YORK	YUNGLO
HONGKONG	PEKING	

CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS.

Interest allowed at 2 per cent. per annum on Daily Balance of Rs. 1,000 to Rs. 100,000 provided the sum accrued amount to Rs. 5 half-yearly.

FIXED DEPOSITS

Are received for varying periods up to 12 months a term which may be ascertained on application.

Drafts granted on London and the chief Commercial places in Europe, India, Australia, America, China and Japan.

Credits granted, Bills purchased, and every description of Banking and Exchange business transacted.

J. A. JEFFREY,
Agent.
Carlton House, Outram Road, Bombay.

THE CREDIT BANK OF INDIA, LIMITED.

HEAD OFFICE:
"7, Green Street, Fort, Bombay."

BRANCHES:
Ahmedabad, Baroda, Bhawnagar, Hyderabad (Sind) Junagadh, Karachi, Mandvi (Bombay), Nadiad Rajkot, Sukker and Surat.

SUBSCRIBED CAPITAL
Rs. 50,00,000.

CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS.

CURRENT ACCOUNTS opened and interest allowed on daily balances from Rs. 100 to Rs. 1,00,000 at the rate of 2½ per cent. per annum, and on sums over Rs. 1,00,000 by special arrangement. No interest which does not amount to Re. 1 per half year will be showed.

SAVINGS BANK.

Interest allowed at 4 per cent. per annum, rules on application.

FIXED DEPOSITS.

Rates for Fixed Deposits for 12 months and shorter periods to be ascertained on application.

LOANS OVERDRAFTS AND CASH CREDITS.

The Bank grants accommodation on terms to be arranged against approved security.

The Bank undertakes on behalf of its constituents the safe custody of Shares and Securities and the collection of dividends and interests thereon; it also undertakes the sale and purchase of Government Paper and all descriptions of Stocks at moderate charges particulars of which may be had on application.

JAFFER JOOSAB,
Manager.

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THE EASTERN BANK LIMITED.

HEAD OFFICE:
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CAPITAL £1,000,000

BOARD OF DIRECTORS:
The Rt. Hon. LORD BALFOUR of Burleigh, K.
Sir JACOB E. SASSOON, Bart. (Messrs. Sassoon and Co.)
EMILE FRANCQUI (Director of the Banque Francaise.)
WALTER MURRAY GUTHRIE, Esq., (Director of the London Joint Stock Bank Ltd.)
JAMES LEIGH WOOD, Esq., C. M. G., (Messrs. Brown Shipley and Co.)
J. C. GEORGES BOUILLAT, (Director of Societe Generale de Paris).
J. S. HASKELL, Esq., (Messrs E. D. Sassoon & Co).

BOMBAY COMMITTEE
A. J. RAYMOND, Esq., Chairman.
Sir DINSHAW M. PETIT, Bart.
MATHURADASS GOCULDAS, Esq.

BOMBAY OFFICE:
Corner of Hornby Road and Church Gate Street.

CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS, Interest allowed at 2½ per cent. per annum on daily balances of Rs. 1,000 to Rs. 1,00,000 provided that the interest for the half year is not less than Rs. 5.

FIXED DEPOSITS.—The Bank receives deposits fixed for one year and shorter periods, at rates which may be ascertained on application.

BILLS OF EXCHANGE purchased, loans and credits granted on approved security and every description of Banking and Exchange business undertaken.

The purchase and sale of Government securities, stocks, and shares undertaken and dividends collected for constituents.

W. M. ANDERSON,
Manager.

THE YOKOHAMA SPECIE BANK, LIMITED.

ESTABLISHED 1880.

SUBSCRIBED CAPITAL ... Yen. 48,000,000
PAID-UP CAPITAL ... „ 30,000,000
RESERVE FUNDS ... „ 17,150,000

HEAD OFFICE:—YOKOHAMA.

BRANCHES AND AGENCIES AT:—

Astoria-Hotel	Fengtien (Mukden)
Bombay	Nagasaki
Calcutta	Newchwang
Changchun	New York
Dairen (Dalny)	Osaka
Hankow	Peking
Hongkong	Ryojun (Port Arthur)
Honolulu	San Francisco
Kobe	Shanghai
Liaoyang	Tiehling
London	Tientsin
Lyons	Tokyo

CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS are opened for approved customers, and interest is allowed at two per cent. per annum on daily balances of Rs. 1,000 upto Rs. 100,000, provided that the amount of half-yearly interest is not less than Re. 5.

FIXED DEPOSITS are received for one year and shorter period as may be ascertained on application.

Every description of BANKING and EXCHANGE business transacted.

N. IGARASHI,
Manager.

Post Box No. 207,
Hornby Road, Fort, Bombay.

CHARTERED BANK OF INDIA, AUSTRALIA AND CHINA.

INCORPORATED BY ROYAL CHARTER.

CAPITAL £1,200,000
RESERVE FUND £1,920,000
RESERVE LIABILITY OF SHAREHOLDERS £1,200,000

HEAD OFFICE:
38, Bishopsgate, London E. C.

AGENCIES AND BRANCHES:

Bombay	Ipoh (Perak, F. M. S.)	Manila
Calcutta	Kedah Deli (Sumatra)	Oiba
Madras	Singapore	Hongkong
Rangoon	Malacca	Canton
Colombo	Kuala Lumpur (F. M. S.)	Foochow
Kandy	Klang (F. M. States)	Shanghai
Carroll	Seremban (F. M. States)	Tientsin
Amritsar	Bankok	Yokohama
Penang	Batavia	Kobe
Tanjong (Penang, S. S.)	Soerabaya	New York
	Belgium	

THE CORPORATION grant DRAFTS on the above Agencies and Branches, and also on the Principal Commercial Cities throughout the world; buy and receive for collection BILLS OF EXCHANGE; issue TRAVELLING LETTERS OF CREDIT; and undertake general Banking Business of every description.

CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS.—Interest is allowed at 2 per cent. per annum on the minimum Monthly Balances, if not under Re. 1,000 and not exceeding Rs. 1,00,000, but no interest is allowed when the sum accrued does not amount to Re. 1 half yearly.

Amounts above Rs. 1,00,000 will be received on terms which may be ascertained upon application.

GOVERNMENT SECURITIES, STOCKS, and SHARES, bought and sold on account of clients, and also received for safe custody and collection of Interest and Dividends when due.

FIXED D

DAILY MARKET REPORT.

LONDON MARKETS.

LONDON, Sept. 20.] [BOMBAY, Sept. 21.

FINANCIAL.

	Rates.	Plus.	Minus.
3 ½ per cent. Consols ...	76 3-4		1-16
do. Rentes ...	92 3-4	unchgd	
1-2 do. Sterling Loan ...	91 3-4	unchgd	
1-2 do. Gov. securities...	63 7-8	unchgd	
Bar Silver in London ...	24 1-2	1-16	
do. 2 months' hence...	24 3-8	1-16	
Bar Silver in New York ...	52 1-2	1-8	
Exchange on London at Paris ...	25-19 1-2		
do. do. at Berlin...	20-47	unchgd	
do. do. New York ...	4-86 1-8	1-8	
Discount Bank of England Rate...	3 p.c.	since	
do. Short London Bills	9th Mar.		
3 months' sight .	3 3-4	1-4	
do. Indian Bank Bills			
6 months' sight...	3 7-8	1-4	
do. 3 months' Fine trade Bills...	4 1-8	1-8	
do. 6 months' Fine Trade Bills...	4 1-2	1-8	
Interest day-to-day Loans ...	1 1-8	unchgd	
do. 7 day Market Loans...	1 1-2	unchgd	

Bar Gold 77-9 unchgd

Exchange on India, 30 days' sight (Bank's buying rate) 1 15-16 unchgd.

Closing Tone of Silver—Firm.—Quiet.

Amount paid into the Bank of England about £240,000.

COUNCIL BILLS.

At the periodical Sittings for Council Bills on India to-day for Rs. 60,00,000,

Rs. 45,70,000 were allotted to Calcutta
" 10,80,000 " to Bombay
" 1,50,000 " to Madras

Total Rs. 58,10,000

Tenders on Calcutta at 1s. 4 1-16d. (Min. Rate) received 93 per cent. above that rate in full.

Tenders on Bombay at 1s. 4 1-16d. (Min. Rate) received 93 per cent. above that rate in full.

Average rates of allotment, Calcutta and Bombay 1606.

Telegraphic Transfers :—

Rs. ..... were allotted to Calcutta.
" ..... " to Bombay.
" 1,90,000 " to Madras.

Total Rs. 1,90,000

Tenders on Calcutta at 1s. 4 3-32d. (Min. Rate) received 93 per cent. above that rate in full.

Tenders on Bombay at 1s. 4 3-32d. (Min. Rate) received 93 per cent. above that rate in full.

Average rates of allotment, Calcutta and Bombay 1609.

Total amount of Bills sold during the week ending Tuesday evening including last Public Sales, Rs. 60,00,000.

Amount to be allotted next week Rs. 60,00,000.

EXTRA ALLOTMENTS.—

Bills on Calcutta ... Rs. 39,910 at 1s. 4 3-32d.

COTTON.

LIVERPOOL—

Spot	Easier. Q iet.
Futures	... Easy.
East Indian	... .
Manchester	Quiet with a limited enquiry.
Total Sales	... 6,000 Bales.
Sold on Speculation and for Export	... 500 "
Imports	... 17,000 "
Mid-Americans	... 7-00—:1
Egyptian F. G. F. Brown	10 1-16 unchgd

FUTURE DELIVERY PRICES :—

Sept.-Oct.	Oct.-Nov.	Nov.-Dec.	Dec.-Jan.	Jan.-Feb
5-95	5-88	5-86	5-86	5-86
—13	—16	—16	—16	—16

Feb.-Mar.	Mar.-April.	April-May.	May-June.
5-88	5-90	5-91	5-93
—15	—15	—15	—15

New York Official noon call Oct. 10-80 Jan. 10-51.
New Orleans 10 a.m. Oct, 10-32 Jan. 10-89.

NEW YORK—

	Bales.
Receipts at all U.S. Ports	... 55,000
Receipts at U. S. Last year	... 35,000
Exports to Great Britain	... 7,000
Exports to Continent	... 13,000
Spot Cotton—	11-23—25
Futures—Month of Oct. 10-74 -25	Declined owing to bear pressure and liquidation and to weakness in Southern spot markets and to increased offerings.
Future—Month of Dec. 10-76 -31	

NEW ORLEANS—

Spot Cotton	... 11 3-8 unchgd
Futures—March of Oct.	... 10-75 —25
Do. do Dec.	... 11-16—26
Tone of Spot Cotton	... Dull.

Additional Cotton Quotations :—unchanged.

Grey shirtings 41-42 in. 38 yards 16×15 ...8-1
" " 44 in. 38—38 1-2 yds 9lbs...8-6
White " 40-41 in. 40 yards 18 sqr ...10-7
" nainsooks 43 in. 19 yards 22×21...6-10

YARN.

40s Banner Mill Twist	10 5-8
George Magall's Yarn	10 5-8

WHEAT.

Wheat White Karachi ...36 3-8 unchgd
Do. Months—Sept.-Oct.
Do. Name of Ports—London—Sellers.
Wheat Red Karachi ...Nominal.
Tone—Quiet.

SOUTH AMERICAN.

Rosario Santa Fe-62lbs. ...No Sellers.
Bahetta Russo 62 1-2lbs.— ...No Sellers

SOUTH AUSTRALIAN.

South Australian ...37
Do. Month—Oct.-Nov.—Sellers.
Victorian ...37
Do. Months—Oct.-Nov.—Sellers.
New South Wales ...37
Do. Months—Oct.-Nov.—Sellers.

SEEDS.

RAPESEED—

Yellow Cawnpore per 416 lbs 85 p.c ex-ship Nominal.
Yellow Gujarat, per 416 lbs. 85 p.c. ex-ship 55 1-2 unchgd
Do. Months—Oct.-Nov.
Do. Name of Ports.—Dunkirk.—Value.
Brown Cawnpore ...52 unchgd
Do. Months—Sept.-Oct.
Do. Name of Ports—Antwerp.—Value.
Tone of Rapeseed—Quiet.

LINSEED—

Bombay, per 416 lbs ex-ship ...75 5-8—3-8
Do. Months—Oct.-Nov.
Do. Name of Ports.—Dunkirk.—Do c.
Tone of Linseed—Quiet.
Linseed Argentine—La Plata ...63 1-4—5-8
Do. Months—Sept.-Oct.
Do. Name of Ports—Antwerp.—Sellers.

MISCELLANEOUS.

COPPER—

In New York Fair Rio Coffee (No. 7 quality)... ... ... 13 5-8 unchgd

RUBBER—

Para Rubber ...4 19 1-2—Sept.-Oct.—Sellers.—Dull.

METALS—

Copper Braziers	... £ 66 1-2
Yellow Metal	... £ 5 1-8
Standard Copper G. M. B.	... £ 55

FREIGHT—

Coals :—Cardiff to Bombay Canal ...Nominal.

BEEF & MUTTON TALLOW—

Finest Australian Beef Tallow ... 37
" " Mutton Tallow ... 40
General Tone of Tallow Auction—Easier.

Wool opening report :—
Total amount to be offered during sale 44,000.
Vicanere First White :—Unchanged.
" ordinary highest 9d.
" lowest 8d.
Condahra First White unquoted.
" ordinary highest 8 1-2d.
" " lowest 7 1-2d.
Bicanere White highest 8 1-2d.
" " lowest 7d.
Quiet.—Steady.

ARRIVALS—

"Torrington."

SUGAR—

German Granulated Sugar C & F India (Double bags) ... 10-9—Sellers.
Do. Months of Shipment...Oct.-Dec.
Tone—Easier.

Hungarian Crystals Sugar C & F India ...13 10 1-2—Nominal.
Do Months of Shipments ...Oct.-Dec.
Tone—Neglected and nominal.
German Beet-root 88 p.c. ...17 0 3-4—Sellers.
Months of Shipments ...October.
Tone—Easier. Steady at the decline.
E A B & Similar Crystal C & F India ...22 1 1-2—Nominal.
Months of Shipments ...Jan.-March.
Tone—Nothing offering.
Mauritius Crystals C & F Calcutta and Bombay ...17 7 1-2—Value.
Months of Shipments ...Sept.-Oct.
Tone—Quiet.

JAVA SUGAR.

Raw Java Nos. 16×18 C and F Calcutta ..... Sept.-Nov.—16 4 1-2—Value. July-Oct.—1912—13 3—Value.

Raw Java C and F Bombay and Karachi .... Do. do. .... Sept.-Nov.—16-6—Value. July-Oct.—1912—13 4 1-2—Value.

Fine White Java C&F Calcutta .... Do. do. .... Sept.-Nov.—17 1 1-2—Value. July-Oct.—1912—15 7 1-2—Value.

Fine White Java C and F Bombay and Karachi .... Sept.-Nov.—17-3—Value. July-Oct.—1912—15-9—Value.

General Tone—Neglected.

BOMBAY MARKETS.

THURSDAY EVENING.] [21st Sept. 1911.

EXPORTS OF BAR SILVER FROM BOMBAY BY RAIL on 19th Sept. 1911.

By	Bars	Ounces
G I P Railway	30	35,763
B B and C I Railway ...	35	41,626

FINANCIAL.

EXCHANGE :—We quote :—

T. T. on London	...1s. 4 1-32d. to 1-16d.
Demand Draft	...1s. 4 1-16d.
Credits 3 months' sight	...1s. 4 9-32d.
Do. do forward	...1s. 4 5-16d. 15 Oct.
Do. do France	...171
Do. do Marks	...139
Hongkong 60 days' sight	...133
Shanghai "	...176
Japan "	...151

GOVERNMENT PAPER :—

Ready...	Rs. 95 2 0
29th Sept	" 95 2 0
31st Oct	" 95 14 0

BULLION :—We quote :—

English Bar Gold	Rs 24 0 0
Australian "	" 24 0 0
Sovereigns "	" 15 0 0
Silver Ready ex duty ...	" 61 10 0
" 1st Settlement ...	" 61 9 0
" 2nd " ...	" 61 11 0

COTTON.

MARKET REPORT :—

The Home markets have further declined for want of confidence. The political affairs regarding Morocco are interfering with business. Exporters here continue to sell locally, but native merchants who were all along bullish are afraid to buy further, as both America and Liverpool are very nervous. Local mills are buying ready cotton very sparingly. Owing to a heavy decline in America and Liverpool prices here have declined Rs. 5 to 6.

QUOTATIONS :—

NEW CROP.

Good M G Broach	Rs.	306	March.
Fine M G Wardha Hinganghat	"	307	Jan.
Fine M C Nagpur	"	305	"
Fine M G Khamgaon-Akola...	"	295	"
Fine M G Khandeish ...	"	293	"
F. G. M. G. Khandeish ...	"	283	"
Fine M G Bengal	"	297	Nov.
Fine M. G. Bengal	"	294	Dec.
Fine M. G. Bengal	"	289	Jan.
F. G. H. G. Bengal	"	273	"

LIVERPOOL OPENER :—

Opening Tone	Easy.
Estimated Sales	6,000 bales
Total Imports	31,000 "

FUTURE DELIVERY PRICES :—

Sept.-Oct.	Oct.-Nov.	Nov.-Dec.	Dec.-Jan.
5 88	5 81	5 86	5 79
—07	—07	—05	—07

Jan.-Feb.	Feb.-Mar.	Mar.-April.	Apl.-May.	May-June
5 79	5 72	5 84	5 86	5 87
—07	—06	—06	—05	—05

SEEDS AND WHEAT.

LINSEED :—The market is quiet. We quote :—

Ready ...	Rs. 13 1 6 B.T.
Forward ...	" 12 4 6 B.T.

RAPESEED :—The market is easy. We Quote :—

Yellow Guzerat ready ...	Rs. 9 4 6 B.D.
Brown Etawah ready ...	" 8 9 0 "

GINGELLYSEED :—The market is quiet.

Bold White 85 p.c. ...	Rs. 59 0 0 B.T.
Yellow Hinganghat ...	" 65 0 0 "
Black Kutni ...	" 50 8 0 "

CASTORSEED :—Tone easy. We Quote :—

Ready ...	Rs. 7 13 0 B. T.

COTTONSEED :—Tone quiet. We Quote :—

Ready ...	Rs. 27 13 0

POPPYSEED :—Tone quiet but steady. We Quote :—

Ready ...	Rs. 11 1 0 B. T.

MOWRASEED :—Tone quiet. We quote :—

Ready ...	Rs. 7 6 0 B. T.

WHEAT :—The market qui t. We quote :—

White Pissi ready ...	Rs. 5 3 0 B. T.
" " Apr.-May...	Rs. 5 11 0 "

SHARES.

BANKS.

Bank of bombay	1,725
Bank of Burma	133
Bank of India	66 1-2
Eastern Bank	76 1-2
Indian Specie	51 1-4

MILLS.

David	351 1-4
Kohinoor	612 1-2
Manockji Petit	2,507 1-2
New Great Eastern	161 1-4
Standard	872 1-2

PRESSES.

Indian Cotton	137 1-2
New Mofussil	847 1-2

MISCELLANEOUS.

Bombay E. S. & T. C. Ordinary ...	140
Bombay E. S. & T. C. Preference...	174
Bombay Steam Navigation Ord....	295
Colaba Land and Mill	1,170
Treacher and Co	500

RAILWAY.

Tapti Valley 98 3-4

DAY'S RECEIPTS.

The following are the receipts of Produce into Bombay during the 24 hours ending at 6 p.m., yesterday :—

Cotton	312 bales
Wheat	33,388 cwts.
Linseed	4,653 "
Rapeseed	2,200 "
Gingellyseed	566 "
Poppyseed	8,029 "
Groundnuts...	Nil
Castorseed	2,333 "
Rice	12,421 "
Myrabollams	150 "
Cottonseed	14,935 "
Mowrasseed	2,679 "
Gram	7,466 "
Joowar	23,038 "
Maize	27 "

CALCUTTA MARKET REPORT.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

CACUTTA, Sept. 21.

The statement of the jute forecast figures, made for a higher rate of values in the jute market and a fair business was done at Rs. 47 and 46-8. This afternoon the gunny market, too, stiffened up and closed firm. Only a little better demand is required to send up prices materially. In the money market there was not a great deal of doing and the share market was very quite.

There is no change in the Bank of Bengal rate.

DOMESTIC OCCURRENCES.

THE Charge for Announcement of BIRTHS, MARRIAGES, DEATHS and MEMORIAM NOTICES, which must be authenticated by the name and address of the sender, Rs. 2 for six lines or less, and Rs. 2 for every additional line. Cash strictly in ADVANCE.

OTHER PRESIDENCIES.

MARRIAGE.

PULLEY—BARNETT—September 11, at All Saints Church, Shillong, by the Rev J H Drawbridge, Owen Christopher Pulley, Indian Army, youngest son of Colonel C Pulley, C B, to Julia, second daughter of the late Lieut-Col E R de B Barnett.

DEATH.

ALDERTON—September 16, at Cotacamund, Gerald, the infant son of Mr and Mrs C H Alderton, aged 3 months.

BOMBAY.

TO-DAY.

English Mail steamer due at 6 a. m.
Cricket : Triangular Contest, Parsis vs. Hindus, 11-30 a. m.
Rovers, Football Tournament, 5-30 p. m.
Meeting of the Bombay University, 5-45 p. m.
Excelsior Cinematograph, Novelty Theatre, Star film : "The Crusaders or Jerusalem Delivered." Three shows nightly 7 to 8, 8-30 to 9-30, and 10 to 11 p.m.

Maxim : "They who lose to-day may win to-morrow."—WALL STREET MAXIM.

ENGLISH MAILS.

DEPARTURES.

The P. and O. Co.'s mail steamer "Egypt" leaves Bombay harbour at 2-39 p.m. to-morrow.

POSTAL NOTICES.—Monday, the 25th September, being "Ramzan Id", will be observed as a Post Office holiday by the General Post Office and Town Sub-Offices.—Mails consisting of superscribed correspondence for Ceylon, the Straits Settlements, China, and Japan per s.s. "China" will be closed at the General Post Office at 7-30 p.m. to-day.

BOMBAY SANITARY ASSOCIATION.—The written examination of the Elementary Sanitary Class organised by the Bombay Sanitary Association will be held in the Lord Harris Municipal School, Carnac Road near G. T. Hospital on Saturday, 7th October at 2-30 p. m. (S.T.) sharp.

BAND AT THE YACHT CLUB.—By kind permission of Lieut.-Colonel H. R. Vaughan and Officers, the Band of the 1st Battalion, the Royal Warwickshire Regt., will play the following programme of music commencing at 6 p.m. (S.T.) to-day :—

March	The Boy Scouts ..... Alfred Cammeyer
Valse	Luxembourg ..... Franz Lehar
Selection...	In a Persian Garden ... Liza Lehmann
Patrol	German ..... Richard Eilenberg
Selection ...	Il Trovatore ..... Verdi
A Song ...	The Rosary ..... Ethelbert Nevin
B Two-Step.	I've got rings on my Fingers ..... Maurice Scott
Selection...	Pelissians ..... Pelissier

SCHOLARSHIP FOR THANA.—The following Press Note is issued :—Mr. Sitaram Damodar Ovalekar, late Deputy Collector and a resident of Thana, has offered to Government, a sum of Rs.4,000 to found a scholarship of Rs. 10 in his name to be given to a student from the Byramji Jijibhoy High School, Thana, who passes with the highest number of marks at the Matriculation Examination and joins an arts college with the view of passing the B. A. examination, the balance of the income being utilized in giving some prizes annually in the same high school. Government have accepted the offer and have asked the Director of Public Instruction to convey the acknowledgments of the Governor in Council to Mr. Ovalekar for his donation.

BOMBAY GOVERNMENT ORDERS.

Mr Sunderrao Shivram, Aval Karkun Kankroj, Thana, in the Palanpur Agency, is invested with the powers of a Third Class Magistrate.

Mr. R. S. Katgeri, Mamlatdar, taluka Navalgund, in the district of Dharwar, is appointed a Magistrate of the First Class.

Mr. J. W. S. Dracup, Third Presidency Magistrate is granted privilege leave for two months with effect from the 15th September or subsequent date.

Rao Bahadur Chunilal Harilal Setalwad, Barrister-at-Law, Fourth Presidency Magistrate, to act as Third Presidency Magistrate.

Mr. Frank Oliveira, LL. B., to act as Fourth Presidency Magistrate.

Mr. C. G. Mehta, Deputy Assistant Political Agent, Rewa Kantha is appointed a Magistrate of the First Class.

Mr. W. C. Edwards is confirmed as Third Grade Assistant Superintendent of Police, with effect from the 8th August, 1911.

The resignation of Rao Bahadur Vasanji Khimji of the post of Honorary Presidency Magistrate, Bombay, has been accepted.

Mr Pandurang Shridhar Pathak, First Class Subordinate Judge, Ratnagiri, to be First Class Subordinate Judge, Ahmednagar.

Mr Krishnaji Hari Kirkire, Additional First Class Subordinate Judge, Ratnagiri, to act as First Class Subordinate Judge, Ratnagirir.

Mr Hari Atmaram Mohile, Second Class Subordinate Judge, Bhusaval, to act as First Class, Third Grade, Subordinate Judge, and to do duty as Additional First Class subordinate Judge, Ratnagiri.

Mr Atmaram Ramchandra Gupte, Second Class Subordinate Judge, Shirpur, to be Second Class Subordinate Judge, Bhusaval.

Mr Balkrishna Govind Phatak, LL.B., to act as Second Class Fourth Grade Subordinate Judge, and to do duty as Second Class Subordinate Judge Shirpur, pending further orders.

Mr Pandurang Shirdhar Pathak, First Class Subordinate Judge, Ahmednagar, to inspect and supervise proceedings under the Deccan Agricultural Relief Act in the Ahmednagar District.

Mr Hari Atmaram Mohile, Additional First Class Subordinate Judge, Ratnagiri, is invested with power to hear appeals from decrees and orders of subordinate Courts in the Ratnagiri District.

The jurisdiction of a Judge of a Court of Small Causes is conferred upon Mr. Hari Atmaram Mohile, First Class Subordinate Judge's Court, Ratnagiri, and Mr. Atmaram Ramchandra Gupte, Second Class Subordinate Judge's Court, Bhusaval.

Mr. Vaman Narayan Rahurkar to be a First Class First Grade's Subordinate Judge.

Mr Pandurang Shridhar Pathak to be a First Class Second Grade Subordinate Judge.

Mr Vajeram Manibhai Mehta to be a first Class, Third Grade Subordinate Judge; taking rank next above Mr. Trimbak Vithal Kasulkar.

The election of Mr. L S. Potnis, Mamlatdar, as Vice-President of the Taluka Local Board, Kalvan in the Nasik District, is approved.

Mr Ganpat Jaywant Rege, Extra Assistant Conservator of Forests and Sub-Divisional Forests Officer, Southern Division, Kanara, is granted privilege leave of absence for two months and twenty days with effect from 1st October or subsequent date.

Mr Nanabhai Dadabhai Satarawala to be Divisional Forest Officer, Poona.

The Honourable the Chief Justice and Judges of His Majesty's High Court are pleased to issue a Sanad to Mr Chhabildas Tribhuvandas Vakil, who is authorised to practice as a Pleader in the Surat District.

Mr T S Mischandani has been appointed an Assistant Engineer and posted to Bombay.

License to grant certificates of marriage between Native Christians is granted to the following ministers of the American Marathi Mission :—Reverend Augustine Deorao Ohol, Reverend Raoji Kanhoba Amolik and Reverend Anandrao Sidoba Hivale.

Mr M G Oka, L M & S, has been entertained as a temporary Assistant Surgeon and placed on general duty at the J J Hospital, Bombay.

Mr J F Henriques, L M & S, has been entertained as a temporary Assistant Surgeon and appointed in medical charge of the Mrs P D'Souza Dispensary, Uran.

Mr Jan Mahomed Karim of Thana is appointed to be a non-official visitor of the Thana Prison, vice Maulvi Fazli Ali, resigned.

BOMBAY HIGH COURT.

RAO BAHADUR'S CONVICTION UPHELD.

On the Appellate Side of the Bombay High Court, Mr. Justice Russell and Sir Narayan G. Chandavarkar disposed of the application for revision of an order, made in appeal by Mr. E. H. Waterfield, Additional Sessions Judge of Poona, who confirmed the conviction of Rao Bahadur Balaji Martand Kenyale, but reduced the sentence of nine months' to a fine of Rs. 200 with the alternative of a month's simple imprisonment.

The story for the prosecution was that the Rao Bahadur was desirous of getting the Sub-Inspector of Police at Baramati transferred. He settled it with one Dennis for Rs. 1,000 on 3rd January. At an interview on the 8th, arranged for clinching the transaction in Dennis's house, when Mr. Guider, C.I.E., Deputy Inspector-General, and Mr. Griffiths, Personal Assistant, who were concealed in an adjoining room, overheard the conversation, and coming out, demanded the reason for making such offer. They were told that the talk related to the transfer of a Sub-Inspector.

Mr. G. S. Rao, Government Pleader, appeared for the Crown. Mr. M. R. Jardine and Mr. M. R. Jayakar with Mr. P. P. Khare, appeared for the accused-applicant, Rao Bahadur B. M. Kenzale. There was a reference made by the District Magistrate of Poona, over the inadequacy of the sentence. An application for enhancement of sentence was also filed by the Government Pleader. In this application it was stated that the setting aside of the penalty of imprisonment, which constituted the substantive part of the sentence, had caused a failure of justice. Mr. Waterfield was wrong in holding that the instigation of Dennis mitigated in any way the gravity of the offence; and that it was doubtful whether the accused first made the offer of bribe, or Dennis first made the demand for the money.

Their Lordships rejected the application made by the Rao Bahadur, and discharged the rule granted on the accused to show cause why the sentence passed on him by Mr. Waterfield should not be enhanced.

GAEKWAD vs. GAEKWAD.

On the Original Side of the Bombay High Court, yesterday, Mr. Justice Macleod disposed of the rule obtained by the defendant in the suit brought by Shrimant Baburao Bulwantrao Gaekwad against Shrimant Krishnarao G. Bhayasaheb Gaekwad in respect of an estate worth over fifty lakhs of rupees.

Mr. Jinnah, instructed by Messrs. Captain and Vaidya, appeared for the defendant to support the rule; Mr. Talyarkhan, instructed by Mr. Chothia, showed cause on behalf of the plaintiff.

The facts of this case have been reported.

The rule was for revoking the sanction to file this suit as the bulk of the property was situated in Satara.

After hearing the arguments, his Lordship made the rule absolute with costs, the effect of which was that the suit shall be dismissed for want of jurisdiction.

DACOITS' APPEAL DISMISSED.

On the Appellate Side of the Bombay High Court, Mr. Justice Russell and Justice Sir N. G. Chandavarkar disposed of the appeal of Gulabs Bhima and three others who were convicted by Mr. M. B. Tyebji, Sessions Judge of Broach of dacoity, and sentenced each to three years' rigorous imprisonment.

It appeared that Ranchod and Moti were attacked by robbers. Hearing the shouts for help, proceeding from the tank near the village of Kaujri, a number of persons hurried there. The villagers tried to surround the robbers, but they escaped. The villagers gave chase and after a run of about two miles, the first accused was arrested with a bow and arrow in his hand. It was a moon-light night and the other accused was pursued and arrested. Differing from the assessors, the Sessions Judge convicted all the accused and sentenced them as above stated.

Their Lordships dismissed the appeal.

ENTICING AWAY A MINOR.

Mr. Justice Russell and Sir Justice Chandavarkar on the Appellate Side of the Bombay High Court, disposed of the appeal of Mogulbeg Awazbeg, who was convicted by Mr. C. N. Mehta, additional Sessions Judge of Ahmedabad, of the offence of kidnapping a girl and sentenced to three years' rigorous imprisonment. It appeared that the accused and another man enticed away a girl named Deste from her lawful guardianship. They then disposed of the girl to a third person for Rs. 75. The third accused, in his turn, tried to dispose of her at a higher price, and took her to Vase for the purpose of marrying her in the Sekuda caste. The people, however, suspected that the girl was a Mahomedan garbed in Hindu dress and they declined to accept her. Accordingly, she was brought back to Ahmedabad, but at the Nariad Station the accused was arrested. The accused was tried with another man and the Sessions Judge, in passing sentence on them, remarked that such crimes were frequently committed in Gujarat with impunity, and society required that such crimes should be dealt with severely.

Their Lordships confirmed the conviction and sentence passed on the appellant by the lower Court.

POLICE COURTS.

KUMAR KHACHAR'S COMPLAINT.

Charge against Bank Manager.

Mr. A. H. S. Aston, Chief Presidency Magistrate, yesterday, disposed of the notice issued against Mr. Abdulla Khakibhoy Readymoney, an auctioneer and broker, and Mr. Chunilal D. Saraya, Manager of the Indian Specie Bank, calling upon them to show cause why a summons should not be issued against the Bank Manager for criminal breach of trust in respect of a pair of bracelets valued at Rs. 5,000, the property of Kumar Mansur Khachar of Jasdon and against the first respondent for disposing of stolen property.

The complaint was that the pair of bracelets formed part of a quantity of jewellery, on the security of which a sum of money was advanced to the complainant Kumar by the Indian Specie Bank and that it was afterwards abstracted from the jewellery.

Mr. Godinho, Pleader, appeared for the complainant to support the notice, while Mr. Velinkar, Barrister-at law, with Mr. Vicoaji, pleader, appeared for Mr. Readymoney and Mr. F. S. Talyarkhan, Barrister-at-law with Mr. Ferreira, solicitor, appeared for Mr. Chunilal Saraya to show cause.

Mr. Velinkar in showing cause against the notice in the first instance averred that, before his client was called upon to show cause why process should not be issued against him for disposing of stolen property, the property in question should be proved to be stolen. It was an alliance, counsel argued, between the complainant and a man named Ismail Noor Mahomed Cassum, against whom his client was proceeding before the Second Presidency Magistrate on a charge of secreting a document. The object of the alliance was to bring into trouble two respectable persons. In that case Ismail having found himself in a tight position now tried to bring this charge through the complainant against Readymoney to compel him to withdraw from those proceedings. Taking the complainant's case as now placed, it was alleged that on the 5th October, 1907, the respondent had sold the bracelets to Noor Mahomed Cassum. He became incredible for this reason that the complainant's jewellery, according to his own version, was pledged at the Bank on the 30th May, 1907, and was subsequently transferred to Mahomed Saboo Sidick on the 20th November. On the 5th of October, therefore, the bracelets must have been in the Bank. The entry in Noor Mahomed's books showing the sale and purchase of a pair of bracelets by Readymoney to Noor Mahomed could not be about the bracelets which the complainant claimed as his own. Counsel next related an incident which first brought about the production of the bangles. In the Second Presidency Magistrate's Court, while Readymoney was in the witness-box, Mr. Davar, counsel for Ismail Noor Mahomed, suddenly produced a box containing a pair of bracelets and asked if Readymoney could identify the pair as that pledged by him with Noor Mahomed. Readymoney said : "No," and he there and then showed an entry in Noor Mahomed's books that in December, 1908, the latter had given them to him for sale by auction, but as they did not fetch the price required the bracelets were returned to Noor Mahomed. This plan was engineered to frighten Readymoney but his immediate denial broke it down. Having pointed out the genesis of the case Mr. Velinker asked that the notice be dismissed.

Mr. Talyarkhan, showing cause on behalf of Mr. Saraya remarked, that, not being content with returning from the court unsuccessfully on the last occasion, the complainant had attempted a second time to harass Mr. Chunilal and drag the name of his Bank into connection with criminal proceedings. He did not come with any fresh evidence or facts, but only repeated his old story, after hearing which and going into an exhaustive inquiry, his Worship had exonerated Mr. Chunilal from every blame. The only new thing he now alleged was the discovery of the bangles. Mr. Velinkar, having told the Court the genesis of the case said that the complainant's conduct on coming to the Court was tantamount to trifling with the court of law and trifling with the liberty and reputation of responsible and respectable persons. The dates, on which various events in connection with the complainants' story happened, at once showed that the charge could not stand against Mr. Chunilal for a moment. If any person was responsible or answerable for the disappearance of the bracelets it was Craig, for he had given a clean receipt to the Bank for getting back the whole of the jewellery. Craig was complainant's agent. He had pledged the jewellery and he had received it back. As soon as the receipt was given, the Bank was absolved of all responsibility. Counsel next pointed out that the missing of a valuable necklace was first pointed out by the Bank and, therefore, the statement made by Readymoney before Mr. Lambert was not of much consequence. Complainant had only urged that on the last occasion he could not place certain facts before the court, but why he could not he would not explain.

Mr. Godinho, finally replying to the defence argument, spoke in support of the notice. He said that they had enough evidence to show the condition of the jewellery when pledged and also at the time of the transfer. They were in a position to bring witnesses to prove the disappearence of certain ornaments and also the substitution of inferior ornaments for others which were valuable. The question rested on the point whether certain articles did or did not disappear and others were not substituted by things of inferior value. Fortunately for the complainant evidence on that point came from the enemy's camp. The complainant could not give an accurate presentation of his case until his Worship heard the witnesses. They would also produce documents which could not but leave a firm conviction in the Court's mind, that a design was conceived at the very outset by Craig, Chunilal and Readymoney to deprive the complainant of his jewellery. The very fact that an account was opened in the name of Craig and Readymoney, ignoring the complainant altogether, showed that they wanted to do what they chose with the ornaments. The genesis of the case, Mr. Godinho said was different from that which counsel for the other side had submitted. Mr. McDermott, having learnt that the bangles were produced in the Mazagon Police Court, wired to the complainant who came down to Bombay, and with Mr. McDermott he went to the Mazagon Police Court and identified the bracelets as those pledged with the Bank.

The Magistrate at this stage ordered summons to issue.

DISHONEST PARTNER.

At the Esplanade Police Court, yesterday, Mr. A. H. S. Aston, delivered judgment in the case in which Mr. Nagindas Ramchandra Shroff, proprietor of the Eastern Asia Trading Company, charged Gajanand Rhambhau Chaubal, a partner in the firm with breach of trust in respect of three sums of money namely Rs. 21, Rs. 1,000 and Rs. 342.

Mr. Payne, solicitor, appeared for the complainant, while Mr. Godinho, pleader, defended the accused.

The case for the prosecution was that the accused was the managing partner in the firm which was started in October 1909. The complainant was to finance the business. On the 10th March, 1910, the complainant gave the accused Rs. 21, and on the 3rd August a sum of Rs 1,000 for the purposes of the firm. In all the accused was entrusted with sums of money amounting to Rs. 16,781 for the firm. As the business did not prove profitable, the complainant instructed Messrs. Batliboi and Batliboi, chartered accountants to examine the books of account of the firm. It was ascertained by them that the sums of Rs. 21 and Rs. 1,000 had not been credited to the firm at all. Further enquiries showed that the accused had misappropriated Rs. 1,000 to his own use and had purchased gold ornaments of the value of Rs. 1,050 two or three days after the sum of Rs. 1,000 was paid to him, for the use of his family. Complainant further found that on the 6th February last, there should have been a balance in hand of Rs. 1,988, while the money found in the safe was only Rs. 5. It was ascertained that out of the balance a sum of Rs. 1,640 was paid to the Yokohama Specie Bank, which left a sum of Rs. 342 unaccounted for.

The accused denied having received 1,000 for the business of the firm. He said it was a personal loan to him. He also denied having received Rs. 21 from the complainant.

His Worship on the evidence, convicted the accused of two charges relating to Rs. 1,000 and Rs. 342, and sentenced him to an aggregate term of three months' rigorous imprisonment and to pay a fine of Rs. 500 with the alternative of two months, simple imprisonment.

ARRIVALS.

Per s. s. "City of Athens" Sept. 23.

The Ellerman s. s. "City of Athens," Commander Knaut is due to arrive here to-morrow with the following passengers who will be landed in the Prince's Dock at about 10-30 a. m.

LIVERPOOL TO BOMBAY.

Bushby, Mr, Mrs F E and 2 infts	Leyden, Miss K
Chalmers, Mr, Mrs R J	McKichan, Miss
Charles, Miss	Muir, Mr M J L
Dix, Mrs	Palmer, Mr, Mrs E
Green, Miss Ellen	Pearce, M, Mrs W P
Harker, Mrs A and child	Robins, Mr F G
Henry, Mrs	Robinson, Mr O B
Hodgkinson, Miss	Smith, Mr, Mrs O A, and infs
Jenkins, Mr, Mrs, E W, child and infant	Taylor, Mr J
	Thorp, Miss Edith

On the 18th August, a most interesting ceremony took place at Stamboul, namely, the transfer of the remains of the famous Bairaktar Alemdar Mustafa Pasha from the Seven Towers to the Mosque of Zeinab Sultana, where they were laid to rest, with those of his comrade, the Defterdar Tahsin Effendi, after a solemn religious service.

THE total number of deaths registered in Bombay, during the week ending September 16, was 561, giving a death-rate of 29 93 per annum per thousand as against 34 19, the corresponding period of last year, and 36 53, the average over the past five years. Of the total number 55 died from fevers ; 16, plague; 4, small-pox; 3, cholera; 1, leprosy; 44, phthisis ; 36, diseases of the nervous system ; 120 affections of the respiratory organs ; 42, diarrhœa ; 25, dysentery ; 45, still-born ; 87, old age and debility; 10, accidents and violence. The classified list of deaths shows :—Jain, 21 ; Brahmin, 11 ; Lingser, 4 ; Bhattia, 5 ; Hindu of other caste, 277 ; Hindu low caste, 66; Musalman. 122; Parsi, 21 ; Jew, 3; Native Christian, 24; Eurasian, 1; European, 5; Negro-African, 1. The total number of births was 436 as against 369 for the corresponding period of last year

SHIPPING INTELLIGENCE.

The Japan line steamer Tosa Maru, 3610 tons Captain T. Sato, will sail to-day for Kobe &c., with a general cargo.

The Committee of the Bombay Chamber of Commerce have decided that Wednesday, 20th Sept. should be regarded as a Full Weather Working Day for Vessels in the Prince's and Victoria Docks.

The steamer Tosa Maru, Captain Sato, obtained her pratique clearance yesterday for Kobe.

The following vessels entered for loading yesterday :—

Steamer Barenfels, for Hamburg &c.
" Lockaby Hall, for Liverpool.

STEAMER MOVEMENTS.

The Societa' Nazionale Di Servizi Marittimi Co's steamer Isch a, from Bombay left Colombo for Penang and Singapore on the 20th instant.

DAILY EXPORTS.—SEPT. 21.

FOR LONDON.

Egypt s—2,000 cwts barley and 2,007 bags sugar Ralli Bros.

FOR LIVERPOOL.

Olympia s—1,521 bags sugar, Ralli Bros.

FOR GLASGOW.

Olympia s—1,003 cwts sugar, Ralli Bros.

FOR ANTWERP.

Gramsbergen s—680 cwts mowraseed, Louis Dreyfus and Co ; 1,155 cwts linseed, Tata Sons and Co ; 1,500 tons manganese ore, Shaw Wallace and Co ; 2,007 cwt myrabollams, K Kessawji and Co ; 160 bales cotton waste, W Wolf and Sons ; 2,000 cwts linseed, M Vallabhdas ; 40 bales cotton-fly-waste, W Wolf and Sons.

FOR MANCHESTER.

Lockaby Hall s—20,000 cwts linseed, Sanday and Co ; 1,900 tons manganese ore, Turner Morrison and Co ; 38,200 cwts wheat and 1,500 cwts barley Ralli Bros.

FOR ROTTERDAM.

Gramsbergen s—3,000 cwts mowraseed, Ralli Bros ; 74 casks skins, Chambers and Co.

FOR HAMBURG.

Crostafels s—100 cwts cashew nuts, R Jewandas and Co ; 50 bales hemp, D M Doongaji and Co.

FOR TRIESTE.

Africa s—110 bales cotton, M Jethabhai and Co ; 303 cwts gum, T V Godse and Bros ; 4,000 cwts gingellyseed, Volkart Bros.

FOR VENICE.

Africa s—200 bales cotton-fly, G Dossa and Co.

FOR LARNACA.

Africa s—5 bales twist, E D Sassoon and Co.

FOR HONGKONG.

Tosa Maru s—470 bales twist, The M B Kaisha ; 32 cwts kishmis R Morarji and Co ; 77 cwts Kishmis, D Pascoe and Co.

Devanha s—500 bales twist, Sassoon J David and Co ; 75 bales twist, David Sassoon and Co.

FOR SHANGHAI.

Dewanha s—300 bales twist, C Bomonji and Co ; 725 bales twist, David Sassoon and Co.

China s—100 bales twist, Framji Sons and Co ; 24 bales twist, D Sassoon and Co.

BOMBAY LIGHT HORSE.

SQUADRON ORDERS.

BY LIEUT. STANLEY REED, COMMANDING, Bo. L. H.

Bombay, 22nd September.

1. There will be a parade for all members on Tuesday morning next, the 26th instant, Rendezvous Church Gate Station at 7-30 a.m.
Dress—Khaki and hunting saddles.
Members not in possession of their Khaki uniform are requested to turn out in Mufti.
2. Evening.—Foot drill, Town Hall, from 6 p.m.
The Delhi Contingent are specially requested to attend.

D. W. WILSON, Lieut.,
Actg.-Adjt. B. L. H.

BOMBAY VOLUNTEER RIFLES.

REGIMENTAL ORDERS BY COLONEL R. W. L. DUNLOP, V. D.

Bombay, 22nd September.

783 Detail of Parade :—
"E" Company Parades.—The parade ordered for 22nd instant, is cancelled. The Company will parade at Sir Richard Temple's statue on Tuesday 26th and Thursday 28th instant, at 9-30 p.m.
Dress—Drill Order, Mufti.
760. Musketry :—The Range at Ghat Kopar is allotted for Class Firing as follows :—
Saturday 23rd instant "C" Coy.
Train leaves Victoria Terminus at 6-10 a.m.
791. Transfer—No 2389 Vol N Simpson, is transferred from "A" to Reserve Coy from this date.

E. G. J. BYRNE, Captain,
Adjt. B. V. R.

NOTICE.

The Daily Mail Miniature Rifle Club's Contest will be shot for by the Corps team at Carnac Road on Sunday 24th instant commencing at 9-30 a.m. There will be a Regimental Boxing Tournament at the Skating Rink on Monday the 25th instant commencing at 9-30 p.m. sharp. All members attending should be in their places before that hour. Those entitled to wear Mess kit should do so.

BOMBAY VOLUNTEER ARTILLERY.

REGIMENTAL ORDERS BY MAJOR W. BOUGHTON, CHAMBERS, V. D. COMMANDING.

Bombay, 22nd September.

218. Strength.—The following members having joined are taken on the strength of corps as under :—
No 1402 Gunner H W Hottinger and No 1403 Gunner C F Davison.
No 2 Company No 3 Sub-Division.
No 1404 Gunner G Riddell No 1 Company No 3 Sub-Division.
216. Arms Issued.—Arms and accoutrements will be issued daily (Sundays expected) from 26th instant between the hours of 9 a.m and 4 p.m. Members are requested to draw their Arms as soon as possible after this date as the Rifles not issued have to be stored in the Ordnance Department.
(No Rifles can be issued to Native Servants).
214. Musketry.—The British Infantry Range at Colaba will be available for Sports Competition and practice on Sunday 1st October 1911, Ranges 200, 300 and 500 yards. Firing to commence at 7-30 a.m.
212. Annual Distribution of Prizes.—The Annual Distribution of prizes will take place in the Town Hall, to-morrow 23rd September, at 9-30 p.m. and to be followed by a dance.
Dress.—Office s. Mess Dress Cloth.
N C Os and Men.—Mess Dress or Khaki. Either white or blue trousers may be worn with Mess Dress.
Each member is entitled to one free invitation in addition to his own. Applications for additional invitation must be made to the Adjutant, B V A Head Quarters, giving name of guest and enclosing Rs 2 for each ticket.
(Ladies free. Admission by ticket only).

E. P. CUDLIP, Capt. R. A.,
Adjt. B. V. A.

NOTICE.

A Tent for the B V A Corps and Club will be pitched on the Wardby Road side of the Maiden from 21st to 27th September during the Triangular Cricket Matches.
Admission Rs. 1 for the 6 days to defray the expenses. Ladies free. Tickets may be obtained at the Tent.

Mail advices from the Congo confirm the report that two members of the caravan of Mr. H. G. Mackie, the British Consul at Boma, were killed and eaten during a recent tour. It appears that while crossing from the main Congo to the Lopori River, one of M. Mackie's carriers became ill and another man was instructed to assist him. The pair lagged behind and were cut off from the main caravan by a party of cannibals.

Speaking at St. Jerome, Quebec, Sir Wilfrid Laurier recently said that if he were defeated in the Election, he would become a simple citizen and perhaps render aid to the country in some other way. If he were fifty years of age, or even sixty, he might begin the struggle over again. At his age 70, he had earned a rest.

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Monkey, 125 deg.	4 0 2	do.
White Camellia 125° (in tins)	3 13 0	per two tins.
Elephant, 125 deg. (in tins)	3 13 0	do.
do. 125 deg. (in Bulk)	3 3 0	per 8 gallons
Camel 125 deg. (in tins)	3 13 0	per two tins

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Mr. APOTHECARY W. J. MONTGOMERY Madras Med. Estab. writes :—"You are at liberty to publish the following few lines which bear testimony to the efficacy of your Spleen Pills in the "Pioneer" if you think fit. I have used Dr. Lazarus's Spleen Pills in several cases of Enlarged Spleen etc., in all of them the cure was decidedly rapid, though the dose recommended has been found by me too strong for some, I have used nothing equal to it, and would strongly recommend those suffering from the above complaint never to be without taking a course of these pills, and I am quite certain that these pills will effect a cure when other remedies have failed.—Jalna Deccan.

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NOTICE TO CORRESPONDENTS.

*** All communications of a literary character should be addressed to The Editor, and all communications regarding Advertisements and Business matters generally should be addressed to the General Manager. Communications should not be addressed to any individual member of the staff.

Postal letters and covers should be addressed Box 209, General Post Office, Bombay.

The Bombay Gazette.
Friday, 22nd September 1911.

FIVE CENTURIES OF ST. ANDREWS.

St. Andrews' University, which is celebrating its fifth century, though the oldest of the four Scottish Universities, is one of the youngest of the famous Universities of Europe. It was founded in 1411. The University of Cambridge can boast of an origin nearly eight centuries older, for it was commenced under Sigebert, king of the East Angles in 630. It was restored by Edward the elder in 915, and Henry I revived it again in 1120 by bestowing several privileges. Its sister of Oxford dates from the commencement of the ninth century, and King Alfred's connection with it is well known. Both Oxford and Cambridge received their first charters from Henry III in the second quarter of the thirteenth century. Paris received its University first, towards the close of the eighth century, and it was renovated in 1200. The once famous University of Montpellier dates from 1289. Italy has naturally several old universities, and Spain too. Most of the German Universities are of modern date but that at Cologne is as old as 1385. The fifteenth century in which the University of St. Andrews arose, the century in which the middle ages closed and modern history began, the momentous century of the birth of the printing press and the discovery of America, was remarkable for the rise of a great many universities in all countries of Europe. Scotland, too, came to have, besides St. Andrews, the University of Glasgow and that of Aberdeen later in the same century. Edinburgh was the only Scottish University that came into existence late in the next century, after the Reformation. St. Andrews and the other two were provided long before the Reformation, when Scotland was yet Catholic and owed allegiance to the Popes. In fact St. Andrews was reared by Catholic ecclesiastics in an atmosphere of medieval theology, and was designed as a bulwark against heresy and schism. But by a strange irony of fate it became foremost in overthrowing the Church it was founded to defend, and St. Leonard's, one of its three colleges soon became a noted centre of intellectual life and Reformation principles, so much so that a scholar "had drunk at St. Leonard's well" became a current expression for implying that he had imbibed the theological doctrines of Protestantism.

Prior to the foundation of this University, Scots, who desired to learn more than the cathedral and monastic schools then existing could teach, were obliged to go out of the kingdom and reside either at Oxford or Paris to study at the Universities there. Several learned and public-spirited ecclesiastics, chief of whom were Abbot Lawrence, Archdeacon Cornwall and Archbishop Stephen formed a society in 1410 to remedy this state of affairs, by combining to give lectures to all who chose to attend them for higher instruction. They interested the Bishop of St. Andrews, Dr. Henry Wardlaw in their patriotic scheme and he took it up in 1411 with vigour and zeal attracting the most learned men in Scotland to the place as professors. Wardlaw had been the tutor of James I of Scotland, whose support was obtained, and through the exertions of both these influential persons, bulls were obtained from the Pope in 1413 confirming the charter granted by the Bishop two years previous, and constituting it a University or 'studium generale' as it was then called. It was modelled on the University of Paris, and thence forward Scottish students ceased generally to cross the Tweed and go to Paris or Oxford for education ; for they acquired at home an "Oxford of the North," as Dean Stanley has well called St. Andrews. John Mair or Major, a Scottish historian and later a professor at St. Andrews, who had under him there two such famous pupils as Knox the reformer and Buchanan the scholar, expresses his wonder that the plan of a national university had not struck Scottish prelates earlier. For nearly twenty years the university was not housed in a separate building, the lectures being delivered in various parts of the town ; but in 1430 a building was granted by the original founder, Wardlaw, who survived till 1440. His successor in the bishopric, James Kennedy, maternal grandson of King Robert III, founded and richly endowed St. Salvator's college in 1456 which later conferred degrees in both theology and philosophy and was considered as a constituent part of the University.

Exactly a century after the foundation, St. Andrews University was further enlarged by the establishment of St. Leonard's College in 1512 by Prior Hepburn and the Archbishop Stuart, a natural son of James IV., St. Andrews having been raised to an Archbishopric in 1466 after the death of Kennedy. In the same year the original building of 1430, which had been called a pedagogy, was nominally changed into a college, but the actual transformation did not take place till 1537 when Cardinal Beaton obtained a papal bull dedicating it to the Virgin Mary, changing its name to St. Mary's College, and adding further endowments. These three colleges constituted the University till 1747 when St. Salvator's and St. Leonard's were amalgamated and called the United College occupying the building of the former. There is another College at St. Andrews called the Madras College, founded and endowed in the last century by the well known educationist, Andrew Bell, an alumnus of the University who began his career as the East India Company's chaplain at Madras. The University has a splendid library, which now includes the older separate college libraries and contains upwards of a hundred and twenty-five thousand volumes. This was founded in the middle of the seventeenth century and received various additions, the last being made in 1890. The present Chancellor of the University is Lord Balfour of Burleigh and Principal and Vice-Chancellor, Sir James Donaldson, a noted Greek scholar as well as a distinguished theologian, who has edited the Anti-Nicean fathers in English. Besides these permanent heads, it has like the other Scottish Universities, a Lord Rector elected by the students for three years. Lord Avebury, long famous as Sir John Lubbock, occupies at present the Rectorial chair. Among past holders of the Rectorial chair there have been some very eminent statesmen and authors, notably John Mill, Dean Stanley, Froude, the late Lord Dufferin, and Mr. Balfour. Lord Reay, once Governor of Bombay, was also Lord Rector.

A National Arbitration Board.

It causes no surprise to hear on the authority of a Manchester evening newspaper, that the Board of Trade are taking steps to form a national arbitration court on the lines of the proposals recently advanced by Sir Charles Macara. The Government, at the time when Sir Charles detailed his views in a letter to the Lord Mayor of Manchester, expressed its sympathy with and promised to support "any feasible and properly supported plan which might tend to prevent or shorten industrial warfare." That was in the latter half of July and presumably the period since has been spent in elaborating details. Beyond mentioning the number of members of the Board and giving the name of the proposed chairman Reuter's cable does not tell us very much which is new. However it appears to be evident that the twenty members of the court will not sit on any one dispute together. They are to be—ten masters and ten men—a panel from which a bench will be selected according to the trade concerned and the nature of the points which are in dispute. Sir Charles's original proposal was that the trade representatives should sit as assessors or as a jury, but now apparently it is intended that they shall form with the chairman the tribunal. On the whole we do not know that this is not the better plan, with which at any rate to begin. The other would have been an entirely new experiment, and if the decisions of the court are to have the force of law, it would have left a great responsibility on the chairman. We do not suggest for a moment that that responsibility would be more than Sir George Askwith would be capable of undertaking, for his abilities are so outstanding, that his is the only possible appointment to the post. However if an award were the award of one man, and he an official, there would be less liklihood of its receiving a peaceful reception than one in which representatives of the parties in the dispute had joined. Further the method now proposed has the merit of successful precedent, for in practice after the hearing of evidence the court would become a conference of three or five people, which is substantially the same method as that by which Sir George has been so successful in privately arbitrating on trade disputes. The most interesting point is whether or no reference to this court will be compulsory. When he first advanced his proposals Sir Charles Macara offered no opinion on this point, but later when questioned he replied emphatically in favour of a court to which reference should be optional. His opinion however does not appear to be held generally in the cotton trade. It will have been noted that when a conciliation scheme to apply to all disputed matters was framed the other day for the Lancashire cotton trade, it was decided that reference to the Conciliation Board must be automatic in every case. For this the very sound reason was offered that in many instances conciliatory methods had not been adopted, simply because neither side would suggest them for fear the suggestion would be taken as a sign of weakness. We see no reason why the same vital objection to an optional scheme should not apply to all trades generally. In fact if this scheme is not made compulsory or automatic it is difficult to see how the situation will have been materially improved, for in actual practice, during the past two years the Board of Trade has always intervened with offers of arbitration as soon as negotiations between masters and men have failed. With that proviso and with Sir George Askwith to guide its inception, we believe the new arbitration court will in the majority of cases be able to perform considerable service in reducing the evil consequences of trade disputes. That course leaves out of account such affairs as have been witnessed lately, where a trade grievance is made a protest for outbursts of lawlessness and anarchy. In such cases no court of law can be of any service. Military force alone will cope with such a situation.

The Ruler of Bansda.

The past few weeks have seen some notable native rulers pass away in the very prime of life. It is not yet a month since the decease of the Nizam, the premier native ruler. The Maharajah of Cooch Behar followed him last week, and now the Raja of Bhansda has also departed. None of these Indian princes was fifty. The late ruler of Bansda was in his forty-seventh year. He came to the "gadi" very early before he had reached the age of twelve, owing to the death of his father in 1876. During his minority his State was managed by the British, who removed many old and vexatious practices from the administration and introduced several beneficial reforms, especially in land revenue. The land was formerly farmed out to contractors called 'ijardas,' who paid a fixed sum to the State, but oppressed the people so much that the latter were in a helpless wretched state when the British took over the administration. The contractors could do much as they pleased, and besides their rent they imposed many petty but harassing dues, so that in many cases the cultivator was forced to hand over all his produce, trusting to the contractors' forbearance and self-interest to give back a portion of it for his maintainance. These middle-men were also liquor-sellers and thus had another instrument in their hands of getting all the crops, even of the better class of cultivators, whom rent was not enough to enslave.

This oppressive 'ijardar' system was sternly repressed during the minority of the late Prince and, as the contracts fell in, they were not renewed, but a revenue settlement direct with the cultivators was gradually introduced, so that at present the whole State has been surveyed and new rates fixed to the mutual advantage of the administration and the people. Once before for twenty years, from 1832 to 1852, this State had been administered by us during the minority of a former chief. Then, too, its resources were most carefully husbanded and a handsome surplus was presented to the Raja when he came of age to govern. But the farming or 'ijardas' system of revenue was not then touched as the vested interests were too strong. The late ruler was educated at the Rajkumar's college at Rajkote, under its well known Principal, the late Charles Waddington, to whom many another native ruler of Western India owes so much, and on taking over the reins of administration, continued the efficient system introduced during this minority. He did much during his rule to improve the lot of his subjects, especially the ryots for whom he opened a State Bank to save them falling into the clutches of usurers and sowcars. His family is reputed to be of very ancient descent, and belongs to Solanki Rajputs. At present the territories of the State are very limited, being only 215 square miles, but formerly, before the times of the Marathas and the Mahomedan rulers of Gujarat, they stretched from the sea coast of Bulsar to the Ghauts. The Maratha Gaekwars of Baroda sheared the Rajas of Bansda of a great part of their lands. Bansda suffered much from successive disputes between rival brothers whenever the gadi was vacant, and the ruler of Baroda profited much by such disputes.

France and Germany.

The quicker France and Germany settle their differences concerning Morocco, the better it will be for commerce all over the world. As the result of the impression produced in Berlin the banks there had an all unpleasant experience. And evidently and the occurrence found an echo in Bombay. Government paper fell yesterday, but there was no reason why it should, for the German Under Secretary of State for Foreign Affairs received the representative of the leading banks and gave them the assurance that a favourable settlement would be reached in from two to three days. This assurance had an excellent effect on the Paris, Berlin and London stock-exchanges. An official statement was also issued denying that the situation is more acute. This, of itself, should have had the effect of allaying alarm, but rumours of war are quickest in flight and it takes time to arrest them.

The P. and O. Company's s. s. "Salsette" with the homeward mails of the 16th instant, arrived at Aden at 6-30 p.m. on Wednesday.

The P. and O. Company's s. s. "Marmora" with the outward mails of the 15th instant, passed Suez at 9 a.m. on Thursday.

The summary of the Burma crop report for the week ending Monday last shows that the total area destroyed by flood is 363,000 acres.

It is settled that Mr. J. A. Robertson, Accountant General, Bengal, will act for Mr. Gaunlett, as Accountant General for Railways during the latter's absence on leave for six months.

Memorials of the officers of the Punjab Commission on the subject of their disabilities have been submitted to the Government of India.

The Select Committee on the Colonies Bill which was introduced in the Punjab Legislative Council early this season, has drawn up its report.

A military correspondent at home states that Major General Kitson, Quarter-Master General at Simla, and Major-General Pincher, Sirhind Brigade, have been selected for Divisional Commands in India.

WOMEN'S INTERESTS.

(FROM OUR LADY CORRESPONDENT.)

LONDON, SEPT. 1.

AT HOME.

We appear at last to be allowed a breathing space, after a most exciting time. The workers have gone back to their occupation, and outwardly things seem going smoothly, but there are rumours of more troubles ahead. The colliers are preparing for a great strike in the winter, the very time when coal is a necessity, and there is an old saying that when berries are very plentiful on the hedges it indicates a severe winter. This year the hedges are laden with berries, and look most picturesque, bright red among the green leaves. However hard worked, Government officials and many others are enjoying themselves, in Scotland and elsewhere. It is not all pleasure as the following story will show, to own a grouse moor. An American millionaire is now staying in this country, and renting an extensive grouse moor in Scotland. After nearly three weeks' experience of the unaccustomed sport, this American visitor finds that, even with the help of the large house-parties that he has been entertaining, he is unable to slay the vast multitudes of grouse which he understood the moor yielded in an average year. And the present season, he understands, is far above the average. His own and his guests' lack of skill was therefore likely to stand out in glaring prominence in the eyes of his Scottish and English acquaintances, so the wealthy visitor had recently placed an order for 1,000 brace of grouse to be delivered to him in consignments at his Scottish retreat.

THE LATEST.

During the "Grande Semaine" at Trouville, one of the best-dressed Parisiennes informed her intimates, under the seal of secrecy, that the sensation of the winter season would be the crinolines worn by the smartest women of the capital. In order to ascertain the facts I called to-day on M. Poiret, whose position as a "wizard of fashion" enables him to speak with authority. He is at present enjoying a well-earned holiday rest in Brittany, but his manager confirmed the rumour concerning "La Grande Innovation." "Yes," he said, "it is quite true that the crinoline is coming back into fashion again this winter, but in a modified and Oriental form." After the notorious harem skirts, which had so fleeting a vogue, M. Poiret abandoned Turkey as a source of sartorial inspiration, but he still adheres to his Oriental beliefs, and this winter Persia will supply the models for Parisian fashions. "Persian costumes," said my informant, "are so picturesque and æsthetic that they have enormous possibilities as regards Western adaptation. "The Great Mogul dress, as it has been christened, will, I promise you, be all the rage this winter. The outstanding feature about it is the revival of the crinoline. Hoops will be employed at the bottom of the skirts, as in our grandmothers' days, but not in such exaggerated proportions. On the contrary, the new crinolines will be very little wider than the present skirts worn, and the wearers will have perfect liberty of movement.

BOND-STREET SENSATION.

Worn in Bond-street yesterday, the new crinoline skirt created a sensation and genuine admiration. None of the passers-by could resist the temptation to turn and look at the graceful crinoline. For a first appearance it was a genuine success. Of the two models seen at Madame Maude Taylor's Bond street salon yesterday, one was a blue charmeuse with black tulle ruchings, trimmed with jet. The other was white net over pink satin, inlet with Milanese lace, and the bodice, in strict keeping with the crinoline revival, was fitted with an early Victorian fichu. "The beauty of the reformed crinoline, which has most inappropriately been christened the 'Great Mogul,' is," Madame Taylor said, "that it preserves all the charms of the present tight skirt mode, and gives a much more beautiful line from the hips to the feet. The wearer is also allowed far more freedom to move, as the bottom of the skirt has a two-yards circumference instead of the one and a quarter yards of some of the extreme hobble skirts of to-day. The actual crinoline is fitted into the bottom of the skirt. The stiffening is a secret process, which I do not care to reveal at present, and its great charm is that it avoids the ugly line so frequently noticeable in the ordinary tight skirt."

ANOTHER REVIVAL.

No more trouble about getting dresses and blouses fastened up, or seeing ladies walking in the street with occasional by a button of the blouse unfastened. The buttoned front is of special interest, for the front fastening is one of the new dressmaking resources of the autumn, and will be applied to many blouses as well as to frocks. It is of special value at this season of the year to know to what conclusion the designers have arrived concerning sleeves. Are they to be set in at the shoulders again or will the kimono pattern survive a very long continuance of popularity? It is noticeable that to the afternoon frocks long sleeves have been added, set in at the shoulders, and that very quaint conceit of the thirties of last century, the sleeve that droops about five inches below the crown of the shoulders to be set in there, with a piping or band of passementerie to cover the seam, is once more perceptible. This implies that sloping shoulders will still be modish, although the kimono way of emphasising the drooping lines of the corsage will not be in request.

NEW AUTUMN DRAMA.

Drury Lane Theatre will, Mr. Arthur Collins said yesterday, be taxed to its utmost limit for the big scene that the story of his new autumn drama, "The Hope," necessitates in the third act. This spectacular reproduction of a Sicilian city being destroyed by an earthquake will require every inch of the great stage and a vast amount of ingeniously contrived machinery to effect the realism necessary. An army of stage hands is engaged now on perfecting the mechanical aids and every device that can be thought of is to be brought into use. The earthquake is divided into two scenes, the first of which is a room in an hotel in the doomed city. Here some of the chief characters in the story are found, and following the exit of the hero from the house one hears the first warnings of the catastrophe. Portions of the room give way under the effects of the earth tremor, the door, leading out becomes jammed and eventually when a rescue has been effected the frightened people find themselves in the open amid the falling houses. Far away beneath them stretches the sea and towering above all the horrors of the ruined city, they see Mount Etna in flames. One very interesting incident is introduced into this drama, the winning of the Calcutta "sweep" has a great deal to do with it.

WOMEN.

Women really are in great difficulties at times, one must more or less follow the fashions of the day or look ridiculous and now because some people think large hats suit them and they wear them, they get into trouble. Berlin theatre managers have been notified that henceforth women, who wear modern, view obstructing millinery will be guilty of a misdemeanour, for which the managers will be held responsible. A fine of £5 will be inflicted on managers every time a woman is allowed to keep on her hat while in a box. Even from the pulpit, the Archbishop of Genoa has addressed a letter to his clergy directing them to exhort the female members of their flock to abstain from wearing the enormous hats now in vogue. The Archbishop points out that these monster hats prevent humbler members of the congregation, who wear a simple mantilla on their heads, from getting a glimpse of the altar and of the officiating priest. Also, unfortunate women have no other means of keeping their hats on, but hat pins. Now some woman has committed murder while watching Heybridge (Essex) cycle sports on Saturday Lewis Drew, thirty-one, foundryman, received a slight scratch on the cheek from a woman's hatpin. Inflammation set in, and his death has occurred from erysipelas resulting from the scratch.

CANADA'S VIEW.

The chief difference between the Canadian woman and the English woman is to be found in the greater sturdiness of the former. It is easy to understand the constant simile which compares an English girl to a lily, for verily many of them are lily-like in their slim droopiness. The head and face are often very lovely, but the figure is much too slight and delicate.

A draft of new Bombay Factories Rules is published in the "Bombay Government Gazette." Objections or suggestions should be sent to the Secretary to Government, General Department, by January 31st next.

A CHAT ABOUT BOOKS.

Also Joan by Lilian Arnold (Long)—Is a bright clever story of modern London. The heroine Joan Yardley is a charming character, quite up-to-date, with plenty of courage and intelligence. Her sister Olivia was the exact opposite, a foolish unbalanced creature, who having got herself into a desperate scrape from which Joan extricated her, allowed her sister to be the scapegoat, when the scandal became partly known. Joan bore the burden of suspicion very bravely but of course it all comes right in the end. It is a really interesting story with some dramatic situations enlivened by humorous touches here and there.

Victimised by Colonel Charles Edward Bacevi (Long)—A most amusing book very like "Vice Versa." The unfortunate hero, one Alfred Heron, a well-to-do suburbanite, meets a freakish Hindu occultist, who, in capricious revenge far some imaginary grievance, transforms him from an immensely tall and rather nice-looking young Benedick into a delightfully chubby little boy, apparently about four years old. The result was naturally extremely painful and embarrassing for Alfred, especially as nearly every woman with whom he came in contact during the metamorphosis—a period of several years—was seized with an irresistible desire to chastise him, although he really was a pathetically good little boy.

The Marriage Maze by Olive Lethbridge and Gerald Fitzgerald (Eveleigh Nash).—This is extraordinary history of the married life of a lady called Marcia—a nervous, excitable creature. She is very happily married; until—the snake in the grass appears a beautiful widow called Mrs. Tressidy who at once starts calling Marcia's husband by his Christian name, takes up all his time, talking politics to him, and finally throws her arms around his neck. Marcia acted exactly as any other woman of like temperament would have done. It is an interesting story, well and brightly written having an air of real life about it.

With Uncle Sam in England by Mr. and Mrs. Grattan Grey.—Francis Griffiths, the joint authors of this book, are Australians, and visited America in 1906, before the earthquake destroyed San Francisco. They have written down their impressions in a very interesting manner. One, the most remarkable and valuable feature of the book, is the masterly historical survey of the United States, ranging from the first recorded discovery of the continent by Ericson, the Norseman, at the dawn of the tenth century, to the days of Columbus, then on to the period when the sons of Spain and France and England ventured forth to explore and claim their part of this wonderful new world—a period which witnessed one of the most romantic stories in history, that of Captain Smith and the Princess Pocahontas, "La Belle Sauvage"—to the founding of Virginia by the English, of New York (under the name of New Amsterdam) by the Dutch, of New England by "the Pilgrim Fathers," to the gradual fusion of the various settlements, the establishment of English supremacy, and its repudiation by the War of Independence. Thence the growth of the Republic is traced right up to the present time, with due reference to the great Civil War, and to the partial subjection of the Mormons, and the inclusion of Utah in the United States, an episode that provides the opportunity for a resume of the dark history of Mormonism from its inception in the second decade of the nineteenth century, a remarkable epitome of American history of the last three hundred years.

An Exiles Daughter by G. Ystryddo Orshauski (Long)—A powerful and intensely touching story, with love and laughter in the earlier chapters, ere those whom it concerns drifted into the flood of Russian revolution that is "so crystal pure at the source, turbid and murky as it has become" dyed and embittered by blood and tears!

Hilary Onslow by Horace Wyndham (Grant Richards)—Is certainly an entertaining book and more or less amusing. Hilary's love affairs are a great trouble—firstly he meets Jill Forrester and imagines himself deeply in love with her, when she suddenly departs for Australia, leaving no address. He then goes abroad and meets Mrs. Ardenne, again he is deeply in love, when her husband appears and they go off and leave no address. However, he eventually discovers Mrs. Ardenne and they have many meetings. Her husband divorces her and Hilary is on the point of marrying her, when his first love Jill Forrester appears again upon the scene.

The Romantic Past by Ralph Nevill (Chapman and Hall)—The author of "Under Five Reigns" has written another remarkable book, this time it is a collection of love episodes in history. Some of which have never been told in English before.

In her forthcoming story "Dormant" to be published by Messrs. Methuen, the versatile writer known as E. Nesbit, who is eminent not only for her novels and poetry but also for her high spirited children's books, adopts a theme which has exercised the minds of men since the days of Pythagoras; the possibility of re-vivification of the dead.

Mr. H. Noel Williams, who has now acted as Master of Ceremonies to so many fascinating French ladies, introducing them to English readers with every circumstance of particularity and appreciation, has now added the Duchesse de Berri to his long list. Messrs. Methuen will publish his history of this remarkable lady on September 7th, under the title "A Princess of Advanture."

Under the title "Florence and her treasures", Mr. Herbert M. Vaughan has written a valuable historical guide book to this beautiful and wonderful Italian city.

The darkness which has so long enveloped the 450 years between the end of the Old Testament and the appearance of John the Baptist has, of late years, been in course of dispersal. Under the title "The Choice of the Jews" Mr. Leonard St. Alban Wells throws additional light on this period.

Few, if any, Englishmen, know Holland so well as does Mr. D. S. Meldrum. He has now added another to his illuminating works on that fascinating country, under the title "Home Life in Holland". It has twenty-one illustrations.

A new novel by the author of The Dolly Dialogues" is not such a frequent event as once it was and is the more looked forward too. Messrs. Methuen will publish Mr. Anthony Hope's "Mrs. Maxon Protests". The novel, which is essentially one of to-day, contains some sharply drawn types, and deals in a vivid way with matters much in debate among thoughtful people of various shades of opinion.

Good Queen Bess has found a sympathetic champion in the author of "Storm and Treasure," whose new romance "The Lonely Queen" has her for heroine. The story begins in the court of Henry, VIII, when he was about marrying his fifth wife and Elizabeth a little unhappy child. There is a picture of her strange childhood and the intriguing, turbulent world of Henry VIII.

"Body and mind: A History and Defence of Animism" by William McDougall, M. B., Reader in Mental Philosophy in the University of Oxford, is announced by Messrs Methuen. It will be remembered that Dr. McDougall's Introduction to Social Psychology" published recently, attracted considerable attention and has already had a considerable sale.

English and Indian Memories by Sir Henry Cotton, K.C.S.I. With 21 illustrations. Demy 8vo. cloth.—The author records in this volume the reminiscences of a long and varied career. Impressions of Oxford in the fifties, and of London and Switzerland in the early 'sixties, are accompanied by thumbnail sketches of friends of his youth who in later life rose to distinction, and of older men, among whom Kingsley and Tennyson are included. The scene then shifts to India with the experiences of a young civilian, and many an incident and story of cyclones, floods, snake adventures, and indigo. Calcutta in the 'seventies is followed by a bright episode of life at home among the artists of St. John's Wood. Then comes India again in various phases, terminating with the author's career in the Government of Assam, the great earthquake, frontier tribes, his championship of the tea coolies, and his collision with the tea

MONSTER LINER RAMMED.

COLLISION WITH CRUISER IN THE SOLENT.

Huge Hole Knocked in her Side.

[THROUGH REUTER'S AGENCY.]

LONDON, SEPT. 20.

The liner "Olympic" from Southampton to New York, with three thousand persons on board of whom 730 were first-class passengers, was rammed this afternoon in the Solent by the cruiser "Hawke." The liner had a large hole in her starboard side and made much water. She was, however, saved by her watertight doors and returned slowly to Southampton.

The cruiser was badly damaged about the bows.

LONDON, SEPT. 21.

The passengers by the "Olympic" included Mr. Thomas O'Brien, the United States Ambassador to Japan, and Raja Bijai Singh of Baroda (Gwalior).

LATER.

The cruiser "Hawke" was undergoing steam trials, when she collided with the "Olympic." She was overhauling the latter and tried to pass on the starboard side, then by the stern. As a consequence she swerved, and dashed into the liner. The weather was misty.

Many passengers on board the "Olympic" were unware that there had been an accident, and felt only a slight jar.

It is stated that there were at least twenty American millionaires on board.

AFFAIRS IN PERSIA.

Swedish Officers Appointed to Gendarmerie.

TEHERAN, SEPT. 20.

Salar-ed-Dowlah's force is retiring in the direction of Hamadan, leaving a garrison at Nobaran.

The Mejliss has approved the *Gendarmerie* project for the employment of seven Swedish officers in addition to the other financial assistants.

TEHERAN, SEPT. 21.

The Mejliss has refused to agree to English appointments in the Persian telegraph service, owing to possible objections on the part of Russia.

A NATIONAL ARBITRATION BOARD.

Sir George Askwith to Preside.

LONDON, SEPT. 20.

According to the *Manchester Evening Chronicle* Mr. Buxton, President of the Board of Trade, has invited representatives of the masters and men of the great national trades to form an Arbitration Board composed of ten representatives of the employers and ten of the men, from which a court can be formed to deal with disputes. It is proposed that Sir George Askwith shall be chairman.

The Board, it is stated, will be on the lines advocated by Sir C. W. Macara, whose scheme was so prominent at the time of the recent labour upheavals.

The paper states that Sir Charles will be a member of the board.

IRISH RAILWAY STRIKE.

Stoppage of Food Export to England.

LONDON, SEPT. 20.

The railway companies have not replied to the ultimatum of the men's union, as they decline to recognise the union.

Goods traffic is at a standstill in the south and west of Ireland and the supply of foodstuffs to England has practically stopped.

DUBLIN, SEPT. 21.

The men's executive committee has resolved not to enforce a general strike pending the negotiations.

ALLEGED ESPIONAGE.

Englishmen Arrested at Emden.

EMDEN, SEPT. 20.

Two Englishmen have been arrested, released and then re-arrested on instructions from Berlin. It is stated that they have a yacht lying at Delfzyl, in Holland, and that a camera and three developed plates with photographs of the Emden Harbour have been found in their possession.

LATER.

The Englishmen arrested are both young and are believed to be officers. They have been confined in separate cells. The Public Prosecutor has been sent for.

FRENCH NAVAL ACCIDENT.

TOULON, SEPT. 20.

During gun-practice, the breech-block of a gun on the "Gloire" blew out, killing one of the crew and injuring fifteen others.

LONDON, SEPT. 21.

Four of the men injured by gun accident on the "Gloire" have since died.

FINNISH BOY SCOUTS.

LONDON, SEPT. 21.

The Governor of Finland has dissolved the Finnish Boy and Girl Scouts organisations with a total membership of 8,000, after a letter from the Senate condemning the movement.

SPANISH CRUISER ASHORE.

MELILLA, SEPT. 20.

The Spanish cruiser "Cataluna" is ashore west of Tres Forcas.

LONDON, SEPT. 21.

The "Cataluna" has been refloated.

FRANCE AND GERMANY.

Settlement Promised in Two or Three Days.

[THROUGH REUTER'S AGENCY.]

BERLIN, SEPT. 20.

As a result of the impression produced by the French and German *communiques*, the banks doing *bourse* business were stormed early this morning with selling orders.

The representatives of the leading banks were to-day received at the Foreign Office by the Under-Secretary, who informed them that a favourable settlement would be reached in from two to three days.

This assurance has had an excellent effect. The Paris, Berlin and London stock-exchanges all show a general improvement.

An official statement has been issued denying that the situation is more acute, it being desirable, it is stated, that neither side should affirm the finality of its standpoints, on which it is unable to yield, in written notes from which it would be difficult to retreat. It was considered wisest to return at present to verbal negotiations.

Herr von Kiderlen-Waechter and M. Cambon will meet again to-morrow.

PARIS, SEPT. 21.

The Prime Minister has prohibited the holding of the anti-war and "dear food" demonstrations in the streets, which had been arranged for the 24th inst.

LONDON, SEPT. 21.

German newspapers give various versions of the Under-Secretary's communication yesterday. While, according to some, he said that a favourable settlement would be reached in two or three days, others substitute the words, "very soon." In any case, the Minister's statement appears to have been less definite than the *Bourse* was given to understand. Paris papers, however, profess to be officially informed that a settlement is imminent.

MAHARAJA OF COOCH BEHAR.

Military Funeral Accorded.

LONDON, SEPT. 20.

King George has commanded that a military funeral be accorded to the Maharaja of Cooch Behar.

LONDON SEPT. 21.

The funeral of the Maharajah of Cooch Behar took place, to-day, with the fullest military honours. The coffin was conveyed to the Bexhill station on a gun-carriage, with a military escort, headed by the band of the second battalion, King's Royal Rifles, the Sussex Yeomanry acting as bearers. The Maharajah's successor, his other sons and about a hundred of the suite, in native attire, together with the Mayor and Town Clerk followed.

The special train left at 10-20, and on arrival at Victoria the coffin was borne to the gun-carriage by eight non-commissioned officers of the Second Suffolk Regiment and the First Bedfordshire Regiment.

LATER.

A number of Indians and a dozen prominent Anglo-Indians awaited the train conveying the remains of the Maharajah, at Victoria. The coffin was covered with the Union Jack, on which were placed the deceased's helmet and sword. Contrary to military practice, two huge wreaths from the family were placed at each end of the coffin. Among other wreaths was one from Colonel Shakespear and other officers of the Sixth Cavalry. Enormous crowds had gathered along the route from Victoria to Marble Arch, and heads were respectfully bared as the coffin passed by. The majority of Indian mourners proceeded to Golders Green by train. The coffin was taken all the way by road.

Queen Alexandra has sent a message of condolence to the Maharani.

CANADIAN ELECTIONS.

Both Sides Confident.

OTTAWA, SEPT. 21.

On the eve of polling, both sides are confident of victory. Enthusiasm is running high. Sir Wilfrid Laurier, addressing meetings at Montreal, yesterday evening, appealed to the electors "not as an Imperialist or an Anti-Imperialist, a Frenchman or an Englishman, but as a Canadian above and before all."

Mr. Sifton, an ex-Minister, predicts a victory for the Opposition, but the Liberals anticipate large gains among the farmers in the west and in the maritime provinces.

ITALY'S DESIGNS ON TRIPOLI.

Turkish Authorities Uneasy.

CONLTANTINOPLE SEPT. 20.

Uneasiness prevails here with rgard to alleged Italian designs on Tripoli. It is understood that the Government is contemplating the adoption of military measures and quantities of arms and ammunition have already been sent to Tripoli.

AUSTRALIAN RAILWAY BILL.

First Reading Passed.

MELBOURNE, SEPT. 20.

The House of Representatives has passed the first reading of a Bill providing for the construction of a trans-continental railway from Kalgoorli to Port Augusta.

ANTWERP DOCK FIRE.

LONDON, SEPT. 20.

The liner "Lutzow" has resumed the discharging of her cargo.

[A fire was discovered in the hold of the North German Lloyd steamer "Lutzow" in Antwerp Docks on the 8th inst. she was beached and her hold was flooded]

LOW PRICE OF COTTON.

NEW YORK, SEPT. 21.

The price of cotton attained a new low record yesterday, owing to heavy unloading by bulls, instigated by weak cables, favourable official weather reports and expected heavy crop movements.

LONDON MONEY MARKET.

LONDON SEPT. 21.

The Bank of England raised its rate of discount, to-day, to 4 per cent.

THE STRIKE IN SPAIN.

Wholesale Arrests and Severe Precautions.

[THROUGH REUTER'S AGENCY.]

LONDON, SEPT. 20.

Arrests were made during the whole of last night in Madrid and the number of persons taken into custody is estimated at 300. These include the Vice-President of the Confederation of Labour. Everyone in the streets is being searched, and weapons are being seized.

The city wears its usual aspect this morning, but wholesale precautions have been taken.

Gun-makers' stocks have been seized; the troops have been confined to barracks.

Factories, religious establishments, railway stations and public buildings are guarded by armed police. Up to the present the threatened general strike has not materialised.

From the provinces comes news of wholesale arrests. In all parts there are local strikes and acts of violence.

MADRID, SEPT. 21.

The situation here was normal this morning, apart from the absence of cabs and non-publication of a number of newspapers. Police precautions continue.

The Prefecture of Police states that it has not received reports of further disorders from the provinces. The censorship, however, is very strict, and only official statements are obtainable.

ARBITRATION BOARDS FOR BENGAL.

Proposed Scheme.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

CALCUTTA, SEPT. 21.

Babu Pramatha Nath Chatterjee, a retired Sub-Judge, has formulated a scheme for the establishment of boards of arbitration in Bengal. In its broad outline the scheme may be thus summarised:—(1) that in each case one of the arbitrators must be a retired judicial officer of the district if possible; (2) the Board is to be located at first in the Civil Court buildings and its site should always be close to the court-house; (3) a body of thoroughly reliable and competent gentlemen should volunteer their services and such services are to be ordinarily gratuitous; (4) the Civil Procedure Code and the laws of the country are to be the sole guide of the Board; (5) suitors are at liberty to select their own arbitrators including members of the Board and in all cases the decision of the majority will be final; (6) lawyers to be freely allowed to practise.

N. W. RAILWAY.

Dining Cars for Hindus and Moslems.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

LAHORE, SEPT. 21.

The Hon'ble Rai Harichand Bahadur, in a letter to the "Tribune," says that as a result of his interview with the Hon'ble Mr. Burt, Manager, North Western Railway, the latter has promised to introduce dining cars in North Western Railway trains for Hindu and Mahomedan passengers within six months and to consider the question of intermediate carriages in the Kalka-Simla Railway and of better accommodation in third class waiting sheds.

THE WRECKED "BERGEDORF."

Hulk Breaks Up.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

TINNEVELLY, SEPT. 21.

Reports from Cape Camorin state that the wreck of the German steamer "Bergedorf," which went ashore there some months ago, has broken amidships owing to the strong monsoon weather prevailing there for the past few days. The middle part of the ship has disappeared. All that can now be seen is the forecastle, while the captain's bridge and funnels have been submerged. Salving operations which were in progress for some months had to be temporarily suspended. Three schooners. ful of plumbago and cocoanut oilcasks were recovered and sent to Colombo.

TELEGRAPHISTS' GRIEVANCES.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

RANGOON SEPT. 21.

At an extraordinary general meeting of the members of the local branch of the Indian Telegraph Association, held last evening, to consider the case of trouble at Bombay, the following resolutions were passed:—That an urgent telegram be despatched to the General Secretary, Bombay, informing him that this centra unanimously support the action of the Bombay Committee and emphasise that the representation of the Association be recognised as a legitimate representation of the grievance of the subordinate staff. Similar messages were despatched by the members at Mandalay, Basein, Prome, Moulmein and Akyab.

PLAGUE MORTALITY.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

SIMLA, SEPT. 21

The mortality from the plague in India during the week ending 16th September was 8,758 seizures and 5,954 deaths, of which Bombay Presidency alone had 4,103 fatal cases. The provincial figures were:—Madras, 523; Bengal, 13; the United Provinces, 39; the Punjab, 1; and Burma, 29. There were 675 deaths in Mysore, 142 in the Hyderabad State and 129 in Central India.

PHILLOUR POLICE TRAINING SCHOOL.

LAHROE, SEPT. 21.

Of the 68 probationary Inspectors and Sub-Inspectors under training at the Police Training School at Phillour during the last year to have passed the M. A. examination, eight the B. A., nine the First Arts examinations, 47 the Matriculation and two the middle school. The Inspector-General observes that these qualifications are a distinct advance on the previous years. He also notes with satisfaction that for the first time in the history of the school a class was formed in which the whole course was taken in English and the result was excellent.

DURING the week ending Sept. 19 half a chest of opium was removed from the Government Warehouse, Bombay. This was purchased by the farmer at Ahmedabad. In the same period, 163 chests were imported into Bombay from Indore.

DEATH OF SIR ROBERT HART.

Unique Record in Foreign Service.

[THROUGH REUTER'S AGENCY.]

LONDON, SEPT. 20.

Sir Robert Hart is rapidly sinking.

LATER.

The death is announced this evening of Sir Robert Hart.

LONDON, SEPT. 21.

The papers give most detailed obituaries of Sir Robert Hart.

The *Daily Telegraph* devotes a whole page to the subject.

The *Times* says that Sir Robert's life will go down to history as one of the greatest monuments of British administrative capacity. His weaknesses and errors, the paper adds, few will deny. One of the most conspicuous was that quality of autocracy, which left the Customs Service without cohesion or a definite policy to face an uncertain future. Nevertheless, he left an administrative record rarely excelled, and an example from which the Chinese will not fail to benefit.

Sir Robert Hart who only recently retired from the post of Inspector-General of Maritime Customs in China, was seventy-six years of age, and he had passed forty-eight of those years in the Chinese service. The anxieties and responsibilities he had undergone had been of a character to break down the strongest constitution, and it must be remembered that he had been obliged to endure them in conditions unfavourable to the physical and mental exertions of Europeans. Three years ago he was forced to recognize that he was unable to continue in the performance of his exacting duties without a long holiday. He obtained leave of absence for a year from May 1, 1908, but it was generally felt that, when the veteran administrator left Peking, he left it for ever. His leave, it is true, was later extended for two successive twelve months, but these extensions were regarded as the kindly concessions of a country, where age is held in the highest honour to an old and valued servant of the State. After having been absent for three years from his post, he himself acknowledged that there was no prospect of his being able to resume it with advantage to the wonderful service which he has built up or to the Government to which he had given his life's work. For a considerable period before he came home, there were signs that the strain of the increasing duties of his office were becoming too severe for a man of his advanced years. No devotion and no courage could withstand the inroads of time and of failing health. Sir Robert withstood the assault of both, so long as he could resist them without serious detriment to the great interests in his charge. When he felt that he could not repel them it became his duty to deliver up his charge into other and younger hands, and to endeavour by rest and change of climate to restore his strength.

A LIFE WITHOUT PARALLEL.

Sir Robert Hart lived a life for which one can conceive no parallel. It is, of course, nothing new for Europeans to serve Oriental Governments, and to serve them with distinction. But the Europeans who have held office under such Governments have seldom, if ever, succeeded in profoundly modifying the administration of the States in which they lived. It was the unique distinction of Sir Robert Hart that he accomplished this feat in the oldest and, in some respects, the most conservative Empire upon earth. He grafted on to the unwieldy and corrupt system of Chinese administration a department which is a model of efficiency and of probity. His success was astonishing. He had little but his personal character to support him in his early efforts to establish the new Department, and he had had great difficulties to encounter, from without as well as from within. It is not a little to the credit of the Chinese Government, as well as to the honour of Sir Robert Hart, that he won, and for many years enjoyed, so large a measure of their confidence. From the beginning of his career he convinced them that they could trust him, and the trust they placed in him was the condition and the secret of his success. The returns of the Customs were, indeed, a palpable proof of his skill and of his honesty, but probably it would have been thrown away upon the Chinese but for the personality of the Inspector-General. He had in a very exceptional degree the rare gift of insight into the minds of an Oriental people, and of real sympathy with all that is best in their ideals and in their modes of thought. The Chinese not only consulted him and acted upon his counsels in matters of the deepest moment to the Empire, but they even allowed him to represent them in the negotiation of important diplomatic agreements. He abundantly deserved their confidence in him, and very faithfully guarded their interests even when those interests differed widely from those of his own countrymen. The fact that his countrymen and indeed other Europeans as well looked to him to protect their rights and privileges immensely increased the difficulties of his position. So entirely did the British Foreign Office misapprehend what the situation was that in 1885, they actually offered to make him our Minister Plenipotentiary at Peking. He did what he could for his European clients, no doubt, so long as he had not to do anything which conflicted with what he deemed to be his superior obligations to China or with the very insistent demands of his Chinese employers. But the fascination which China exercised over him and the degree of his complaisance with Chinese prejudices were shown by his apologies for the dynasty and his palliations of the action of the Boxers, written within a week after the relief of the Peking Legations—five years after the offer of the British Foreign Office.

In his retirement Sir Robert Hart must have had many grounds for satisfaction. Whatever may be the future of the great Department which he formed, it still retains its high repute. The curious and characteristically Chinese intrigue to set up the Shui-wu-chu, or office of Controllers-General of the Customs, against it—an intrigue which owed its initial success to the weakness of Sir Robert and, it must be added, of the British Government in 1906—appears to have failed for the present. Since the resignation of Sir Robert Bredon from that board a year ago, not much has been heard of its activities. The Imperial Maritime Customs have been left free from serious molestation to carry on the beneficial operations which Sir Robert Hart taught them to conduct. The Chinese Government paid a well-deserved compliment to the judgment of their old Inspector-General by choosing as his successor the man whom he had recommended to them for the post. Mr. Aglen, upon whom the choice fell, has acted as Officiating Inspector-General for nearly eighteen months. He has already effected many long-needed reforms, and he has already satisfied the Service and outside observers alike that he is just and impartial in the exercise of his extensive patronage.

BEGINNINGS OF THE SERVICE.

Young Hart first went to China in 1854, when the Taiping rebellion was raging. Two months later peace had been restored and a joint inspectorate of the three treaty powers then in relation with the provincial authorities—namely, Great Britain, the United States and France—was established for the collection of Imperial revenue. This was the origin of the great organisation which Sir Robert Hart was destined to govern for so many years and which he first represented at Canton. In 1861, Prince Kung, the President of the Tsungli-Yamen, formally invested the collectorate of foreign customs at the treaty ports with regular powers from the central Government, and placed the management in the hands of Mr. Lay who was then in charge of the Shanghai Collectorate. Mr. Lay, however, was compelled almost immediately to return to England on sick leave, and deputed his duties during his absence to Mr. Hart. In the same year the Tsungli-Yamen invited Mr. Hart to Peking in order to consult with him on the organisation of the service, and he soon acquired by sheer force of character and ability an amount of influence over the central Government which no foreigner had ever possessed since the days of the great Jesuit missionary-statesmen. When Mr. Lay resigned, in 1863, owing to serious differences of principle between himself and the Chinese Government, Mr. Hart, although then only 28 years of age, was appointed to succeed him. From that day until the end he devoted himself with all the dogged perseverance, the shrewd intelligence, and the business-like capacity of a typical Ulsterman to the task of evolving European order out of Chinese chaos. In his masterful hands, the Maritime Customs, which originally represented mere local agencies for the collection of duties on foreign goods, grew to be a great and complex organisation administering the one substantial and liquid source of revenue at the disposal of the central Government of China. At the present time the great administration over which he presided employs over a thousand foreigners, of whom about half are British, and over five thousand Chinese. But figures convey a very inadequate idea of the enormous development of a service which undertook the lighting of the coast and inland waterways of China, which disposed of a whole fleet of revenue cruisers, which instituted a European University in Peking, and which of late years became the sheet-anchor of Chinese finance.

ANOMALIES OF THE POSITION.

In spite of all that he did for them, the Chinese treated Sir Robert Hart with a very poor measure of gratitude. Probably no man in whom the trait of self-effacement was less strongly developed, could have continued in his position so long as he did. Honours, indeed, were showered upon the Inspector-General. He received in turn the Red Button, the Peacock's Feather, the Double Dragon and even a Patent of Ancestral Nobility for three generations. But, in their daily intercourse with him, the arrogant Mandarins of the capital could seldom bring themselves to treat him publicly as their equal. For instance, when called as he frequently was, to the Tsung-li-Yamen he was, seldom, if ever, admitted to the presence of the Chinese Ministers themselves, who transacted their business with him through one of the secretaries of the Board. Of a naturally diffident and retiring disposition, Sir Robert Hart accepted these and other anomalies of his position with the same indulgence which he was always ready to extend to the shortcomings of Chinese officialdom. No great step in their policy towards the foreign powers was undertaken by the Chinese without Sir Robert Hart's advice being taken, and this did not place the limit upon his influence. For a quarter of a century at least, the final instructions given successively to every British Minister on his appointment to Peking, might have been summed up in half-a-dozen words:—"When in doubt, consult Sir Robert Hart." The influence which he thus exercised over British policy in the Far East cannot be said to have been wholly beneficial, for in his uncompromising loyalty to those he served, he was bound to act above all, whether consciously or unconsciously, as their advocate and champion. Lord Granville actually offered Sir Robert the post of British Minister at Peking, but Sir Robert only accepted it to resign almost by the next mail.

THE FUTURE.

Sir Robert Hart in his recent utterances in England has steadily professed views of the highest optimism regarding the future of China. Perhaps this tendency to good prophecy was the result of his natural instinct always to look on the bright side of things, or was, at any rate, largely enhanced by it. There is no European who has had such great opportunities of studying Chinese as Sir Robert. He expressed absolute confidence that the awakening which is now taking place in the Celestial Empire will lead to China taking a noble place among the nations of the world. Moreover, he steadily believed that the inborn genius for government which the Chinese possess will guide them through the approaching revolution without disaster. "The Chinese have plenty of intellect," he said, in an interview, "but hitherto they have refrained from exercising it in competition with the foreigner. They are a non-aggressive people—a nation of passive resisters. According to Sir Robert, they believe, however, that they have been unfairly treated—cheated—by all foreign Powers, that foreigners have taken every advantage of their weakness and profited by their urbanity; and Sir Robert has said "China will deal with foreign Powers, as the Powers have dealt with her"—that is, presumably, she will take every advantage of them that she can.

DAILY WEATHER REPORT.

Modifications Suggested.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

CALCUTTA, SEPT. 21.

In July last the Government of India asked the opinion of the Bengal Chamber of Commerce on the proposed modification of the Calcutta daily weather report and the paymant by the Chamber of contribution towards the cost in the preparation of the meteorological reports. After considering the Government letter the Committee of Chamber have come to following conclusions:—(a) From information before them it does not seem that investigation of upper air is of such urgent importance as to justify discontinuance of provincial daily weather reports in order that it may be undertaken; (b) They further consider that the cost of maintaining meteorological station and of collecting and publishing information concerning weather should be defrayed from public revenues and that particular sections of the community should not be taxed either voluntarily or compulsorily for such a purpose; (c) Holding these views they regret that they are unable to recommend the members of the Chamber to make a contribution to the cost of Calcutta Daily Weather Report; (d) With regard to reduction in the class of seventeen reporting stations, the committee suggest the removal of following stations from the list:—Rampur, Boalia, Rangpur, Faridpur, Raniganj Dehri, Arrah, Bhagalpur, and Hazaribagh.

CALCUTTA COCAINE RAID.

Crowd Injure Excise Jemadar.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT).

CALCUTTA, SEPT. 21.

Mr. Wilson, Chief Excise Superintendent, and a number of other officials, raided a cocaine den in Dhakuria Bazar, yesterday, when they arrested three persons and seized a quantity of cocaine. As they were leaving with the prisoners, they were attacked by a large crowd of people, and one of the Excise jemadars was seriously injured. The police subsequently made six arrests.

PARTITION DAY.

Celebration Enjoined.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

CALCUTTA, SEPT. 21.

The usual notification over the signatures of the leaders of both the Bengals has been issued enjoining the celebration of Partition Day on October 17. The notification prescribes an abstention from cooked food, the tying of "rakhis," fasting, racial goodwill and prayers for the good of the country. A ceremonial bath is one of the conditions precedent to the tying on of the "rakhis."

BRUTAL STABBING CASES.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

CALCUTTA, SEPT. 21.

A brutal murder took place in a public thoroughfare in Mechua Bazar yesterday, a Lascar named Golam Nabi stabbing his wife to death. Jealousy was the motive of crime. Golam is to be sent up for trial.

Another violent attack, by a man upon his wife, took place yesterday. The accused is named Gyaz Uddin, and is a native of Delhi. The woman is now in the Medical College Hospital, and is not expected to recover. Her husband is in custody.

ROYAL VISIT TO CALCUTTA.

Pageant Arrangements.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT)

CALCUTTA, SEPT. 21.

Arrangements for the Royal visit to Calcutta are now well in hand. At the last meeting of the Committee, the Maharaja Tagore submitted a detailed report on the arrangements made for the pageant. He said the Naoroz procession, which was in the hands of the Nawab of Murshidabad, was well forward, while, in regard to the Dassera procession, the Maharaja of Darbhanga, who had the arrangements in hand, reported that several of the Ruling Chiefs had promised to lend animals, retainers, equipment and clothing. His Highness the Jam Sahib of Jamnagar was sending an elephant car, the like of which had never before been seen on this side of India. His Excellency the Commander-in-Chief had specially deputed Captain Meadows to assist the Committee and he had already arrived in Calcutta. The plan of the Dassera procession had been pronounced by the Ruling Chiefs, who had been consulted by the Maharaja of Darbhanga and Dr. Denison Ross, to be accurate in every respect.

DACCA MICHIL PROCESSION.

The Dacca Michil procession still necessitates the employment of five hundred labourers who are to be housed in huts. In the procession, valuable gold and silver fans, umbrellas, chandeliers, etc., will be carried and these are to be guarded, while on transit to Calcutta by a strong police guard and will also be insured. The procession will be accompanied by two native bands and in it will be ten elephants. The pageant is also to include a Khalsia hill tribe dance and an Ooriya Pike war dance. Altogether, over forty elephants will take part. They will be lent by the Maharaja of Mayurbhanj, the Begum of Bhopal, the Hathwa Raj, the Raja of Naldanga and Mahant of Tarkeshwar.

It is suggested that, on arrival, Their Majesties should drive from the Dufferin Statue on the Brigade Parade Grounds and thence reach the Pandal from the front. The Reception Committee are prepared to lay out and decorate the route from the Dufferin Statue to the Pandal.

Mr. Lascelles, who has undertaken the stage management of the pageant, is expected to arrive here by the third week of October, when arrangements will be further matured. A letter from the Government of Bengal, suggesting that the Committee should make arrangements to give the people of Calcutta generally the best possible view of the processions and popularise the pageant as much as possible was referred to the Maidan Arrangements Sub-Committee for necessary action. The Maharaja of Darbhanga was asked to ascertain from the Private Secretary to the Viceroy that the date which will suit Their Majesties and the Viceroy to view the Pageant should be informally fixed if possible.

At a meeting of the Calcutta Corporation last night, a sum of Rs. 20,000 was sanctioned for oiling the roads, over which Their Majesties will pass during their stay in Calcutta, provided the roads under the Public Works Department, over which Their Majesties will pass are similary oiled.

RANGOON ILLUMINATIONS.

RANGOON, SEPT. 21.

The estimate of Messrs. James Pain and Sons, Calcutta, for Rs. 15,000 has been accepted by the Illumination of Lakes and Fireworks Sub-Committee for the lighting of one hundred thousand glass lights at the Royal Lakes on the occasion of the Coronation Durbar.

The same firm's estimate for ten thousand rupees, also for fireworks to be displayed on the occasion, has been accepted.

DELHI CORONATION DURBAR.

Concessions by Railways.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

SIMLA, SEPT. 21.

It is notified for information that the principal railways have agreed to grant the following concessions in rates and fares on the occasion of the Delhi Coronation Durbar:

(1) Military goods traffic from Delhi.—During the period from the 26th December 1911 to the 31st January, 1912 both days inclusive, military goods traffic will be allowed a reduction of 25 per cent. on the military rates in force at the time, the concession applying both to wagon and maund rates (no concession on traffic booked to Delhi.)

(2) Camp equipage and military full-dress kits to and from Delhi.—During the period from the 15th October, 1911, to 31st January, 1912, both days inclusive, military camp equipage and military full-dress kits not occupying a whole wagon and which do not accompany troops and which, under ordinary circumstances, would be despatched by passenger trains at public rates will be carried by passenger trains to and from Delhi at the rate of one-third pie per maund per mile. If sent in wagon loads they will be charged at military coaching or goods vehicles rate according to the class of trains by which they are despatched.

(3) Concessions to Volunteers on duty.—On the production of a certificate signed by the officer commanding the Corps, Volunteers on on duty will as at present be allowed to travel in the next higher class of carriage to that for which fares are paid, Commissioned Officers only being allowed to travel in first class on payment of second class fares, during the period from the 15th November to 31 December 1911, both days inclusive. Volunteers in uniform, when travelling in third class carriages, will, however, be carried at a single fare calculated on three pies per mile for the double journey. The existing concessions for Volunteers, (viz., single fares for the double journey provided that a horse box starts from and returns to the original despatching station with not less than three horses carried at owner's risk and subject to a minimum charge of Rs. 5 per horse box each way) will continue to apply. No concession will be allowed to servants of the Volunteers.

(4) Return of Government goods from Delhi.—During the period from the 26th December, 1911, to the 31st January, 1912, both days inclusive, goods received at Delhi by the Government for the Delhi Durbar, when returned in full wagon loads from Delhi and booked by a Government official, will be allowed a reduction of 25 per cent on the rates in force at the time. The forwarding note must contain an endorsement to the effect that the goods despatched under this concession were received at Delhi for the Delhi Durbar. No concession will be allowed on motor cars, carriages, etc., which will continue to be charged as at present.

The railways have agreed to carry their own Volunteers free over their system in connection with the proposed Volunteer concentrations during His Majesty the King Emperor's visit to India.

DACOITIES IN EAST BENGAL.

Meeting at Mymensingh.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

MYMENSINGH, SEPT. 21.

At the instance of the zemindars and others, a public meeting was held at Mymensingh last evening for the purpose of taking steps to check dacoities and sedition. The District Magistrate, who presided, informed the meeting of the following suggestions from the Lieutenant-Governor of Eastern Bengal and Assam:—First, by inducing all parents and guardians to exercise efficient control over any members of their families who seemed likely to be led astray by evil advice; secondly, by bringing promptly to the notice of the authorities suspicious actions on the part of any persons which might afford one reason to believe that they were likely to engage in any seditious or anarchical movement; thirdly, by inducing their ryots and subordinates to report the arrival and movements of suspicious strangers and rumours of contemplated crimes; fourthly, by encouraging their subordinates and ryots to resist dacoits; fifthly, by co-operating in every way with the local authorities and police in helping them to carry out the recent instructions of the Government towards the prevention of dacoities; sixthly, by encouraging persons of wealth to organise means for their own protection; and, lastly, by assuring their tenants of the support and encouragement of the Government in all reasonable resistance in the defence of their property.

Resolutions in accordance with these suggestions were adopted.

A STUDENT ARRESTED.

CALCUTTA, SEPT. 21.

In connection with the recent political dacoity cases at Mymensingh and other places, the Barisal police searched the house of Shastichurn Mukerjee, of Wazirpur, and took away pictures of some extremist leaders and books containing Swadeshi songs. No one was arrested at that house, but a student of the same village, named Norendra Chowdhury, was arrested and sent up for trial under Section 109, Criminal Procedure Code. The case is fixed for the 26th.

NIPPON USEN KAISHA

New Indian Service

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

RANGOON, SEPT. 21.

The Nippon Yusen Kaisha, in order to meet the requirements of Japanese trade, has decided to inaugurate a new service from Kobe to Calcutta calling at Hongkong, Singapore, Penang and Rangoon on both outward and homeward voyages. The first steamer will be "Jinsen Maru," leaving Kobe on September 26 she will be followed by other steamers at intervals of about 18 days. Messrs. Andrew Yule and Co, have been appointed agents at Calcutta.

IMPERIAL LEGISLATIVE COUNCIL.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

SIMLA, SEPT. 21.

The official programme for next Friday's meeting of the Imperial Legislative Council has been issued this morning. The Airships Bill, the Calcutta Improvement Act, the Validation Bill and the Cowa-jee Jehangir Baronetcy Bill will be passed. The Co-operative Credit Societies Bill will be referred to the Select Committee.

Mr. Clark will introduce:—(1) The White Phosphorus Match Bill, (2) the Life Insurance Bill, (3) the Provident Fund Bill and (4) the Central Provinces Excise Bill.

Sir Guy Fleetwood Wilson will introduce a Bill to amend the Indian Stamps Act.

Mr. Jenkins will introduce a Bill to provide for the delegation of executive powers and duties in certain cases.

VICEREGAL NEWS.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

SIMLA, SEPT. 21.

The Viceroy granted private interviews to Nawab Fateh Ali Khan, Sardar Bahadur Arur Singh of Amritsar, the Hon'ble Raja Pramada Nath Roy of Dighapatia, the Hon'ble Mr. Rao Bahadur Mudholkar on Wednesday afternoon at Viceregal Lodge.

The Hon'ble Sir Guy Fleetwood Wilson will give a dinner to-night at Peterhof in honour of the elected and nominated members of the Legislative Council.

The following is a list of guests:—Nawab Saiyid Muhammad Sahib Bahadur; Sir Vitaldas Damodar Thackersey, K.; Mr. Satchidananda Sinha, Barrister-at-Law, Nawab Abdul Majid, Barrister-at-Law; Sir Bijay Chand Mahtab, Maharajadhiraja Bahadur of Burdwan; Raja Pramada Nath Roy of Dighapatia; Mr. M. Mazrul Haque, Barrister-at-Law Raja Sir Muhammad Ali Muhammad Khan, Khan Bahadur of Mahmudabad, Maulvi Syed Shamsul Huda; Mr. C. H. Armstrong; Mr. Vincent; the Hon'ble Mr. C. G. Todhunter; Mr. W. C. Madge; the Hon'ble Rao Bahadur R. N. Mudholkar; Kunwar Sir Ranbir Singh, K. C. S. I. of Patiala; Zulfikar Ali Khan; Mr. E. N. Baker.

RAILWAY NEWS.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

SIMLA, SEPT. 21.

With a view to remove the difficulty experienced at Hyderabad (Sind) on account of the shortage of water for shunting engines and other railway requirements, sanction has been accorded to the provision of improved watering arrangements at the station for the joint use of the North-Western and Jodhpur-Bikaner Railways.

As heavier classes of engines will shortly be worked on the Madras-Villupuram Section of the South Indian Railway and as both the supply and quality of the water from the Madura river, Chingleput, are good, sanction has been accorded to the conversion of the temporary watering arrangement at Chingleput into a permanent installation.

Sanction has been accorded to the provision of Neal's instruments with telephones and exchanging apparatus at stations on the Santahar-Kumra section, metre gauge, Eastern Bengal State Railway.

MOSLEM UNIVERSITY SCHEME.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

LAHORE, SEPT. 21.

The "Aligarh Institute Gazette" says that the Hon'ble Mr. O'Dwyer, Agent to the Governor General, Central India, has, through his Private Secretary, expressed his entire sympathy with the Mahomedan University Scheme and has sent a donation of one hundred rupees.

EN PASSANT.

THE Abor Expedition will probably result in (what appears to the ordinary onlooker) one of the meaningless Frontier affairs that occur at intervals in the administration of the North-East limits of British India. In the near past we have had trouble, in turn, with Nagas, Manipuris and Mishmis, the last named being near neighbours of the Abors, the latest to come into conflict with the Authorities. Of these Expeditions the Manipuri affair of 1891 will probably remain the most prominent in the mind, not so much for the actual fighting that took place after the organisation of the punitive Force, but for the cause that led to the Expedition in the massacre of the Chief Commissioner of Assam, Mr. Quinton, with Mr. St. Clair Grimwood, and another civilian, and two officers of the Gurkha Regiment which had escorted the officials named to the Munipur Capital on an urgent political errand. An important incident at this juncture was the somewhat marvellous escape of Mrs Grimwood from the scene of the massacre to Cachar.

The Manipuri Expedition was marked by the inclusion of Volunteers in the Field Force, the contingent being the then-known as Pioneer Company of the 1st Calcutta Rifles, chiefly comprised of West Indians under an officer of the same nationality, Captain Marcus Tullius Cox, to whom lay the credit of this proffer of help. This Volunteer Detachment was 49 strong, including the officer named, and Lieut O' Sullivan, of another Company in the Calcutta Rifles. The experiment turned out a bit of a fiasco, about half the number, under the latter named officer, being compelled to return from the base of operations, being found unfitted, from want of training, to endure the continuance of hardships of the march which, as the colonel commanding the Volunteer Battalion subsequently explained "proved a test which would have tried hardened troops." The remainder, however, got within a short distance of their objective to find the expedition had "fizzled out."

Naturally so inglorious a termination gave rise to a flow of disparaging comment, but, the writer calls to mind, the more encouraging view was taken by that eminent soldier, Lord Roberts, who in the course of his remarks succeeding a farewell dinner given in his honour by the officers of Volunteer Corps at Calcutta, on which occasion he took the opportunity of presenting a sword to Captain Cox—to recoupihim for the loss he sustained of his own weapon while crossing a river on the march,—said "that though the Volunteers had been deprived of the excitement of actual conflict with the enemy, they had undergone the hardships of long marches through unhealthy valley and over steep hills at a most unfavourable season of the year, shewing themselves ready to take a fair share of hard work, and that their behaviour had been most praiseworthy under extremely trying circumstances."

The Volunteer Unit accepted for service on the present occasion should prove of great value, composed as it is of Planters accustomed to hard outdoor work and acquainted with the conditions of the locality. Their Maxim Gun detachment in a good position will prove a surprise undreamt of in the philosophy of their prospective foe, who are probably the most barbarous and primitive of the several tribes on the Frontier across the Brahmapootra. There is just a chance that a bit of really hard campaigning lies before the troops ere they can penetrate the belt of brushwood and forest and gain access to the Abor colony where alone can be meted out a punishment that can be of lasting effect.

The result of the enquiry into the cause of the recent disaster in Khetwadi cannot be said to be altogether assuring. From reports in the papers it would seem that the extent of the supervision in such matters by the Municipality is a mild kind of a warning that risk lies with the builder himself. In this case what seems to have been elicited in evidence was that the man responsible for the erection, which toppled over like a pack of cards, was little removed from an ordinary bricklayer, expert enough at a boundary wall but hardly up to the quality necessary for erecting the modified style of sky-scrapers abounding in the native parts of the city. Bombay is lucky in its immunity from earthquakes. A visitation like that in Bengal in 1897 would lay low half the thoroughfares we possess.

If the agitation against the dangers of motor-cars to the perambulating public can be kept up long enough some improvements may result that will redound rather to the pleasure of that much abused votary of the steering wheel himself than calculated to upset his equilibrium. People are beginning to notice that there are no pavements, so that gentle hints to pedestrians to abstain from using the road would be superfluous. And while people walk on the roads the Motorist must blow his horn, for the law compels him to do so. After all the noise of the usual warning of the motor is preferable to the gong of the Victoria or the incessant shouts of the Battia's syce as the more elaborate type of vehicle races through the crowded streets, with far more risk to the wayfarer than that likely from the most indifferently driven motor vehicle. The most exasperating sound to the seeker after sleep is that of horse's hoofs equally marked on the pavement of wood or asphalt as on the macadamised road. Those who are unable to appreciate this simile let them take up their residence, say in Sloane Street, Chelsea, during the London season.

The proposed Union Jack Club for Bombay should prove of service to both soldiers and sailors who, at times, must find their leisure hang heavily on them. To some extent the Sailor's Home fills a want in this direction for Mariners, but beyond the Institution started a few years ago by Dr. Marrett in the old Military Works Bungalow at Colaba (the site for the present undertaking) our soldiers had no place to frequent outside Institutions located in Regimental quarters. The first Committee suggest the necessary strength and stability for scheme and ultimate success should be assured.

The Rovers' Tournament started on Monday instead of on the advertised date, Saturday, owing to the withdrawal at the last moment of the Dublin Fusiliers. So far the two Civilian teams have succumbed. The Bombay Football Club, however, made a great stand against the Loyal North Lancs and deserved victory. The game between the Dorset and the Bombay Gymkhana was (contrary to expectation) quite a tame affair, the Civilians having no look in at any juncture of the game. It was a decidedly off-day with them, their goalkeeper especially failing. The Warwicks beat their old opponent the R. G. A. by three goals to nil. The game however was a good one. From present appearances there is not much to chose between the Military teams. On the form so far displayed the Trophy is just as likely to remain in Bombay as be carried off.

LE TATILLON.

FINAL JUTE FORECAST FOR BENGAL.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

CALCUTTA, SEPT. 21.

The final jute forecast was issued to-day in the presence of a large crowd of European and Marwari brokers. The returns show an area, under jute, of 645,122 acres as compared with 573,80) acres last year and 555,400 acres in the year previous. Sowings commenced at the normal time in most districts, but were late in some parts of Midnapore, Hooghly, Howrah, 24 Parganas, Bhagalpore, Purnea and Cuttack, owing to the want of sufficient moisture. Defective rainfall in July and the early part of August affected the outturn of crops in several districts and in Purnea, the mott important jute growing district. The district officer estimates the crop at 92 per cent of normal in Jessore and 24 Parganas only, other districts which possess an acreage of over 50,000 acres under jute the outturn is reported to be 90 per cent of normal while the total outturn of the province works out to 87·4 of a normal yield. Taking three bales as normal the outturn for each district and working on the area and the pescentage of district officers the total yield of the crop for the province is put at 1,691,300 bales, while in Eastern Bengal and Assam the Director of Agriculture estimates the area under jute to be in round figures 2,461,300 acres and the outturn 6,543,400 bales, the total area for the two provinces is therefore 3,1c6,400 acres and the total outturn 8,234,700 bales.

From 1st July last year to 30th June this year the exports of jute amounted to 3,531,066 bales and the quantity consumed by the local mills during last year amounted to 3,979,606 bales. Allowing as usual 500,000 bales for country consumption the total crops of last year according to trade statistics works out to 8,010,672 bales. The estimate of the departments amounted to 7,932,000 bales.

SPORTING NEWS.

CRICKET.

The Triangular Contest.

PARSIS vs. HINDUS.

THE PARSIS LEAD.

The first match, of the Triangular Cricket contest, was played yesterday, when the Parsis met the Hindus on the Bombay Gymkhana ground. A slight shower of rain fell early in the morning, but fine weather prevailed at the start, which was witnessed by about ten thousand spectators, a fact which testifies to the great interest evoked by the participation in the match of several of the All-India team lately returned from England. Both sides had selected strong teams. There were, however, two eleventh hour changes in the composition of the teams, R. P. Meherhomji of the Parsi, and M. D. Pai of the Hindu eleven being unable to turn out owing to indisposition. Their places were filled by M. D. Umrigar and Deodhar respectively. It was a fast and true wicket, and the Hindus were fortunate in winning the toss; they naturally elected to bat. As the result of yesterday's play the Parsis have a lead of 60 runs, with four wickets to spare. First they dismissed the Hindus for a little over 80 runs, and then going in to bat, passed their opponents' total for the loss of only one wicket, and when stumps were drawn for the day they had made 142 for 6 wickets. This must be considered a useful lead looking to the low scoring in the match. From the spectators' point of view the game was throughout dull in the extreme. The big guns on either side failed to come off and except for Chothia's fine innings of 58, the batting was of a mediocre type. Excellent bowling, fairly good fielding and poor batting marked yesterday's game. The wicket played fast and true though occasionally the ball kicked up at an awkward pace. It was in fact a batsman's paradise. But all the great batsmen on either side failed to achieve anything substantial, even Chothia, who knocked up the highest individual score of the day, having had no less than three lives. First the Hindu batsmen became helpless against Warden and then the Parsis in their turn were almost equally so against Balu. Their bowling performances yesterday would have reflected credit on Warden and Balu at any time; but they were specially meritorious coming as they did on a wicket which as stated above played fast and true. Their analyses could only be described as magnificent and the one great merit about their bowling was that both these premier bowlers of the All-India team achieved their success practically without any assistance from their side. In fact the whole burden of the attack fell upon them, Warden taking seven out of ten and Balu claiming five out of six wickets, and their performances are sure to go down in the history of these matches as among the very best. Chothia's fine innings of 58 was perhaps his only oasis in the dreary desert of yesterday's batting failure. He was missed no less than thrice, but all the chances that he gave were extremely hot and two of them were such as could hardly be called chances at all. He made some very fine strokes, which were loudly applauded, and included in his score were seven 4's. Date and Colabawala also played fine cricket, the former assisting Mehta in taking the Hindu score from 24 for the loss of 4 wickets to 47 for the fifth wicket, and the latter helping Chothia to add 64 for the second Parsi wicket. But the stand made by Erasha and Sesachari for the last Hindu wicket was perhaps the brightest bit of cricket seen yesterday. These seemed to be the only batsmen on the Hindu side to realise the supreme necessity of hitting out at any cost when bowlers are having all their own way. The total stood at 57 when the ninth Hindu wicket had been accounted for, and these two batsmen, on being associated, wisely decided to discard orthodox tactics. Right merrily did they hit away and the result was a comparatively substantial addition to the Hindu total. The rest of their side however could not muster up the courage to have a bang and the spectacle was witnessed of a strong batting side being dismissed on a plumb wicket for a paltry 82. Their innings was in fact little more than a procession to and from the wickets, and but for the two stands made, first by Mehta and Date, and then by Erasha and Sesachari the Hindu total would have been considerably less than it actually was, the whole side being dismissed within something under two hours. Unlike the Hindus, the Parsis opened well, making 22 for the first wicket and then taking the total to 86 for the second wicket. Then however a rot set in and they lost four more for an 'addition of only 22. Kapadia and Driver then steadily raised the score and they had not been separated when at the call of time the Parsis made 142 for 6 wickets. The rate at which contending elevens scored would make interesting reading. The Hindus took an hour and a half to make 60, the remaining 22 being knocked off in about as many minutes, so that altogether the Hindus took a little under two hours to make 82. The Parsis hit up their century in two hours and then took one full hour to make the remaining 42, their three hours' play thus producing 142.

THE DETAILS OF THE PLAY.

Diveker and Balu were the first representatives of the Hindus, the Parsi attack being entrusted to Bulsara at the Police Court and Warden at the Gymkhana end. Bulsara sent down a maiden to Diveker. Balu then opened the Hindu account by placing Warden to leg for a couple and next cutting him for three. Warden, however, with his last delivery completely beat Diveker (5-1-0). Oghad Shanker was the next man in. Balu sent Bulsara to the boundary, but with his next delivery the Delhi bowler yorked Balu's middle stump (9-2-9). This was an inauspicious start for the Hindus, but they fared still worse in the next over, Oghad Shanker being out at point to a magnificent catch by Chothia off Warden (9-3-0). The Hindu captain, Mehta, now joined Shivram. The latter sent up the first decade by beautifully placing Warden to the leg boundary, to which a little later the Hindu captain responded by sending Bulsara to the boundary and telegraphing 20, which came as the result of an hour's play. Mehta then roused the drooping spirits of the Hindus by again cutting Bulsara for a four. The worst disaster that could befall the Hindus then occurred, as with the total only at 24, Warden had, their best bat Shivram, caught in the slips by Pavri. Shivram's dismissal greatly disheartened the Hindus (24-4-5). Date partnered his captain. The game at this stage became extremely dull, runs coming in in singles only, and Warden and Bulsara sending down a maiden each. Mehta, however, enlivened matters up a little by driving Bulsara to the eastern boundary finely, and Date put Warden twice to the boundary for four. The telegraph board now showed the fourth decade. At 44, Wacha was put on to bowl in place of Bulsara. One hour's play had, at this stage, realised 45. Mehta and Date seemed to be well set and were steadily raising the score, when Mehta skied a ball off Warden, and was magnificently held at mid-long by Parekh (47-5-19). Mehta had played excellent cricket for his 19, an invaluable inning, coming, as it did, at a time when the Hindu wickets were fast falling. Deodhar of Poona joined Date, who had a life, being missed at the wickets by Mulla off Warden. The score of fifty was then telegraphed amid cheers. The total had been increased by only 4, when Date played one of Bulsara's deliveries on to his wicket. The retiring batsman had contributed 18 by attractive cricket (54-6-18) Vithal, one of the cricketing quartette of the Balu brothers, took this last player's place. He, however, had a short stay at the wickets, as he had made only 1, when he played on to Warden (55-7-1). Sempre of Karachi now joined Deodhar, whose defence Warden broke through with a fine off-break (56-8-2). Seshachari was the tenth man in. The rot that had set in continued and with an addition of only 1 to the total, Sempre was cleverly held in the slips by Pavri off Warden (57 9-1), P. Erasha, the last man in, got a three off Warden and sent up 60. Erasha slogged away, Sesachari also hit out and skied a ball off Warden, but was missed by Parekh. He then hit Warden to the Wandby Road boundary, and the score reached the seventies. Pavri now relieved Bulsara. Erasha got a fourer and a couple off him, and the eighth decade was quickly telegraphed. Shortly after, however, Erasha was given leg before wicket to Pavri (82-10-17). The Hindu innings thus terminated shortly before 2 p. m., with the total at 82.

PARSI INNINGS.

After lunch Oomrigar and Colabawalla opened the Parsi innings, the Hindu attack being delivered by Balu and Erasha. Oomrigar cut Balu for a single and in the next over put Erasha to the leg for a two, next hitting the same bowler to the leg boundary. The telegraph board then showed the first decade. Colabawalla replied with a fourer off the Poona bowler. The second decade went up shortly after. Colabawalla at this stage gave a hard chance at point, which Oghad Shanker failed to accept. At 21, Sempre of Karachi relieved Erasha. With the total at 22, Oomrigar was caught by Date off Balu (22-1-12). Chothia, the next man in, pulled Balu twice to the leg boundary and telegraphed the third decade, which was quickly followed by the fourth. Balu and Sempre were maintaining a good length and the batsmen consequently found it a little hard to get the ball away. Chothia then however quickened the pace by twice sending Sempre, to the boundary and putting up the half century. Chothia gave a hot chance when at 33 to Erasha at point, which the latter missed. He had, immediately after, another life being missed in the slips by Sempre off Date who had lately relieved Balu. Oghad Shanker was then entrusted with the attack in place of Sempre at the Gymkhana end. Cothia sent up sixty by pulling the new bowler to the leg boundary. At 74 Balu again took up the attack in place of Date and Erasha relieved Oghad Shanker. Chothia drove Erasha to the southern boundary, and the Hindu total was passed amid loud cheering. At 86, Colabawalla who had played fine cricket for his 20 was beautifully held in the slips by Sempre off Balu. He had assisted Chothia in adding 64 for the second wicket (86-2-20). D. K. Kapadia joined Chothia, who had yet another life, being missed at cover point by Deodhar off Sempre. At 92, Kapadia was run out, Deodhar making an excellent return (92-3-3) J. S. Warden, who was next associated with Chothia, opened his account, by nicely putting Balu to the leg boundary, and Chothia sent up the century amid loud cheering by driving Balu to the boundary. Shortly after however he was finely held at cover point by Oghad Shanker off Balu. Chothia had contributed 58 by attractive cricket and was loudly cheered on his return to the pavilion (102-4-58). D. D. Driver joined Warden, whom Balu completely beat with a beautiful leg baeak (103-5-5) Matters now looked gloomy for the Parsis, who only five runs later lost Mulla out to a catch in the slips by Vithal off Balu (108-6-3), M. D. Parekh was the next man in. At 118 Shivram relieved Sempre at the Gymkhana end. The two batsmen raised the score by steady and somewhat tedious cricket, and when time was called, the Parsis had made 142 for 6 wickets :—The scores :

THE HINDUS.

S. K. Diveker, b Warden	...	0
P. Balu, b Bulsara	...	9
Oghad Shanker, c Chothia, b Warden	...	0
P. Shivram, c Pavri b Warden	...	5
O. V. Mehta, (Capt.) c Parekh, b Warden		19
K. A. Date, b Bulsara	...	18
Deodhar, b Warden	...	2
P. Vithal, b Warden	...	1
L. Sempre, c Pavri, b Warden	...	1
K. Seshachari, not out	...	8
P. Erasha, b Warden	...	17
Extras	...	2
Total	...	82

THE PARSIS.

M. D. Oomrigar, c Date, b Balu	...	12
F. P. Colabawalla, c Sempre, b Balu	...	20
S. M. Chothia, c Oghad Shanker, b Balu		58
D. K. Kapadia, run out	...	3
J. S. Warden, b Balu	...	5
D. D. Driver, not out	...	19
H. F. Mulla, c Vithal, b Balu	...	3
M. D. Parekh, not out	...	15
Dr. M. E. Pavri, (Capt)		
M. D. Bulsara	} To bat	
M. B. Wacha		
Extras	...	7
Total (for 6 wkts.)		142

BOWLING ANALYSIS.

HINDUS.—First Innings.

	O.	R	M.	W.
Bulsara ...	17	31	3	2
Warden ...	19	40	8	7
Wacha ...	1	1	0	0
Pavri ...	12	8	0	1

Umpires: Messrs. R. E. Mody and S. Thakur.

BOWLING ANALYSIS.

PARSI.—First Innings.

	O.	R.	M.	W.
Balu ...	27	53	6	5
Erasha ...	5	21	1	0
Sempre ...	17	39	3	0
Date ...	3	4	2	0
Oghad Shanker.	3	9	1	0
Shivram ...	5	9	0	0

Sempre, Oghad Shanker and Shivram made one no ball each.

FOOTBALL.

The Rovers' Tournament.

DURHAM L. I. vs Y. and L. REGIMENT.

On Thursday evening, in the second round of the Rovers' Tournament, the York and Lancaster Regiment met the Durham Light Infantry on the Cooperage ground, Bombay, when a fair number of spectators had assembled in the enclosure and round the ground. Play was even from the start, but lacked spirit and neither side showed good combination. The Durhams lost more than one chance in front of goal through weak shooting. After the Durhams had scored, half way through the second half, some life entered into the game and this team scored two goals in succession, Stewart's defence not being particularly safe.

The game opened with a momentary rush by the York and Lancasters, but the Durhams' defence cleared, and the ball went to the other end of the ground. Play, however, was fairly even until Fair tested Stewart with a long shot which he saved. The D. L. I. now pressed and Humble was in a good position to score when he was given "offside." More up and down play followed, and then Humble was unlucky in just shooting wide. A corner against the Y. and L. Regiment was not converted and a rush was made to the D. L. I. end, when Rennard threw away while on the ground. Attacking tactics were now adopted by the Y. and L. forwards, but Rennard, who was playing a useful game, kept his charge intact. Then Stewart saved in dangerous rush by Connelly who almost succeeded in scoring. Play continued to be of an even nature, but towards half-time the Durhams crept towards the opponents's goal. Their shooting, however, with the exception of a fair attempt by Caisley which Stewart saved, was erratic. Score;

Y. and L. Regt. .... nil.
Durham L. I. .... nil.

On the resumption of play, the Y. and L. forwards were the first to attack and Hobson made an unsuccessful attempt to score. The ball went to the opposite end, but no score resulted, and play once more, became even and lacking in interest. At last the Durhams forced a corner and in the subsequent melee, Stewart had some difficulty in clearing. At last the Durhams forwards got away and Stewart let a shot from Humble go between his legs. Play now became more brisk and the Y. and L. team tried to equalise, but their opponents kept them at bay and soon before time Race scored another goal for his side. Time came withot further score.

Durham L. I. .... 2 goals.
Y. and L. Regt. ..... nil.

The terms were as follows :—

YORK AND LANCS :—Goal, Stewart; backs, Hibbart and Hill; half backs, Barker, Cook and Tolley; forwards, Browning, Wilkinson, Archer, Hobson, and Moseley.

DURHAM L. I. :—Goal, Rennard; back, Collier and Riddle; half-backs, Fair, Dearlove and Lobb; forwards, Stead, Connelly, Caisley, Humble and Race.

REFEREE :—Mr. Colin M. Ross.

Three men each, from the Warwicks and the R. G. A., Colaba, ran off a heat in the Leslie Sprinting Competition during the half-time interval. The Gunners won by eight points to seven.

IF YOUR FRIENDS TOLD YOU

THE ALBION MILK and SULPHUR SOAP is "pleasant to use and whitens and softens the skin," and "I prefer it to any other." would you miss trying a tablet? These testimonials from ladies of title (with names) are on the wrapper, and thousands (home and abroad) buy the soap. If it suits so many, may it not be worth your attention? It is a Toilet Luxury, delightful in use, delicately perfumed, refreshing and beneficial. British manufacture. Sold by Chemists, Stores, Grocers, etc., and at 76, New Oxford-street, London. Established over 35 years.

THE DURAND TOURNAMENT.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

SIMLA, SEPT. 21.

On account of heavy and continuous rain day and night from the 17th to 19th instant, the opening matches of the Durand Football Tournament were put off until last evening. The ground was still heavy and a smart shower immediately before the commencement of the game converted it into a pond. The first match was between the Royal Scots and the 2nd Royal Fusiliers.

ROYAL SCOTS vs. R. FUSILIERS.

Play was of an up and down nature and then the Royal Scots pressed the passing being good. One of the Fusiliers half-backs miskicked and Bolton dribbled through and shot a goal. The attack was maintained in the Royal Fusiliers' half and then followed desultory play. Though two corners were given against the Royal Fusiliers, no further score resulted in the first half. Score :—

Royal Scots..... 1 goal
Royal Fusiliers ..... nil.

After some even play, the ball travelled into Royal Fusiliers' half and after much slipping on the part of the players it was tipped into goal by Ross. The game was still in the Royal Fusiliers' half and Hastie came up and scored another goal. Some further up and down play ensued, the final result being—

Royal Scots..... 3 goals
Royal Fusiliers ..... nil.

The teams were :—

ROYAL SCOTS :—Thompson, France, Hastie, Ross, and Bolton, forwards; Thompson, Dunmore and Watson, half-backs; Hoyle and Smith, full-backs; Fletcher, goal.

ROYAL FUSILIERS :—Northwood, Pennell, Smett, Swift and Caldwell, forwards; Crane, Peters and Coate, half-backs; Smallwood and Clark full-backs; Buckingham, goal.

REFEREE :—Staff Sergt. T. Curley.

WEST RIDINGS vs. K. O. S. B.

The second match was between the West Ridings and the K. O. Scottish Borderers.

This match was made up of even exchanges between the two goals and though both the sides pressed the game was drawn. Twenty-minutes' extra play also resulted in a draw. The match will be played off to-day. Notwithstanding the threatening weather, the attendance was very good. Score:—

West Ridings ..... nil.
K. O. S. B. ..... nil.

The teams were :—

WEST RIDINGS :—Forwards, Hall, Ferrari, Bewell, Elwood and Bird; half-backs, Goymer, Rosendale and Ashbury; full-backs, Jennings and Grady; goal, Chadwick.

K. O. S. B. :—Lavery, Campbell, Coupland, Millar and Ingles, forwards; Loosemere, Sprout and Welsh, half backs; Hope and Johnstone, full-backs; Abbott, goal.

REFEREE :—Sergt. W. Muddle.

SIMLA, SEPT, 21.

The drawn match of last evening in the Durand Football Tournament between the West Ridings and K. O. S. B. was continued this morning. During the first half, the game was fast, but owing to the heavy and slippery ground play lagged somewhat in the second period. Several attempts were made at goal by both sides, but the steady and cool play of the respective goal-keepers averted any score. Four corners were given against each team, but neither side succeeded in scoring off any of them. After some slow play at the beginning of the second half, the left back of the West Ridings was injured and carried off the field. The West Ridings continued to play for the remaining five minutes with ten men only. The game resulted in another draw which will be played this afternoon. Score:—

West Ridings ..... nil.
K. O. S. B. ..... nil.

RAIN PREVENTS FOOTBALL.

Continuous downpour of rain throughout the day has necessitated the postponement of this afternoon's matches of the Durand Football Tourna ment

POLO.

Poona Junior Tournament.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT)

POONA, SEPT. 21.

The games in the semi-final round of the Junior Polo Tournament were played this evening before a large attendance. Both the matches were well fought out and interesting to watch. Colonel Logan Home and the officers of the 26th Light Cavalry were "At Home" on the grounds.

The sides were :—

Bolarum.—Mr. Elphinstone No. 1; Captain Meynell No. 2; Captain R. G. P. Wood, No. 3; and Mr. H. J. Lush Wilson, (back.)

26th K. G. O. Light Cavalry.—Mr. A. G. Armstrong, No. 1; Lieut. C. K. Greenway No. 2; Mr. J. A. Collum, No. 3; and Captain F. L. Popham, (back.)

Umpires :—Major A. Hewlett and Mr. Finlay.

1st Chukker.—From the throw in the Cavalry got possession and Popham scored when close up to the flags When time came they were still attacking. Score :—

Cavalry ..... 1 goal
Bolarum ..... nil

2nd Chukker.—Was a fast one, the ball travelling from one end to the other. Wood at length got a chance near the Cavalry flags and equalised with Bolarum. Score :—

Cavalry ..... 1 goal
Bolarum ..... 1 goal

3rd Chukker.—Play opened in the Cavalry territory where the ball hung about for some time till Popham carried down and sent in a long range shot, which went wide. A hot series of attacks on the Bolarum goal was kept up till Meynell and Wood broke away but the Cavalry, however, were soon back. Again several scrimmages followed, from one of these Popham get on the ball and running down with it scored. Score :—

Cavalry ..... 2 goals
Bolarum ..... 1 goal

4th Chukker.—The Cavalry worked gradually towards Bolarum's flags, where Armstrong had the run, but was deprived and Greenway scored with a long shot. Armstrong broke away from a melee a little later and Greenaway, in backing up, got a chance and put the ball between the flags. Score:—

Cavalry ..... 4 goals.
Bolarum..... 1 goal.

5th Chukker.—From a scrimmage in front of Bolarum's flags the ball came out and Callum dribbled it through, but the point was disallowed and the Cavalry was penalised. Hitting out from behind their line they carried the ball to the opposite end where two attempts at goal missed the mark. Just at that time Bolarum were given a free hit, but the shot went out. Score :—

Cavalry .....4 goals
Bolarum .....1 goal

LUCAS TEAM vs. 7TH DRAGOON GUARDS.

The second game was between Capt. Lucas's team and the 7th Dragoon Guards.

Lucas Team :—Mr. C. Watson, I. C. S., No. 1, Mr Butler, No. 2; Capt. G. Lucas, No. 3, and Mr. R. H. O. Patterson, (back.)

7th Dragoon Guards —Capt. H. C. Watson, No. 1; Capt. F. L. Mansel, No. 2; Major B. G Clay, No. 3; and Capt. M. E. Lindsay, (back.)

1st Chukker.—Lucas ran the ball down and sent in a long shot which was stopped. A melee in the mouth of Dragoons' goal followed when Lucas dribbled it through. Clay for the Dragoons equalised almost immediately after. Score —

Lucas Team .....1 goal
Dragoons .....1 goal

2nd Chukker.—The opening stages were characterised by a hard and fast galloping game to all parts of the ground till Mansel scored with a long shot. Just before the close Watson added another for the Dragoons. Score :—

Lucas Team ..... 1 goal.
Dragoons..... 3 goals.

3rd Chukker.—Watson ran the ball down and Mansel taking a shot just missed scoring. The Dragoons then kept up a series of attacks on Lucas' flags, but without being able to increase their lead. Score :—

Lucas Team..... 1 goal,
Dragoon Guards..... 3 goals.

4th Chukker.—Another hard galloping chukker till a penalty against Lucas' Team gave the Dragoons a free hit, but Lucas got the ball away and attacked in turn. They followed it up by a combined run and Lucas sent in the shot at a long range, but it went out.

5th Chukker.—Lucas' Team gradually worked the ball down to the Dragoons' end where a melee resulted in the latter being penalised. Lucas taking the shot hit up to Butler who missed the flags. After a further desultory play a halt was sounded with the score :—

7th Dragoon Guards ..... 3 goals.
Lucas Team ..... 1 goal.

BOXING.

B. V. R. Tournament.

A correspondent writes :—With reference to the programme of Bombay Volunteer Rifles Boxing Tournament, which appeared in your issue of the 16th instant, perhaps it would be of some little information to your many readers (especially those interested in the Noble Art) to know what they may expect at this Tournament.

As I was present at the Byculla School, when the preliminary rounds were fought off (and, as an old pugilist myself), I think I may make a few remarks on this subject. Firstly, I might mention that I was very much surprised at the all round determination and pluck displayed by the competitors, and those left in for the semi-finals and finals well deserved the position they have gained in the Tournament, and we may look forward to some plucky, but not altogether scientific work at the Skating Rink on the 25th instant.

Regarding the contests published there is little to be said at present, except that Easdon has already shown what he is capable of doing in this respect and he has been in thorough training since his victory over Major some two months ago and has very much improved. I believe this to be true from the manner in which he acquitted himself in a four-round exhibition spar with Mr. Melville, to whom he conceded some two stone, but pluckily battled out against long odds. His opponents Vol. Fonseca who has not so far appeared before the Bombay public, I hear, is quite capable of putting up a good fight and has great confidence in bringing off a win.

Of Windsor and Brown, so far very little is known, but personally I have seen both put up good fights, and we may expect each to give a satisfactory account of himself.

Regarding the other two contests, the four competitors are new blood, but I hear are promising fighters, and something may be seen of them on this, and future occasions.

No. 14 fight is somewhat of a novel event, but may be looked forward to provide a little amusement while it lasts.

In conclusion, I think the programme published, should he an undoubted success, and as the prices of admission have been reduced to half the usual I feel certain the public will be satisfied.

RACING.

A Popular Reinstatement.

At a meeting of the Stewards of the W. I. T. C. on Tuesday, it was decided to remove the bann placed on Mr. Percy Fischer over the running of Key West in 1905. This will be a matter of general satisfaction to sportsmen, as the doing of this former owner are too well known in every branch to need recapitulation.

SERPENT-WORSHIP.

A correspondent writes :—The following extract appears in the London "Globe" :—"From the earliest times serpents have been the object of worship, traces of which we find among the Egyptians, the Zoroastrians and the Buddhists."

The Zoroastrian religion strictly forbids serpent-worship, and considers the serpent as an evil creature employed by the Evil Spirit to cause destruction. Serpent-worship was very prevalent in countries to the north of India in ancient times, and the story of the struggle between the wicked Naga, the serpent demon, and Krishna in the north of India, in which the latter is victorious, is symbolic of the warfare between Brahminism and the religion of the non-Aryan Nagas who inhabited the Trans-Himalayan regions and worshipped serpents. It is possible that serpent-worship which was practiced in regions to the east of Persia may have found its way into that country, although Zoroastrianism strictly prohibited it. According to the Hindu Shastras there is within man a serpent of divine origin which confers parent-hood upon individuals, and hence the popular belief in India that the blessings of progeny can be obtained by serpent-worship. In Harivamsha, a great Sanskrit work, it is stated that those desirous of getting children should perform the ceremony of Nagpratishsta, which consists in throwing eight stone-slabs into water and keeping them there until an auspicious day arrives for their removal. The serpent-gods are said to be eight in number, and consequently eight vessels are used for their worship. This shows that eight was a sacred number among the serpent-worshippers in ancient times, as among the Japanese, according to whose Scriptures Ashinadzuchi, son of the Great God of the Mountain told Susanowo, "I have eight children, girls, but the eight forked serpent of Koshi came year after year and devoured them, ... it has one body with eight hands and eight tails. . . . . its length exceeds over eight valleys and eight hills," and Susanowo said to Ashinadzuchi, "Make a fence with eight doors, at each door let there be eight stands, on each stand let there be a sake-tub and let each sake-tub be filled with the sake of eight-fold strength. . . . . ." The educated Brahmin, however, does not worship the living snake and the part which the ant-hill or the abode of the serpent plays in mystic Brahminism is probably a survival or modification of the ophiolatry that prevailed in ancient times. In Eastern Mysore, there is a place called Subramaniah, which is also the name of a great snake mentioned in Hindu religious works. A temple is erected there for the worship of snakes and in the month of December innumerable devotees flock to this temple to worship and offer sacrifices to them.

Shinto deities often assume the form of a snake, a serpent or a dragon, but there are no shrines in their honour, and they have no regular cult. The transformation of child-bearing women into dragons as mentioned in Shinto works may have some connection with the Indian belief that serpent-worship procures the blessings of progeny.

THE UNIONIST WHIP.

Mr. Hayes Fisher, who has undertaken the duties of Unionist Provincial Whip, is only 58 years of age, but he has been in—and for a season out—of Parliament for many years, and there are stories about him from what seems now the dim Parliamentary past. He was, for instance, private secretary to Mr. Balfour when Mr. Balfour was at Dublin Castle, and the night when he received an official caller on Mr. Balfour's behalf wearing a particularly florid University "blazer" is still remembered as one of the lighter incidents of those dark coercion days. When Mr. Gladstone's second Home Rule Bill was going through the House in 1893 he voted against the bill in every division, and he was very much to the front in what the "Manchester Guardian" described at the time as an incident "probably unprecedented in the annals of Parliament." This incident was the celebrated free fight.

It began at ten o'clock on the night when the guillotine fell on the debate and on Mr. Chamberlain for the first time. When the division was called some Opposition members refused to leave their seats, and the House became very crowded. Tempers were about as high as they could be, and a few words between Sir Edward Carson and Mr. Logan brought the deluge down. Mr. Hayes Fisher tried to thrust Mr. Logan from off the front Opposition bench, where that determined Liberal had lodged himself. It was the signal for the fight, in which Colonel Saunderson displayed unusual power and precison with his fists. Mr Gibson Bowles, Mr. Tim Healy, Mr. Burdett-Coutts, and Mr. W. Redmond are all said to have been in the fray, and Mr. John Burns sent people flying in all directions, though he was understood to be acting strictly in the cause of peace. But to Mr. Hayes Fisher, according to contemporary accounts, belongs the distinction of being the first to abandon words for deeds.

THE WEATHER.

The following summary of season reports for the past week appears in the "Bombay Government Gazette" :—

There was good rain during the week in parts of Ratnagiri and Savantvadi, moderate in parts of Surat, Thana, Kanara, Nasik, Belgaum and Kathiawar and slight elsewhere except in Sukkur, Larkana, the Upper Sind Frontier, Ahmednagar, Sholapur and Cutch. More rain is urgently needed throughout the Presidency. The standing crops were suffering for want of sufficient moisture in parts of Sukkur, the Upper Sind Frontier, Thar and Parkar, North Gujarat, the Deccan, the Karnatak, Kathiawar, Baroda, Rewa Kantha and Kolhapur; elsewhere they were in good condition. Preparation of lands for rabi cultivation is in progress in parts of Sind, West Khandesh, Nasik and Poona. Sowing was retarded in Ahmednagar, Poona, Sholapur, Bijapur, Kathiawar and Kolhapur. Agricultural stock is generally in good condition, but is deficient in parts of Thar and Parkar, Ahmednagar, Poona, Sholapur and Satara. Drinking water is generally adequate. Water for irrigation is sufficient except in parts of Hyderabad, Gujarat, West Khandesh and Kathiawar. The fodder supply is adequate except in parts of Sind, Gujarat, Khandesh, Poona, Satara and the Gujarat Native States. The stocks of grain are sufficient. Prices of food-grains have risen in parts of Larkana, Hyderabad, Surat, Nasik, Poona, Sholapur, Satara and Belgaum, have fallen in the Kanara District and are stationary elsewhere. The quantities of food-grains purchasable per rupee are 30 to 45 per cent. less than normal in Sind, 20 to 47 per cent. less than normal in Gujarat, 14 to 34 per cent. less than normal in the Konkan, 24 to 45 per cent. less than normal in the Deccan and 28 to 37 per cent. less than normal in the Karnatak.

There were six test works in progress in the Panch Mahals District during the week ending 16th September 1911. The number of workers on the last day of that week was 2,037. There was one test work in progress in the Ahmedabad District during the week ending 9th September. The number of workers on the last day of that week was 53.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

SIMLA, SEPT. 21.

The storm in the Bay of Bengal has begun to move from the neighbourhood of the Andaman Islands in a north-westerly direction. The rainfall distribution remains very similar to that of yesterday and the total amount reported this morning is approximately normal for the day. The principal amounts are :—Slipper Island, three inches; Victoria Point and Sambalpur, two; Gaya, one and a half; Jhansi and Sambar, half an inch; Sialkot, three-quarters of an inch; Parachinar, two; Indore, one; Khandwa and Sholapur, one and a half; and Gulbarga and Raichur, two. The forecast shows a diminution in the rainfall in the south of the Peninsula and a commencement round

BY THE WAY.

THE HEALTHIEST COUNTY.

Which is the healthiest county? Dr. J. C. Thresh, the local medical officer of health, puts in a claim for Essex. In his report, just issued, he almost challenges any other county in the kingdom to show a better bill of health. Essex, he says, is one of the healthiest counties, if not the healthiest, and the recorded death-rate of 10.35 per 1,000 for 1910 bears out his contention. Although there is a fairly large urban population in Essex, there are slums, and much of town building is new and on modern sanitary lines. Dr. Thresh declares that the death-rate has been falling for several years, and now he believes it is practically impossible for it to go much lower.

ONE HUNDRED LL.D.'s.

A feature of the historic gathering held at St Andrews University from the 12th to the 15th instant was the capping ceremony itself. Nearly one hundred distinguished representatives from various parts of Europe received the honorary degree of Doctor of Laws; while a score of eminent clergymen were included in the list of Doctors of Divinity. On Tuesday, the 12th, the Chancellor, Lord Balfour of Burleigh, gave a reception; and in the evening, the students delight the many visitors with a torchlight procession. Lord Rosebery delivered his address as Rector on the 14th, and this was the most interesting item on an interesting programme.

SAFETY OF RAILWAY TRAVELLING.

The claim upon which Sir Edward Watkin never ceased to insist, that an English railway train was the "safest place in the world," is, remarks the "Railway Magazine" (September), largely borne out by the annual returns of the Board of Trade in respect of the number of accidents that occur to passengers and railway servants. For instance in the ten years ending 1909 only one passenger was killed on the average in every seventy-two million journeys and one injured in every two million two hundred thousand journeys! But even these figures—the only ones officially available—do not show the full extent of the security reached upon the railways of the United Kingdom, inasmuch as in the returns no account is taken of the journeys made by season-ticket holders.

RICHTER'S DEBUT AT BAYREUTH.

In the evening of his days, and with the accumulated experience of half a century's musical progress to his credit, Dr. Hans Richter, it is announced intends to found a music school at Bayreuth. Richter first became acquainted with Wagner by acting as his copyist, and so impressed was the composer with his young helper that when he was making his preparations for the first memorable performance of "The Ring" at Bayreuth in 1876, he left the music rehearsals entirely to him. At the performance itself, which made the fulness of Wagner's mighty genius known to the world, Richter conducted.

SOME NEW FITZGERALD STORIES.

Mr. Morley Adams contributes to "T. P.'s Magazine" for September some new stories of "Old Fitz." It appears that the remaining intimates of FitzGerald are now very few. "Posh" may occasionally be seen about Lowestoft; the Rev. George Doughty still preaches at the little Martlesham Church standing on the bank of a creek of FitzGerald's much loved Deben. Aldis Wright is to be found at old-world Bocceles, and the quintette is completed by Mr. John Loder, J. P., and Mr. Herman Biddell, of Playford. One of his readers still lives at Woodbridge, and at the same town there are many men and women who remember the strange form that "slouched through the narrow streets looking neither to the left nor right, but straight in front, often making a soft hissing sound with tongue and teeth, like a groom makes when brushing a horse."

"MAD" BUT KNEW IT.

FitzGerald was once walking down Church-street, Woodbridge, in company with a friend on the way to the Deben to go aboard his yacht. The day was hot, and he walked bareheaded and barefooted, his shoes slung by their laces across his shoulders, his clothes untidy and ill-fitting. At the four-cross-ways, where the post office now stands, was gathered a party of yokels who made the strange figure the butt for coarse wit. "Ah, boy, exclaimed one in the sing song Suffolk vernacular, "'e's as mad as a hare in March." FitzGerald turned to his friend, having overheard the remark. "Yes," he said, "the fellow is right, but I'm sane enough to know that I'm mad!"

HIS PUNS.

To an old Woodbridge lady, now deceased, FitzGerald occasionally chatted, and on leaving her cottage one day he promised when next he called he would bring her a book to read. The promise was fulfilled, and FitzGerald brought two volumes, one of Scott's novels and a copy of Wordsworth's poems. He left them with her with the remark that, when he started out, he only brought the novel, but remembering that there were many "words worth" reading in the other book he had returned for it. Mrs. Howe, his housekeeper, describes FitzGerald: "Such a jokey gentleman he was, too. Why, once he said to me: 'Mrs. Howe, I didn't know we had express trains here,' and I said, "Whatever do you mean, sir? and he says, 'Why, look at Mrs.——'s dress there,' and sure enough she had a long train to it, you know." Upon another occasion FitzGerald told her that not only was she his housekeeper, but "Howe's keeper" as well.

ABSENT MINDEDNESS.

Of FitzGerald's absentmindedness and preoccupation a good story is told. He was going to London from Woodbridge to visit some friends, taking with him his handyman. When Woodbridge was left the sky was clear and cloudless, but when London was reached it was raining in torrents. FitzGerald paced restlessly up and down the platform expressing his regret at having failed to bring his umbrella, and occasionally sending his man out to see if the rain had ceased. Suddenly FitzGerald stopped in front of a time-table; a brilliant inspiration had come to him. His long, artistic fingers followad the dotted lines, and then taking out his watch from his fob he said to his man: "John, go and fetch my umbrella, and catch the ——train back again.' And away went faithful John to Woodbridge, a journey of about 160 miles, and costing twice as much as an umbrella could have been purchased for just outside the station; whilst FitzGerald stayed in the waiting-room.

AN ENTHUSIASTIC NATURALIST.

Canon Horsley, who has been nominated to the living at Detley, Kent, is an enthusiastic naturalist, and during the years he has been at St. Peter's, Walworth, has done much to promote a love of nature among his parishioners. The very day of his arrival in Walworth, he wrote to Lord Brabazon, the patron of the living, asking if the disused and neglected graveyard might be put to public use. With the help of the Public Gardens Association and other philanthropic bodies, a new "lung" was soon given to Walworth in the shape of a tastefully-laid-out little public garden around the church. Shortly afterwards the gift of a monkey inspired the Canon to start a miniature Zoo in his new garden. Quite a collection of birds and animals was soon got together, and the "Zoo in the Churchyard" has, for many years, provided infinite amusement and instruction to the children of the neighbourhood.

BOMBAY PORT TRUST.

PILOTAGE STATEMENT.

.....	For week ending 8th Sept. 1911.	Total from 1st April to 8th Sept. 1911.	For week ending 8th Sept. 1910.	Total from 1st April to 8th Sept. 1910.
Vessels piloted into Harbour.	14	513	27	525
Vessels piloted out of Harbour.	26	529	17	535
Vessels transported	13	350	14	437
Vessels attended to	1	34	1	50
Vessels warped	1	21	2	27

THE LADIES' CORNER.

SPOONS—APOSTLE AND OTHERWISE.

Probably few owners of the favourite set of Apostle spoons, says a writer in mail week, have any idea that in their orginal form they resembled more nearly the tablespoon in size than the latter-day teaspoon! The phrase "to be born with a silver spoon in one's mouth," probably arose from the custom for godparents to bestow as a christening gift a silver spoon bearing on it the form of the child's patron saint. The Apostle spoon of to-day makes little or no attempt to depict in each case the appropriate emblem of the saint, but in the old specimens the greatest attention was paid to these details. St. Bartholomew, for instance, was shown with his butcher's knife, St. Jude with his carpenter's square, and St. Philip with his basket of fish. The silversmith of the sixteenth century would no more have dreamed of ignoring these particulars than would the painter in his groups of saints, and side by side with the old specimens, our modern spoons seem trivial and uninspiring indeed. The housewife of the Middle Ages would have smiled to see the completeness of the Apostle sets of to-day, for since those spoons were only used as christening gifts and the advent of thirteen sons in one family was but a rare occurrence, a complete collection of thirteen including the Master spoon, was seldom or never seen! In fact, the only complete set of Apostle spoons known to be extant is that in the possession of the Goldsmiths' Company, and dates from 1626. Each apostle wears on his head a flat projecting cap, which has fortunately served to preserve the features from undue rubbing, a further detail which might well be copied by the modern silversmith. The Puritan period, with its detestation of the symbolic in decoration, must have mutilated a number of these interesting old spoons, for many specimens of that epoch are found without any proper finish to the handle, the little figure originally decorating it having no doubt been removed.

VARIATIONS IN HANDLES.

The form of the spoon does not readily lend itself to any decoration but that of the handle. (I call to mind in saying this those florid spoons with the highly-embossed bowls of grape and fruit designs, whose actual use I have never yet been able to fathom or whose beauty to detect). It is interesting to trace the development of the lion-top spoon of Charles II. to the notched handle of the late seventeenth-century and the broad flat-handled spoon of Queen Anne's reign. Among the modern reproductions, the old rat-tail pattern is one of the most successful. Here the termination of the handle shows the method by which it was welded into the bowl, a structural detail, which is far more pleasing than the usual projecting shoulders of more modern styles. Moreover, this pattern has the merit of being easily cleaned, there being no elusive little crevices in which deposits of plate-powder may be allowed to lodge. The same cannot, however, be claimed in the case of the shell pattern, a design which first attained popularity under the Georges, and which seems especially contrived for the undoing of parlourmaid. The difficulty of ensuring the adequate maintenance of one's household plate makes one long to emulate the example of Cardinal Wolsey, who is reported to have permanently employed a goldsmith and four assistants simply to keep his plate poished and in good order! The tea-spoon proper did not make its appearance till the regin of Queen Anne, whose predilection for tea is also responsible for the introduction of the silver tea-service. Like the teacup, teaspoons began life by being excessively small and in the early specimens the handle bends forward towards the hollow of the bowl instead of outwards. There is a particular elegance about these dainty eighteenth-century spoons which the machine-made spoons to-day seem to lack, although for practical utility the latter are undoubtedly superior.

MARROW AND CADDY SPOONS.

Those born with the passion for collecting would derive a vast amount of interest from the acquisition of old Marrow-spoons and Caddy-spoons, which do not usually command high prices, and as their variety seems inexhaustible, the search is always fraught with excitement. The marrow-spoon usually has a small bowl at either end of a long narrow stick; occasionally the bowls are of different sizes, and in some specimens a sharp point is substituted at one end. The caddy spoons, which date from the end of the eighteenth century to the middle of the nineteenth, are of varied designs, the shell shape being perhaps the most common. The shovel and leaf spoons also enjoyed popularity, while the simple fluted spoon was much in vogue in the early nineteenth century. Considerable ingenuity was employed to vary the designs, and such devices as jockey-caps, spades, and heart-shaped spoons are to be found.

HINTS TO COLLECTORS.

In collecting these charming relics, the amateur need not be deterred by the absence of the hall-mark, for many were so light in weight that it was not considered necessary that they should undergo the formality of being stamped. On the other hand, it may be as well to mention that every spoon bearing a genuinely old hall-mark is not necessarily an antique, for it is a common device of the forger to remove the hall-mark from some old pieces of no value, and to weld it into a modern copy of a fine specimen. With regard to Apostle spoons, the early examples were marked both inside the bowl and on the back, while both these and the seal-top spoons had particularly thick bowls and hexagonal stems. Bowl and handle were made in one, but in the faked spoons it is by no means uncommon to find an original handle welded on to a bowl of a later date or vice-versa. The wisdom of the serpent and the perspicacity of the eagle are necessary qualifications for the successful collector.

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(Reg.)

IDEAL FOR MEN'S SHIRTS.

Soft, Durable, Economical.

Obtainable in cream and latest colorings, from leading Hosiers and Stores, or name of nearest sent by

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ADVICE TO MOTHERS:—Are you broken in your rest by a sick child suffering with the pain of cutting teeth? Go at once to a chemist and get a bottle of MRS. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP. It will relieve the poor sufferer immediately. It is perfectly harmless and pleasant to taste, it produces natural, quiet sleep, by relieving the child from pain, and the little cherub awakes "as bright as a button." It soothes the child, it softens the gums, allays all pain, relieves wind, regulates the bowels, and is the best known remedy for dysentery and diarrhœa, whether arising from teething or other cause. Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup is sold by Medicine dealers everywhere.

GREEN ROOM GOSSIP.

SHAKESPEAREAN ACTORS AND THEIR AUDIENCE.

During the fortnight commencing to-night, says a writer on August 28, a large number of London theatres will reopen their doors, and as many plays, new or old, will make their appeal to the public. Some of them will be successful, others will, no doubt, be unsuccessful. Some will bring in thousands of pounds, others will cause a loss of thousands of pounds. Dramatists and actors will gain or lose in reputation, and perhaps one or two new reputations will be made. The theatrical first-nighter, in short, has a very interesting time immediately before him; and the larger his mental, moral, and spiritual equipment, the more exciting will it be; for, in one respect, a play is very much like a sermon—what you find in it and bring away from it depend very much on what you take to it.

"MACBETH."

Take "Macbeth," for example, which Sir Herbert Tree has revived at His Majesty's. Those who take with them to theatre an intimate knowledge of the play will find the production more interesting—not necessarily more enjoyable but obviously more interesting—than those who go with minds that are blank so far as this marvellous work is concerned. If they can also take with them some memories of previous revivals of the tragedy—those, for instance, in which Henry Irving, Adelaide Restori, and Ellen Terry have acted during tho past thirty years in London—they will find the production at His Majesty's still more provocative of thought and comparison than it would otherwise be. And those who to an intimate knowledge of the play and some vivid memories of previous performances, can add from their own reading, lively impressions of Garrick and Kemble, Kean and Macready, Sarah Siddons and Helen Faucit in the principal characters will be the most enviable of all. Unfortunately, few of our playgoers nowadays take the theatre sufficiently seriously for such a self-equipment—and the theatre-suffers in consequence.

A THREE ACT VERSION.

May one offer a suggestion? It has been announced that Sir Herbert Tree has compiled an acting version of "Macbeth," in which the five acts of the original are reduced to three. How has he done this? How would one do it oneself? Why not try? Why not buy a couple of copies of one of the sixpenny editions and piece them together, in three acts, with the necessary omissions, transpositions, and other alterations. And then, at His Majesty's Theatre, compare your own acting version with Sir Herbert Tree's, and decide which of the two is the better. Such a preliminary preparation will be found to add surprisingly to the interest of the visit to the Play-house.

CHARACTER ANALYSIS.

Again, take the characters of Macbeth and his wife, and analyse them, putting the analysis of each into writing. The study involved in doing this will be found engrossingly interesting, and not the least valuable result of it will be the swiftest and clearest possible appreciation (or otherwise) of the conceptions of these characters put forward by Sir Herbert Tree and Miss Violet Vanburgh—and not only of next week's performances, but of all future impersonations of the parts which it may be the student's lot to see. It is such playgoers as these who are worth acting to, whose applause is worth having, whose censure merits being considered seriously, and whose conversation between the acts should be worth listening to.

ROMEO AND JULIET.

"Romeo and Juliet is also to be revived. This tragedy does not contain such problems of personality as those in which "Macbeth" is so inexhaustibly rich. The two principal characters are straight and direct, and march absorbed in themselves and in each other to their doom. However, there are lengths of divine poetry to be studied beforehand, and those who have thus studied them will listen with the greater pleasure or the acuter pain, but certainly with the closer interest, to every inflection and emphasis of the actor and actress at the New Theatre, and will be the best judges of whether the characters are well played or ill.

A KNOWLEDGE OF SHAKESPEARE'S PLAYS

An unlucky writer on one of our daily papers, in the course of an enthusiastic "appreciation" of Sir Herbert Tree once wrote: "Every playgoer knows how he has made Shakspeare live again (sic) for those who do not or cannot read him." A section of London playgoers who "do not or cannot read" Shakspeare! Is it conceivable that any actor or manager can care a straw for the good or bad opinion of such folk; or that any such people will trouble themselves about "Macbeth" at his Majesty's or "Romeo and Juliet" at the New? Perhaps the answer to both questions is in the affirmative. I certainly recall a night in the pit at the old Globe Theatre during the run of "Richard III."—a dreadful version—with the late Mr. Richard Mansfield as Richard—a dreadful performance. The new drop curtain was embellished with a picture of Stratford-on-Avon, and some one sitting near me asked a friend why that particular town had been selected! No doubt, he was one of those who "do not or cannot read Shakspeare." Whatever he was, he was enormously enthusiastic over a version of "Richard III." which appeared to contain as much Cibber as Shakspeare, and as much Mansfield as either. But surely, the less our actors think of such "critics" as these, and the more they realise that the men and women of the audience may know as much about the plays and their characters as they do themselves, the better will it be for the British Stage in every important respect.

MR. A. BOURCHIER TO VISIT SOUTH AFRICA.

A paragraph has been published during the present week to the effect that Mr. Arthur Bourchier and Miss Violet Vanbrugh are to appear at the Johannesburg Empire next year. The fact that they have received an offer to visit South Africa in the early part of 1912 is no secret to their friends, but nothing of a definite nature has yet been settled. The future of the Garrick Theatre, on the conclusion of Mr. Oscar Asche's lease, has to be reckoned with before Mr. Bourchier can make any other plans, and much may happen between now and then. His own and his wife's long engagement at His Majesty's afforded them abundant time to lay in a considerable stock of plays, and naturally it is their wish to produce one or more as soon as circumstances may permit. All this leaves the South African visit somewhat indefinite.

AT THE COLISEUM.

The strength of the Coliseum company is to be increased by the reappearance of Mr. Alfred Lester, assisted by Miss Buena Bent. His new sketch, "The Amateur Hairdresser," recently produced at the Tivoli, is not, however, to be used, the familiar but highly amusing duologue, "A Restaurant Episode," being depended on. As it shows Mr. Lester at his very best, no one will grudge the fact. "Sumurun," of course, remains as one of the chief attractions, together with Mr. Albert Chevalier in a selection of his popular impersonations. Mr. Walter Passmore, Miss Agnes Frazer, and Mr. Johnny Danvers also contribute in no small measure to the gaiety of the entertainment in their bright little sketch "Sweet Williams." The plot tells how a couple of enterprising sailors pose as rivals for the affections of a fascinating lady, who for ten long years has patiently awaited the return of her own true man. The trifle is neatly written, while the music, composed by Mr. Passmore himself is certainly not the least of its pleasing features. Among other newcomers are Mr. Julian Rose, the well-known Jewish delineator, in "Levinsky at the Wedding," the Stein-Eretto troupe of acrobats, and Peter Birmingham, Scotch comedian.

MRS. PATRICK CAMPBELL.

Mrs. Patrick Campbell has at last allowed herself to be persuaded to join the growing army of West-end actresses who have succumbed to the fascination of the variety stage in England. It is through the agency of Mr. Kelson Trueman that the engagement has been effected. Mrs. Campbell, of course, has already essayed vaudeville in America, where she appeared in several of the big halls in the one-act Nihilistic drama, "A Russian Tragedy," which originally shared the bill at His Majesty's with "Beethoven." Later she presented a playlet written by her son. When, however, she opened at Brighton it was in a new one act piece entitled "The Bridge," by Mr. Malcom Seaton. After Brighton she visits Manchester, Glasgow, Newcastle, Shemeld, and other important provincial towns.

HIGH COURT.—SEPTEMBER 22.

(Before the Hon'ble Mr. Justice Russell.)
At 11 30 A. M.
For Judgment.

529-11 Craigie B and C Aishabibi widow and another vs Haji Esmail Haji Hasham Payne and Co.

(Before the Hon'ble Mr. Justice Davar).
Suits for Hearing and Final Disposal.
Long Causes.

388-10 Smetham B and Co. Max Berlein and others vs Messrs Shankerdas Harsukhrai, Little and Co.
621-09 Nanu H and Co. Mulji Haridas and Co vs the Shri Buldeo Mills Ld. and others Mulla and M Tyabji D and Co.
1082-09 Little and Co. Edward Wolf vs Latham and Co. Smetham B and Co.
618-10 Mulla and M Hadhakisson & Co Dwarkadas vs Motilal Jowanmal and others Ardeshir H D and Co.
967-09 Raghavaya B and N Mahomed Meherally and others vs Khatau Keshow Edgelow G W and Co.
1048-10 Madhowji K and C Chimnabai widow and others vs Narayan Bhomaji Tolawar. T A Gandhy.
823-10 Jamshedji R and D Budrudin Ahmedji vs Mahomedally Abdullali and another Jehangir and S.
1063-10 Madhowji K and C Gangabai widow vs Laxmibai widow and others Captain and V.
1065-10 C P d'Cunha, Bai Divalibai vs Ravidas Rattonsey Captain and V..
1069-11 Madhowji K and C Jivandas Damodhar and another vs Valji Govindji and others Jamshedji R and D.
1005-10 Dadachanji and P Bhikaji Dadabhai Dhanidaduna Mistri vs Soonabai Rustomji Shroff and others Mulla and M
482-10 Mirza M and M Ghulam Husein Hashum and others vs Mahomed Hoosein Cassam Nanji and others Madhowji K and C.
1101-10 P S Bottlewalla (a pauper) Jairam Doongersey vs Dewabai widow of Dewkaran Doongersey Tyab D and Co.
277-09 Mulla and M Goculdas Manji Javervahoo widow and others vs Mulla and M Manec lal and T.
337-08 Thakurdas and Co Bai Jimbabai widow and others vs Abdool Hoosein Kikabhoy.
378-10 Crawford B and Co The Hong-kong and Shanghai Banking Corpr vs Nagindas Vallabhdas and another Little and Co T A Gandhi.
808-10 M B Chothia Bai Khatizabai widow vs Chandbi widow and others Jamshedji R and D
434-10 Jehangir and S Heptoola Esufally and others vs Meiter Lucins Bruning Co Ldt Craigie B and C

(Before the Hon'ble Mr. Justice Beaman.)
Suits for Hearing and Final Disposal.
Long Causes.

862-10 Mehta and D Syed Budrudin Syed Mohiyadin vs Ahmed Alishah and others Jehangir M and S Ardeshir H D and Co.
622-10 Hiralal and Co Jamnadas Vijbhukhandas vs Sadashiv Narayen Ashware Mirza M and Co.
965-10 Mulla and M Karson Raja vs Mulji Pocha and another Khanderao H and M
991-10 Kanga and S Noor Mahomed Abdulla Nathu vs Bai Fatmabai widow and another Tyabji D and Co
995-10 Crawford B and Co The Trustees for the Improvement of the City of Bombay vs Gangabai widow and others Tyabji D and Co
1003-10 Craigie B and Co Tulsidas Trienmdas and Co vs The Bombay Cotton Manufacturing Co Ld and another Payne and Co Daphtary F and D
1020-10 Daphtary F and D Vasantrao Anandrao Dhabolkar vs Babhurao Gunvantrao Sindhe and another D J Mantri
963-10 Little and Co New Pachore Manufacturing Coy Ld vs Damodhar Jivan and others Madhoji K and C Pestonji R and K
1072-10 Payne and Co Gangabai widow vs Vallabhdas Tulsidas Ramji Edgelow G W and Co.
1116-10 Motichand and W Thakurdas Atmaram vs Purmanandas Ichalal and others Edgelow G W and Co.
826-10 Sadhooram Tunsookrai vs Harakchand Balchand Payne and Co
1099-10 Kanga and S C for Pauper, Shaikh Imam vs Mariambai Ardeshir H D and Co.
1111-10 Mehta L D Rajaram Vithal vs Bhimaji Shivaji Jamshedji R and D
1118-10 J R Patell and Co, Bapulal Amratlal and another vs Amratlal Magonlal and another Mehta and D
1121-10 Motichand and D Abdul Rahim Mahomed Narma and others vs the Municipal Commissioner for the City of Bombay and another Crawford B and Co
1172-10 Chitnis M and K, J C F D'Souza vs A P J D'Silva Norton and another In person Raghavaya B and N

(Before the Hon'ble Mr. Justice Macleod.)
For Final Consent Decree on Commissioner's Report.

22-09 Daphtary F and D Antone John Far and another vs Thereza Gonsalves and another Smethan B and Co.

Suits for Hearing and Final Disposal.
Long Causes.

1133*10 Shroff D and D Ganjanan Chintamah Kussumbeker vs Vasudeo Chintaman Munge and others Mehta and D. Motichand and D Mulla and M Parheard.

Commercial Cause.

493-11 Mirza M and M Bettoni Gorio and Co. vs Manilal Ananopram and Co. In person.

Long Causes.

893-10 Tyabji D and Co Bai Amratbai widow and another vs Khoja Ebrahim Peerbhoy and another Jamshedji R and D.
1152-10 J. R. Patell and Co. Dolatram Kundanmal and others vs Ramdayal Ramanarayen and another.
1183-10 Manecklal and T Ramdas Khimji vs Dayal Kanji and another Mulla and M.
1194-10 Jehangir G and B Rukhminibai widow vs Mahdev Sakharam Sinde, Captain and V.
1204-10 Captain and V Dewkabai vs Dharamsey Bhawaji Thakurdas and Co.
27-11 Eager Keller vs Sir Adamjee Peerbhoy and another Bicknell M and R.
592-10 Ardeshir H D and Co Maganlal Bhagwandas vs Moneshwar Nanabhoy and others Jehangir G and B Mehta and D. In person.
1189-10 Wadia G and Co Madangopal Chandratan vs Nadirsha Hormusji Belgaumwalla Ardeshir H D and Co.
20-11 Mulla and M R D Sethna and others vs. Abdulla Allarakhrai and another Mirza M and M.

(Before the Honourable Mr. Justice Hayward.)
For Consent Decree.

528-11 Manchersha and N Kallianji Virji and another vs Hargovandas Mulchand, Tyabji D and Co.

Suits for Hearing and Final Disposal.
Long Causes.

807-08 Mulji and K Macherla Ramanna and others vs Carmoory Venkette Lakhami Narsinham and other Raghvaya B and N, Mulla and N The Hon'ble the Advocate General of Bombay vs Jalbhai Ardeshir Sethna and others F P Pavri.
586-10 Judah and S Tar Mahomed Haji Adamji vs. the Bombay Persia S N Co. Ld. Crawford B and Persia B and Co.
642-07 Tyabji D and Co. R D Sethna vs Lala Jeydayal and others.
252-07 Mirza M and M Messrs Umedbhai Ramdas vs Haji Abdulla Haji Soomar and another Mehta and D.
887-10 Jehangir and S Jehangir Dorabji vs Khurshedbibi widow and others Ardeshir H D and Co Captain and V
419-10 Tyabji D and Co Luchmondas Dargadas vs Vijenkatesh Vellinge Subnis and G
905-10 Wadia G and Co Muncherji Dhanjibhoy Ghaswala vs Merwanji Dnunjibhoy and another
596-10 Ardeshir H D and Co The Advocate General of Bombay vs Dayabhai Tapidas and another Jamshedji R and D
696-10 M B Chotia Abdulla Haji Dada vs Tyab Abba and another Jehangir M and S Payne and Co.

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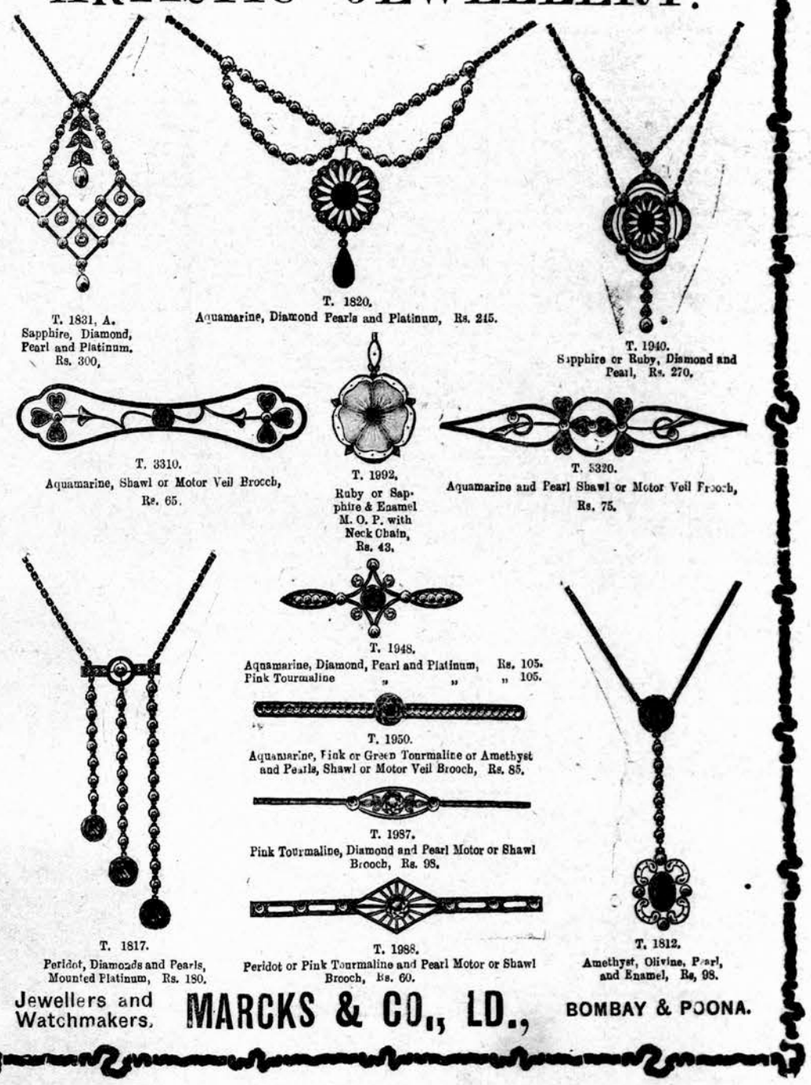

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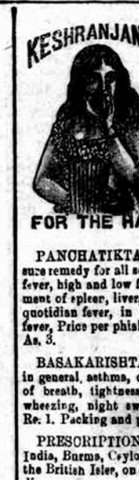

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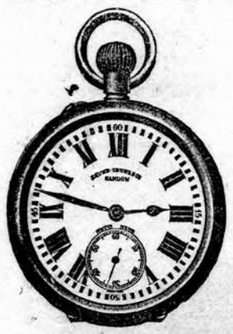

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CERTIFICATE

Dear Sir—I have much pleasure to say, that your Medicine effected me a perfect cure from hydrocele and piles from which I had been suffering for the la t 19 years and my wife from the undue increase of fatness in body which she was suffering from for the same period.

I tried good many European and native Doctors but to no effect. I have full confidence in your vegetable drugs and shall be most happy to recommend to my friends.

Yours faithfully—(Sd) H. W. WILLIAMS
Bombay, 14th February 1910.

CERTIFICATE.

To DR. BALKRISHNA NARAYAN JOSHI, Tram Terminus Tardeo

Dear Doctor—I wish to bring these few lines to your notice for the benefit of other sufferers I was suffering great agony from Hydrocele and Piles for almost a period of 12 years and tried many doctors both native and European, but to no avail. I almost gave up all hopes of ever finding a cure but you will be glad to hear that since using the Pills and Ointment prescribed by you, I found instant relief and a thorough cure.

Thanking you for the same and I sincerely trust your medicines will be soon known by all sufferers, I would very much advise you to advertise more freely in all newspapers. I shall always recommend your many friends.

Yours faithfully,
J. W. BREAKEY Government Telegraphs.
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